

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE**

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011**

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY

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# **METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY**

## **INTRODUCTION**

The Nashville Metropolitan Transit Authority (“MTA”) is pleased to present its Annual Financial Report for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

### **Responsibility and Controls**

MTA has prepared and is responsible for the financial statements and related information included in this report. A system of internal accounting controls is maintained to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that the books and records reflect only authorized transactions. Limitations exist in any system of internal controls. However, based on recognition that the cost of the system should not exceed its benefits, management believes its system of internal accounting controls maintains an appropriate cost/benefit relationship.

MTA’s system of internal accounting controls is evaluated on an ongoing basis by MTA’s internal financial staff. Crosslin & Associates, P.C., our external auditors, also consider certain elements of the internal control system in order to determine their auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements.

Management believes that its policies and procedures provide guidance and reasonable assurance that MTA’s operations are conducted according to management’s intentions and to a high standard of business ethics. In management’s opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MTA as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Audit Assurance**

The unqualified opinion of our independent external auditors, Crosslin & Associates, P.C., is included in this report.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY**  
**JUNE 30, 2012**

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Thomas F. O'Connell	Chair
Jeffrey P. Yarbro	Vice Chair
Gail Carr Williams	Member
Lewis Lavine	Member
Marian T. Ott	Member

**EXECUTIVE STAFF**

Paul J. Ballard	Chief Executive Officer
Edward W. Oliphant	Chief Financial Officer
Robert Baulsir Jr.	General Manager of Administration
Dawn Distler	General Manager of Operations and Maintenance
Patricia Harris-Morehead	Director of Communications
James McAteer	Director of Planning and Grants



## Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors  
Metropolitan Transit Authority  
Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Metropolitan Transit Authority ("MTA"), a component unit of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of MTA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Metropolitan Transit Authority as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2012, on our consideration of MTA's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of funding progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Metropolitan Transit Authority's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal, state and local awards, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the State of Tennessee, and are also not a required part of the financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal, state and local awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the 2012 audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

*Crosslin & Associates, P.C.*

Nashville, Tennessee  
October 31, 2012

## **METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

This section of the MTA's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 as compared to fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. Please read it in conjunction with the introductory section of this report and the MTA's financial statements, which follow this section.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Fiscal Year 2012:

- In June 2012, MTA relocated administrative offices to our new home at 430 Myatt Drive in the Madison neighborhood of Nashville, Tennessee. This allowed us to consolidate the administrative staff into one location after being displaced as a result of the May 2010 flood at our Nestor location. The first floor of our Nestor Street facility also reopened in May 2012 after being rehabilitated from the flood. It was completely redesigned for our dispatching offices as well as a new driver's hall. Nestor is our main dispatching location for our drivers for the majority of our daily pull-out schedule and will also continue to perform light maintenance once our heavy maintenance operations are relocated to our Myatt property. Construction for the new heavy maintenance facility is expected to be complete sometime in late 2012.
  
- Our East West Connector Project continues to progress with the phase one alternatives analysis concluding that bus rapid transit (BRT) was the best mode of transportation to implement along the Broadway West End corridor. Phase two is now in place with the preliminary engineering and environmental analysis currently in process. Phase two is expected to be complete by April 2013 with a construction target completion date sometime in 2016.
  
- Operating revenue for 2012 increased 17.7% from 2011 and totaled approximately \$12.3 million for fiscal year 2012.
  
- Operating expenses for 2012 increased 10.2% from 2011 and totaled approximately \$69.1 million for fiscal year 2012.
  
- Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions decreased 24.6% to a total of approximately \$55.9 million for fiscal year 2012. The decrease was primarily a result of a 48.2% decrease in federal, state and local capital grant funds, which totaled approximately \$22.6 million for fiscal year 2012 compared to \$43.6 million in the prior year. The prior year included extra grant funding that helped MTA purchase 60-foot transit buses, 40-foot buses and paratransit vans and several support vehicles to replace vehicles lost in the May 2010 flood. In addition, last year, we were also able to secure certain grant funding for our new Myatt Drive property purchased in fiscal year 2011.

## **METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

### Fiscal Year 2011:

- In December 2010, MTA acquired the former Peterbilt property and buildings located on Myatt Drive in Madison, Tennessee for \$16 million. The property was purchased in response to the May 2010 flood and will be used to relocate the administrative offices and heavy maintenance facility away from our Nestor Street facility in order to mitigate risk. Our Nestor Street facility will still be our dispatching location for our drivers for the majority of our daily pull-out schedule and will also perform light maintenance when necessary. The new Myatt Drive location will handle some dispatching for routes that are near the Madison area for efficiency purposes. A portion of the property will be used by the Metropolitan Government for a new Madison Police precinct and DNA Crime Lab, as well as other Metro functions.
- Operating revenue for 2011 increased 10.3% from 2010 and totaled approximately \$10.5 million for fiscal year 2011.
- Operating expenses for 2011 increased 6.1% from 2010 and totaled approximately \$62.7 million for fiscal year 2011.
- Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions increased 58.7% to a total of approximately \$74.2 million for fiscal year 2011. The increase was primarily a result of a 154.3% increase in federal, state and local capital grant funds, which totaled approximately \$43.6 million. These grants funds helped MTA purchase fourteen 60-foot and twenty-five 40-foot transit buses, thirty-nine paratransit vans and several support vehicles to replace vehicles lost in the May 2010 flood. The grant funding, along with the proceeds from last year's sale of the Nance Landport, also provided a portion of the funding for our new Myatt Drive property. In addition to the capital funding, MTA also had an increase in local operating assistance and increases in job access reverse commute special grant funding.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This financial report consists of five parts: the introductory section, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and additional information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about MTA's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The section of additional information includes schedules of federal, state and local awards and the notes thereto.

The financial statements include MTA's blended component unit, Davidson Transit Organization (DTO). DTO is a section 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization that was formed for the purpose of providing all of the necessary labor for the operation of MTA's transit system as a result of state laws. DTO is financially dependent on MTA and is reimbursed by MTA, at cost, for all salaries, wages and fringe benefits. Accordingly, DTO is a blended component unit for financial reporting purposes. All interagency transactions and balances have been eliminated. The agreement between MTA and DTO establishes that DTO is a federal sub-recipient as it relates to any federal grants monies that are passed through from MTA to DTO.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

MTA's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. All revenues and expenses including depreciation of assets are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of MTA are included in the Balance Sheets.

The Statements of Cash Flows report cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing and financing activities and provide answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MTA**

**Net Assets (Balance Sheets)**

*Fiscal year 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011:*

MTA's net assets at June 30, 2012 totaled approximately \$96.0 million, a 0.9% decrease compared to June 30, 2011 (See Table A-1). Total assets increased 6.7% to approximately \$146.1 million and total liabilities increased 25.0% to approximately \$50.2 million.

**Table A-1**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Net Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>Percentage Change 2012-2011</b>
Current assets	\$ 15,990	\$ 9,445	69.3%
Property and equipment, net	128,881	126,570	1.8%
Designated assets	1,267	967	31.0%
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>146,138</b>	<b>136,982</b>	<b>6.7%</b>
Current liabilities	19,917	13,841	43.9%
Deferred revenue	12,125	12,385	(2.1%)
Net other postemployment benefits	18,115	13,904	30.3%
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>50,157</b>	<b>40,130</b>	<b>25.0%</b>
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net	107,084	108,989	(1.7%)
Unrestricted	(11,103)	(12,137)	8.5%
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 95,981</b>	<b>\$ 96,852</b>	<b>(0.9%)</b>

The 6.7% increase in total assets was primarily due to an increase in accounts receivable of approximately \$5.0 million, increased cash on hand of approximately \$2.1 million as well as increases in property and equipment, net of approximately \$2.3 million. The \$12.9 million gross additions to property and equipment additions were partially offset by current year depreciation of approximately \$10.6 million. The increase in accounts receivable and cash is primarily due to the timing of federal and state grant receivables when compared to the prior year.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

The increase in current liabilities was due primarily to timing differences compared to prior year. The increase is also related to the increase in accounts receivable for federal grants not yet received. Net other postemployment benefits, which MTA began recording in fiscal year 2008, resulted from implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 relating to the recognition of postemployment benefits that could be paid out for employees based upon actuarial calculations. According to the Statement, the unfunded liability must be either fully funded or recorded as a liability over a period of 30 years.

*Fiscal year 2011 as compared to fiscal year 2010:*

MTA's net assets at June 30, 2011 totaled approximately \$96.9 million, a 29.0% increase compared to June 30, 2010 (See Table A-2). Total assets increased 31.3% to approximately \$137 million and total liabilities increased 37.1% to approximately \$40.1 million.

**Table A-2**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Net Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Percentage Change 2011-2010</b>
Current assets	\$ 9,445	\$ 12,963	(27.1%)
Property and equipment, net	126,570	89,695	41.1%
Designated assets	967	1,670	(42.1%)
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>136,982</b>	<b>104,328</b>	<b>31.3%</b>
Current liabilities	13,841	13,625	1.6%
Deferred revenue	12,385	6,045	104.9%
Net other postemployment benefits	13,904	9,607	44.7%
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>40,130</b>	<b>29,277</b>	<b>37.1%</b>
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net	108,989	78,101	39.5%
Restricted	-	3,540	(100.0%)
Unrestricted	(12,137)	(6,590)	(84.2%)
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 96,852</b>	<b>\$ 75,051</b>	<b>29.0%</b>

The 31.3% increase in total assets was primarily due to capital additions of approximately \$45.9 million as well as increases in parts inventory. The additions were partially offset by current year depreciation of approximately \$9.0 million as well as reductions in accounts receivable due to timing when compared to the prior year. The capital additions related primarily to the purchase of fourteen 60-foot transit buses, twenty-five 40-foot transit buses to replace buses that were lost in the May 2010 flood and 39 paratransit vans also replacing vehicles lost in the flood. In addition, MTA purchased the Myatt Drive facility in Madison, Tennessee in December 2010 to relocate all its heavy maintenance shop facility as well as all administrative facilities as a result of the May 2010 flood event.

With respect to changes in liabilities, the slight increase in current liabilities was due primarily to timing differences compared to prior year. The increase in deferred revenue relates to a \$6.6 million contribution received from the Metropolitan Government toward the purchase of the Myatt Drive facility. The Metropolitan Government made the contribution in contemplation of occupying certain space at the facility. The \$6.6 million upfront payment has been recorded as deferred revenue and will be amortized in accordance with the terms of the future agreement, upon occupancy in fiscal year 2013. The remaining deferred revenue relates to an upfront contribution of \$6.5 million by the State of Tennessee for the construction of Music City Central

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

which opened during fiscal year 2009 in exchange for a 25-year, long-term operating lease for 343 parking spaces in the facility. The deferred revenue is being recognized over the life of the lease. Net other postemployment benefits, which MTA began recording in fiscal year 2008, resulted from implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 relating to the recognition of postemployment benefits that could be paid out for employees based upon actuarial calculations. According to the Statement, the unfunded liability must be either fully funded or recorded as a liability over a period of 30 years.

Restricted net assets at June 30, 2010 related to proceeds received from the sale of the Nance Landport. The proceeds were used in accordance with FTA regulations on the purchase of the new Myatt Drive property.

**Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets**

While the Balance Sheets show the financial position of MTA at year-end, the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets provide answers to the nature and source of the changes in MTA's financial position.

*Fiscal year 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011:*

The excess of expenses over revenues and capital contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012 was approximately \$871,000 compared to an excess of revenues and capital contributions over expenses of approximately \$21.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2011 (See Table A-3). MTA's total operating revenues increased 17.7% to approximately \$12.3 million from approximately \$10.5 million in the prior fiscal year. Total operating expenses, including depreciation, increased 10.2% to approximately \$69.1 million from approximately \$62.7 million in the prior fiscal year.

**Table A-3**  
Changes in Metropolitan Transit Authority's Net Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	2012	2011	Percentage Change 2012-2011
<b>Operating Revenue:</b>			
Passenger fares	\$ 9,278	\$ 8,046	15.3%
Contracts and other revenue	3,038	2,415	25.8%
<b>Total operating revenue</b>	<b>12,316</b>	<b>10,461</b>	<b>17.7%</b>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>			
Operating expenses	58,468	53,713	8.9%
Depreciation	10,635	8,976	18.5%
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>69,103</b>	<b>62,689</b>	<b>10.2%</b>
Operating loss	(56,787)	(52,228)	8.7%
Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions	55,916	74,208	(24.6%)
Extraordinary item	-	(179)	(100.0%)
<b>(Decrease) increase in net assets</b>	<b>(871)</b>	<b>21,801</b>	<b>(104.0%)</b>
Total net assets, beginning of year	96,852	75,051	29.0%
<b>Total net assets, end of year</b>	<b>\$ 95,981</b>	<b>\$ 96,852</b>	<b>(0.9%)</b>

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

The increase in operating revenue was primarily the result of a 13% increase in ridership and a general fare increase of approximately 6% that took effect January 1, 2012. Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions decreased 24.6% to approximately \$55.9 million in fiscal year 2012 compared to approximately \$74.2 million in fiscal year 2011. The decrease was primarily due to receiving more capital grants in the prior year that were used to purchase 60-foot transit buses, 40-foot buses and paratransit vans and several support vehicles as we recovered from the May 2010 flood. In addition, last year, we were also able to secure certain grant funding for the purchase of the Myatt Drive property.

**Table A-4**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Operating Expenses  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	2012	2011	Percentage Change 2012-2011
Bus:			
Labor and fringes	\$ 39,940	\$ 38,334	4.2%
Purchased services	2,502	2,449	2.2%
Materials and supplies	8,735	6,933	26.0%
Other	2,851	2,166	31.6%
Depreciation	10,635	8,976	18.5%
Elderly and disabled	4,190	3,679	13.9%
Planning	250	152	64.5%
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 69,103</b>	<b>\$ 62,689</b>	<b>10.2%</b>

Labor and fringes expenses increased 4.2% in fiscal year 2012 as compared to 2011. The increase was primarily due to increased healthcare cost as well as some slight labor inefficiencies as we recovered from the May 2010 flood event. For the first 11 months of this fiscal year, we operated in multiple facilities causing certain operational inefficiencies and higher labor costs.

The 26.0% increase in materials and supplies was primarily due to increased fuel costs related to our fuel hedging program for diesel fuel as well as gasoline powered paratransit vans purchased last fiscal year to replace the diesel powered vans that were lost in May 2010 flood. Fuel expense increased as a result of purchasing gasoline for a full year compared to only a partial year in fiscal year 2011. Gasoline was also not included in our existing fuel hedge program. In addition, the new diesel fuel hedging contracts for fiscal year 2012 increased to \$2.31 per gallon from \$1.88 per gallon in the last fiscal year for approximately 80% of our diesel purchases. There was also an increase in repair and maintenance costs related to having a fleet that was a year older.

Other expense increased 31.6% in fiscal year 2012 compared to the prior year. The increase was primarily due to increased utility costs related to our new Myatt Drive property and an increase in insurance liability reserves for potential accident claims that occurred through the end of fiscal year 2012.

The 18.5% increase in depreciation expense is primarily related to recording a full year of depreciation for the new buses and vans that were purchased during last fiscal year to replace rolling stock lost in the flood as well as new depreciation related to the rehabilitation of the first floor of our Nestor property which re-opened in May 2012.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Elderly and Disabled expenses increased 13.9% primarily as a result of increased contractual commitments for supplemental paratransit overflow (taxi) services. There were also some reclassifications of labor expenses during fiscal year 2012 for paratransit services to more accurately reflect the percentage of drivers assigned to this type service especially as it related to split shifts between bus and paratransit service.

Planning expenses increased 64.5% as a result of having more planning grant dollars available during 2012. The increase was primarily related to the East West Connector Project and planning for new fixed route services that were implemented October 1, 2012.

*Fiscal year 2011 as compared to fiscal year 2010:*

The excess of revenues and capital contributions over expenses for the year ended June 30, 2011 was approximately \$21.8 million compared to an excess of expenses over revenues and capital contributions of approximately \$10.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2010 (See Table A-5). MTA's total operating revenues increased 10.3% to approximately \$10.5 million from approximately \$9.5 million in the prior fiscal year. Total operating expenses, including depreciation, increased 6.1% to approximately \$62.7 million from approximately \$59.1 million in the prior fiscal year.

**Table A-5**  
Changes in Metropolitan Transit Authority's Net Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Percentage Change 2011-2010</b>
<b>Operating Revenue:</b>			
Passenger fares	\$ 8,046	\$ 7,209	11.6%
Contracts and other revenue	2,415	2,271	6.3%
<b>Total operating revenue</b>	<b>10,461</b>	<b>9,480</b>	<b>10.3%</b>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>			
Operating expenses	53,713	51,465	4.4%
Depreciation	8,976	7,594	18.2%
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>62,689</b>	<b>59,059</b>	<b>6.1%</b>
Operating loss	(52,228)	(49,579)	5.3%
Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions	74,208	46,768	58.7%
Extraordinary item	(179)	(7,798)	(97.7%)
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets</b>	<b>21,801</b>	<b>(10,609)</b>	<b>305.5%</b>
Total net assets, beginning of year	75,051	85,660	(12.4%)
<b>Total net assets, end of year</b>	<b>\$ 96,852</b>	<b>\$ 75,051</b>	<b>29.0%</b>

The increase in operating revenue was primarily due to an increase in ridership of approximately 8% that was related to general ridership increases and recovery of ridership that was lost in the prior year as a result of the May 2010 flood. In May 2010, our transit system was completely shut down for 4 days and operated significantly reduced services until May 24, 2010 when we were able to resume our normal, full bus service. Net non-operating revenue and capital contributions increased 58.7% to approximately \$74.2 million in fiscal year 2011 compared to approximately \$46.8 million in fiscal year 2010. The increase was primarily due to receiving more capital grants used to purchase fourteen 60-foot transit buses, twenty-five 40-

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

foot buses and 39 paratransit vans and several support vehicles as we recovered from the May 2010 flood. In addition, we were able to secure certain grant funding for the purchase of the former Peterbilt property on Myatt Drive to relocate all of our administrative offices and heavy maintenance facility away from our Nestor Street facility as a result of the flood.

**Table A-6**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Operating Expenses  
(in thousands of dollars)

	2011	2010	Percentage Change 2011-2010
Bus:			
Labor and fringes	\$ 38,334	\$ 36,711	4.4%
Purchased services	2,449	2,354	4.0%
Materials and supplies	6,933	6,033	14.9%
Other	2,166	2,811	(22.9%)
Depreciation	8,976	7,594	18.2%
Elderly and disabled	3,679	3,348	9.9%
Planning	152	208	(26.9%)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ 62,689</b>	<b>\$ 59,059</b>	<b>6.1%</b>

Labor and fringes expenses increased 4.4% in fiscal year 2011 as compared to 2010. The increase was primarily due to increased labor expenses as we recovered from the May 2010 flood event. For the first three to four months, we operated in make shift facilities causing operational inefficiencies and higher labor costs. In addition, other postemployment benefits increased as compared to the prior year based upon the actuarial calculation for Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) Statement No. 45.

Purchased services expenses increased 4.0% in fiscal year 2011 as compared to 2010. This increase was primarily due to several expenditures such as increases in security services as well as increases in maintenance contracts related to operating software and equipment. These increases were partially offset by decreased expenditures for legal services incurred in 2011 compared to 2010.

The 14.9% increase in materials and supplies is primarily due to increased fuel costs related to gasoline powered paratransit vans that replaced the diesel powered vans that were lost in the May 2010 flood. Currently, there is not a federally tested and approved diesel engine option available for purchase due to stricter federal emissions standards. Fuel expense increased as a result of having to purchase gasoline, which is not included in our existing fuel hedge program. There was also an increase in repair and maintenance costs related to approximately thirty older buses that were on loan to MTA from other transit agencies as a result of the flood and having a fleet that was a year older.

The 22.9% decrease in other expense is primarily due to a decrease in liability reserves for potential accident claims that occurred through the end of fiscal year 2011.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

The 18.2% increase in depreciation expense is primarily related to the new buses and vans that were purchased during the fiscal year to replace rolling stock either lost in the flood or that were removed due to reaching the end of their service life.

Elderly and Disabled expenses increased 9.9% primarily as a result of increased contractual commitments for supplemental paratransit overflow (taxi) services. These services were utilized more during the first half of the fiscal year until new replacement vans could be added back to our Access Ride fleet.

Planning expenses decreased 26.9% as a result of having fewer planning grant dollars available during 2011.

**Capital Assets**

*Fiscal year 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011:*

At the end of fiscal year 2012, MTA had invested approximately \$128.9 million in a broad range of land, buildings, shelters and benches, revenue vehicles and equipment and parts as shown in Table A-7.

**Table A-7**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Capital Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>Percentage Change 2012-2011</b>
Land	\$ 16,395	\$ 16,395	0.0%
Buildings, shelters and benches	81,681	74,182	10.1%
Revenue vehicles	62,125	61,594	0.9%
Equipment and parts	5,805	5,594	3.8%
Construction in progress	9,689	6,404	51.3%
Office furniture and equipment	2,575	1,872	37.6%
Miscellaneous other	2,330	2,115	10.2%
Subtotal	180,600	168,156	7.4%
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(51,719)	(41,586)	24.4%
<b>Net Capital Assets</b>	<b>\$ 128,881</b>	<b>\$ 126,570</b>	<b>1.8%</b>

The increases in Capital Assets were primarily associated with building renovations and construction in progress on our Nestor facility as well as our new administrative building and heavy maintenance facility at our new Myatt Drive property. There were also increases related to our East West Connector BRT project as we moved from the phase one alternatives analysis into phase two preliminary engineering and environmental analysis. Combining the construction in progress and building renovations, the increases related to our Nestor and Myatt facilities were approximately \$3.9 and \$4.7 million, respectively. The increase associated with our East West Connector project was approximately \$1.8 million.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*Fiscal year 2011 as compared to fiscal year 2010:*

At the end of fiscal year 2011, MTA had invested approximately \$126.6 million in a broad range of land, buildings, shelters and benches, revenue vehicles and equipment and parts as shown in Table A-8.

**Table A-8**  
Metropolitan Transit Authority's Capital Assets  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Percentage Change 2011-2010</b>
Land	\$ 16,395	\$ 12,993	26.2%
Buildings, shelters and benches	74,182	61,645	20.3%
Revenue vehicles	61,594	36,288	69.7%
Equipment and parts	5,594	4,803	16.5%
Construction in progress	6,404	4,949	29.4%
Office furniture and equipment	1,872	1,716	9.1%
Miscellaneous other	2,115	1,600	32.2%
Subtotal	168,156	123,994	35.6%
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(41,586)	(34,299)	21.2%
<b>Net Capital Assets</b>	<b>\$ 126,570</b>	<b>\$ 89,695</b>	<b>41.1%</b>

The increases in Capital Assets were primarily associated with the purchase of transit buses and paratransit vans to replace vehicles lost in the May 2010 flood, regularly scheduled transit bus replacement and flood related land and building acquisitions to relocate our administrative offices and heavy maintenance facility away from our Nestor Street facility. Purchases included approximately \$9.0 million for twenty-five 40-foot transit buses, approximately \$3.6 million for thirty-nine paratransit vans, approximately \$12.5 million for fourteen 60-foot hybrid diesel transit buses and \$16 million for the acquisition land and buildings which was the former Peterbilt property.

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

MTA's Board of Directors and management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2013 budget. These factors include the expected increases in ridership, contract services, costs related to health, workers' compensation and pension and postemployment benefits. Also considered were the anticipated capital grant funding for new buses and bus facilities and the permanent relocation of all administrative and heavy maintenance functions away from our Nestor Street facility, which will significantly reduce Nashville MTA's exposure to potential asset impairment and will improve operating efficiencies and help reduce maintenance costs for the year and future years.

**Contacting MTA's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our patrons and other interested parties with a general overview of MTA's finances and to demonstrate MTA's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Metropolitan Transit Authority's Finance Department, 430 Myatt Drive, Nashville, TN 37115.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	June 30,	
	2012	2011
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note B)	\$ 3,129,771	\$ 1,026,275
Receivables from federal, state and local governments (Note C)	10,260,433	5,686,362
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$9,484 and \$28,894, respectively	1,341,437	949,446
Materials and supplies, net	1,046,802	693,404
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	211,867	1,089,495
Total current assets	15,990,310	9,444,982
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net (Note D)	128,881,370	126,569,790
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>		
Designated assets - cash and investments held by custodians for self-insurance (Note F)	1,266,808	966,695
Total assets	\$146,138,488	\$136,981,467

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	June 30,	
	2012	2011
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,038,708	\$ 1,805,710
Notes payable - Metropolitan Government (Note G)	8,494,685	6,043,221
Accrued expenses:		
Salaries, wages and payroll taxes	1,081,501	838,114
Accident losses (Note F)	764,274	809,332
Compensated absences	1,115,841	1,104,130
Medical benefit claims (Note F)	2,112,902	1,177,177
Workers' compensation (Note F)	1,163,000	1,081,000
Other current liabilities	<u>146,633</u>	<u>981,748</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>19,917,544</u>	<u>13,840,432</u>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Deferred revenue (Note I)	12,124,985	12,384,989
Net other postemployment benefits obligation (Note K)	<u>18,115,097</u>	<u>13,904,353</u>
Total non-current liabilities	<u>30,240,082</u>	<u>26,289,342</u>
Total liabilities	<u>50,157,626</u>	<u>40,129,774</u>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - (Note L)</b>	-	-
<b>NET ASSETS (Note M)</b>		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	107,084,427	108,988,873
Unrestricted	<u>( 11,103,565)</u>	<u>( 12,137,180)</u>
Total net assets	<u>95,980,862</u>	<u>96,851,693</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 146,138,488</u>	<u>\$ 136,981,467</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>OPERATING REVENUE</b>		
Passenger fares	\$ 9,278,079	\$ 8,046,239
Contract revenues	1,618,002	1,149,371
Elderly and disabled passengers	794,416	662,482
Advertising	<u>625,334</u>	<u>602,966</u>
Total operating revenue	<u>12,315,831</u>	<u>10,461,058</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Bus:		
Labor and fringe benefits	39,940,371	38,333,552
Purchased services	2,502,004	2,448,831
Materials and supplies	8,734,955	6,932,765
Other	2,850,612	2,165,834
Elderly and disabled passengers	4,190,142	3,679,317
Planning	249,719	152,459
Depreciation	<u>10,635,110</u>	<u>8,975,722</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>69,102,913</u>	<u>62,688,480</u>
Operating loss	<u>( 56,787,082)</u>	<u>( 52,227,422)</u>
<b>NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE):</b>		
Operating assistance:		
Local	26,320,600	23,020,600
State	3,939,797	5,439,797
Planning and other assistance	2,477,668	1,240,392
Sub-recipient pass-through	( 405,733)	( 242,996)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property and equipment	4,025	( 83,120)
Interest (expense) income, net	( 4,274)	1,004
Other	<u>971,132</u>	<u>1,201,978</u>
Total non-operating revenue	<u>33,303,215</u>	<u>30,577,655</u>
<b>DECREASE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM</b>	( 23,483,867)	( 21,649,767)
Capital Contributions (Notes E and L)	22,613,036	43,630,164
Extraordinary Item (Note O)	<u>-</u>	<u>( 179,488)</u>
<b>(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS</b>	( 870,831)	21,800,909
<b>NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<u>96,851,693</u>	<u>75,050,784</u>
<b>NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 95,980,862</u>	<u>\$ 96,851,693</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Cash received from customers	\$ 11,923,840	\$ 10,491,903
Cash payments to or on behalf of employees	(34,456,804)	(33,651,613)
Cash payments to suppliers	<u>(17,641,032)</u>	<u>(16,453,834)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(40,173,996)</u>	<u>(39,613,544)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Planning assistance and other grant collections	1,552,977	947,093
State operating grant collections	3,939,797	5,439,797
Local operating grant collections	26,320,600	23,020,600
Borrowings from Metropolitan Government	366,538	284,434
Payments to Metropolitan Government	( 402,201)	-
Payments to sub-recipients	<u>( 405,733)</u>	<u>( 242,996)</u>
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	<u>31,371,978</u>	<u>29,448,928</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	12,758	9,842
Payment of accounts payable for property and equipment	( 194,094)	( 552,482)
Cash purchases of property and equipment	(10,770,674)	(45,748,977)
Capital contributions and other capital related collections	18,963,656	54,931,148
Borrowings from Metropolitan Government	7,485,000	5,000,000
Payments to Metropolitan Government	( 5,003,175)	( 4,998,500)
Flood-related activity, net	<u>-</u>	<u>( 179,488)</u>
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	<u>10,493,471</u>	<u>8,461,543</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Interest and other income collected	712,156	948,500
(Increase) decrease in cash and investments placed with custodian for self-insurance	<u>( 300,113)</u>	<u>702,681</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>412,043</u>	<u>1,651,181</u>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	2,103,496	( 51,892)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<u>1,026,275</u>	<u>1,078,167</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 3,129,771</u>	<u>\$ 1,026,275</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - Continued

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Operating loss	\$(56,787,082)	\$(52,227,422)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	10,635,110	8,975,722
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable, net	( 391,991)	30,845
Materials and supplies, net	( 353,398)	( 425,949)
Prepaid expenses and other	278	( 62,962)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	1,242,343	( 331,050)
Accrued salaries, wages and payroll taxes	243,387	114,692
Accrued accident losses	( 45,058)	( 235,923)
Accrued compensated absences	11,711	160,349
Accrued medical benefit claims	935,725	35,447
Accrued workers compensation	82,000	74,000
Accrued other liabilities	42,235	( 18,744)
Net other postemployment benefits obligations	<u>4,210,744</u>	<u>4,297,451</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$(40,173,996)</u>	<u>\$(39,613,544)</u>

**NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:**

Acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 12,955,423	\$ 45,943,071
Amounts included in accounts payable at year end	<u>( 2,184,749)</u>	<u>( 194,094)</u>
Total cash paid for property and equipment	<u>\$ 10,770,674</u>	<u>\$ 45,748,977</u>

The fair value of fuel hedges decreased by \$877,350 during 2012 and increased by \$483,714 during 2011. These changes are reflected in other current assets and other current liabilities.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organizations

The accompanying financial statements encompass the financial activities of the Metropolitan Transit Authority (“MTA”), a component unit of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee (“Metropolitan Government”). MTA is governed by a Board of Directors, which is appointed by the Mayor of the Metropolitan Government and approved by the Metropolitan Council. The Metropolitan Government is financially accountable for MTA in that the Metropolitan Government provides significant financial support to MTA. MTA is also financially assisted by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration (“FTA”), and the Tennessee Department of Transportation (“TDOT”).

Services Rendered by Davidson Transit Organization

The financial statements include the accounts and operations of a blended component unit, Davidson Transit Organization (“DTO”), a section 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization. Although it is legally separate from MTA, DTO was formed for the purpose of providing all the necessary labor for the operation of MTA’s transit system. DTO is financially dependent on MTA and is reimbursed by MTA, at cost, for all salaries, wages and fringe benefits. Accordingly, DTO is a blended component unit for financial reporting purposes. All interagency transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. MTA applies all applicable Government Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) pronouncements. MTA has elected to apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except for those that may conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the useful lives and valuation of property and equipment, the valuation of accounts receivable and materials and supplies, and self-insurance accruals. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expense

MTA distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of MTA include passenger fares, revenues from contracted services, and advertising. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on property and equipment assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Significant non-operating revenues relate primarily to operating assistance grants from state and local sources.

Cash Balances and Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, MTA considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies consist primarily of vehicle parts and are stated at cost as determined on the average cost method. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, no valuation allowance was considered necessary by management.

Property, Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment is stated at cost, except for contributions of property received from governmental agencies, which is recorded at fair value at the time of contribution. Capitalized cost of property and equipment includes improvements that significantly add to utility or extend useful lives. Costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets over their estimated economic lives (see Note D).

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The carrying value of long-lived assets held and used are reviewed whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. For purpose of evaluating the recoverability of long-lived assets, the recoverability test is performed using undiscounted net cash flows before consideration of interest expense. Should the sum of the expected future net cash flows be less than the carrying value of the asset being evaluated, an impairment loss would be recognized. The evaluation of asset impairment requires MTA to make assumptions about future cash flows over the life of the asset being evaluated. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated. No impairment losses were recorded in fiscal years 2012 or 2011.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued when earned on a calendar year basis. Employees earn ten or more days of vacation each year depending on length of service. Unused vacation time may not be carried forward after the end of the calendar year.

In December each year, an employee who has been employed for the entire previous twelve-month period and has accumulated sick leave is entitled to a cash payment for a portion of his accumulated sick leave balance. The employee may request a lump sum payment for a maximum of six days, to be paid at 80% of his or her regular hourly rate.

Sick leave is paid on the basis of straight-time and may not be used to compute overtime pay. Except for retirement, there is no compensation for accrued sick leave when an employee's service is terminated. In the case of retirement, MTA purchases one-half of the retiree's accrued sick leave at the rate of 100% of wages, or the employee may opt for no pay and full credit for pension purposes. The maximum allowable number of days accruable for this benefit is 164.

Self-insurance

MTA is primarily self-insured, up to certain limits, for automobile and general liability, workers' compensation, and employee group health insurance claims. MTA has purchased reinsurance in order to limit its exposure. The reinsurance limits are described in Note F. Operations are charged with the cost of claims reported and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported. Liabilities for unpaid workers' compensation and employee group health insurance claims, including incurred but not reported losses, are actuarially determined and reflected in the accompanying balance sheets as accrued liabilities. Self-insurance losses for automobile and general liabilities are accrued based on MTA's consultation with its risk management service provider and attorneys. The determination of self-insurance claims and expenses, and the appropriateness of the related liability, are continually reviewed and updated by management. Self-insurance claims are described further in Note F.

Operating Assistance Grants

Revenue from government operating assistance grants is recognized as non-operating revenue in the period to which the grant applies.

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are not recognized until the period a liability for the related expenditure is incurred, at which time such amounts are recognized in the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets as a separate line item after non-operating revenue and expenses.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Assets

MTA's net assets classifications are as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This component of net assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, capital lease obligations or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted net assets - This component consists of net assets restricted by grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets - This component consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2011 amounts in the financial statements to conform to the presentation adopted for fiscal 2012.

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

The GASB has issued the following pronouncements applicable to MTA for the year ending June 30, 2013:

*Statement No. 61 - The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*

The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues. This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity.

The objectives of the amendments to the criteria for including component units is to allow users of financial statements to better assess the accountability of elected officials by ensuring that the financial reporting entity includes only organizations for which the elected officials are financially accountable or that are determined by the government to be misleading to exclude.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The amendments to the criteria for blending intends to improve the focus of a financial reporting entity on the primary government by ensuring that the primary government includes only those component units that are so intertwined with the primary government that they are essentially the same as the primary government, and by clarifying which component units have that characteristic. For primary governments that are business-type activities reporting in a single column, the guidance for reporting blended component units allows users to better distinguish between the primary government and its component units by requiring condensed combining information to be included in the notes to the financial statements.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012.

*Statement No. 62 - Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*

The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements:

1. FASB Statements and Interpretations
2. Accounting Principles Board Opinions
3. Accounting Research Bulletins of the AICPA Committee on Accounting Procedure.

This Statement eliminates the election provided for enterprise funds and business-type activities to apply post-November 30, 1989 FASB Statements and Interpretations that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. However, those entities can continue to apply, as other accounting literature, post-November 30, 1989 FASB pronouncements that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, including this Statement.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The provisions of this Statement generally are required to be applied retroactively for all periods presented.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

*Statement No. 63 - Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*

This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. It alleviates uncertainty about reporting those financial statement elements by providing guidance where none previously existed.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

Management is currently analyzing the impact of recently issued GASB Statements on MTA's financial statements and related disclosures.

B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

MTA's deposit policy is governed by the laws of the State of Tennessee. Deposits in financial institutions are required by State statute to be secured and collateralized by such institutions. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a total minimum market value of 105% of the value of the deposits placed in the institutions less the amount covered by federal depository insurance. MTA's financial institutions participate in the State of Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. Banks participating in the Collateral Pool determine the aggregate balance of their public fund accounts and the required collateral for MTA. The amount of collateral required to secure these public deposits must be equal to 105% of the average daily balance of public deposits held. Collateral securities required to be pledged by the participating banks to protect their public fund accounts are pledged to the State Treasurer on behalf of the bank collateral pool. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Continued

During fiscal years 2012 and 2011, MTA's deposit balances were fully collateralized by the State of Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the carrying amount and corresponding bank balances of deposits were as follows:

2012:	<u>Deposits Per Bank</u>	<u>Carrying Amount Per Books</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,474,004	\$3,129,771
2011:	<u>Deposits Per Bank</u>	<u>Carrying Amount Per Books</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,319,109	\$1,026,275

The difference between the deposits per bank and the carrying amount of cash per the books is due primarily to checks outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

C. RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables from federal, state and local governments consist of the following as of June 30:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Non-capital grants:		
FTA	\$ 964,337	\$ 259,701
FEMA	-	56,704
TDOT	258,051	121,872
TEMA	-	9,045
Metropolitan Government	250,073	100,448
Capital grants:		
FTA	5,224,613	3,618,404
TDOT	1,459,208	881,929
Metropolitan Government	<u>2,104,151</u>	<u>638,259</u>
	<u>\$10,260,433</u>	<u>\$5,686,362</u>

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of the changes in property, equipment and related accumulated depreciation for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	<u>Estimated Economic Lives In Years</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Additions</u>
Property and equipment:			
Motor buses	10 - 12	\$ 61,593,665	\$ 890,784
Spare parts	5	277,685	-
Fare equipment	10 - 20	4,212,879	107,670
Service cars	3 - 10	488,680	131,690
Shop and garage equipment	10	614,285	102,355
Furniture and office equipment	10	197,766	407,228
Computer equipment	5 - 10	1,673,857	313,667
Miscellaneous equipment	10	2,114,719	218,614
Shelters and benches	10 - 20	2,324,821	113,398
Buildings	10 - 40	19,906,861	2,410,534
Music City Central	7 - 30	46,965,809	86,885
Landport	20	4,984,807	-
Land	-	16,395,266	-
Construction in-progress (Note L)	-	<u>6,404,252</u>	<u>8,172,598</u>
		<u>168,155,352</u>	<u>12,955,423</u>
Accumulated depreciation:			
Motor buses		\$ 20,242,629	\$ 5,557,035
Spare parts		240,046	16,172
Fare equipment		2,203,893	439,088
Service cars		197,973	93,734
Shop and garage equipment		445,948	54,549
Furniture and office equipment		156,914	24,973
Computer equipment		1,368,621	181,478
Miscellaneous equipment		1,156,607	345,243
Shelters and benches		1,045,000	468,096
Buildings		7,204,355	1,526,434
Music City Central		4,323,190	1,641,413
Landport		3,000,386	286,895
Land		-	-
Construction in-progress		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>41,585,562</u>	<u>10,635,110</u>
Property and equipment, net		<u>\$126,569,790</u>	<u>\$ 2,320,313</u>

<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Reclassifications</u>	Balance at <u>June 30, 2012</u>
\$(359,604)	\$ -	\$ 62,124,845
( 39,495)	-	238,190
-	-	4,320,549
-	-	620,370
( 90,522)	-	626,118
( 3,615)	-	601,379
(13,328)	-	1,974,196
( 3,380)	-	2,329,953
-	1,912,086	4,350,305
-	2,975,965	25,293,360
-	-	47,052,694
-	-	4,984,807
-	-	16,395,266
-	<u>(4,888,051)</u>	<u>9,688,799</u>
<u>(509,944)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>180,600,831</u>
(359,604)	-	25,440,060
( 39,495)	-	216,723
-	-	2,642,981
-	-	291,707
( 81,789)	-	418,708
( 3,615)	-	178,272
(13,328)	-	1,536,771
( 3,380)	-	1,498,470
-	-	1,513,096
-	-	8,730,789
-	-	5,964,603
-	-	3,287,281
-	-	-
-	-	-
<u>(501,211)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>51,719,461</u>
<u>\$( 8,733)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$128,881,370</u>

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Continued

	<u>Estimated Economic Lives In Years</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2010</u>	<u>Additions</u>
Property and equipment:			
Motor buses	10 - 12	\$ 36,288,459	\$26,695,514
Spare parts	5	248,093	29,592
Fare equipment	10 - 20	3,889,604	323,275
Service cars	3 - 10	183,319	305,361
Shop and garage equipment	10	482,212	132,073
Furniture and office equipment	10	185,496	12,270
Computer equipment	5 - 10	1,531,397	142,460
Miscellaneous equipment	10	1,599,731	276,722
Shelters and benches	10 - 20	2,322,249	23,110
Buildings	10 - 40	7,387,395	12,812,902
Music City Central	7 - 30	46,950,277	71,720
Landport	20	4,984,807	-
Land	-	12,992,774	3,402,492
Construction in-progress (Note L)	-	<u>4,948,883</u>	<u>1,715,580</u>
		<u>123,994,696</u>	<u>45,943,071</u>
Accumulated depreciation:			
Motor buses		\$ 16,990,487	\$ 4,630,157
Spare parts		231,272	8,774
Fare equipment		1,802,791	401,102
Service cars		145,300	52,673
Shop and garage equipment		413,668	32,280
Furniture and office equipment		126,459	30,455
Computer equipment		1,186,619	182,002
Miscellaneous equipment		846,652	309,955
Shelters and benches		781,049	270,513
Buildings		6,359,901	1,133,611
Music City Central		2,702,072	1,636,837
Landport		2,713,023	287,363
Land		-	-
Construction in-progress		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>34,299,293</u>	<u>8,975,722</u>
Property and equipment, net		<u>\$ 89,695,403</u>	<u>\$36,967,349</u>

<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Reclassifications</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2011</u>
\$(1,412,253)	\$ 21,945	\$ 61,593,665
-	-	277,685
-	-	4,212,879
-	-	488,680
-	-	614,285
-	-	197,766
-	-	1,673,857
-	238,266	2,114,719
( 20,538)	-	2,324,821
( 293,436)	-	19,906,861
( 56,188)	-	46,965,809
-	-	4,984,807
-	-	16,395,266
-	<u>(260,211)</u>	<u>6,404,252</u>
<u>(1,782,415)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>168,155,352</u>
(1,378,015)	-	20,242,629
-	-	240,046
-	-	2,203,893
-	-	197,973
-	-	445,948
-	-	156,914
-	-	1,368,621
-	-	1,156,607
( 6,562)	-	1,045,000
( 289,157)	-	7,204,355
( 15,719)	-	4,323,190
-	-	3,000,386
-	-	-
-	-	-
<u>(1,689,453)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>41,585,562</u>
<u>\$( 92,962)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$126,569,790</u>

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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D. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Continued

During fiscal year 2011, MTA purchased the Myatt Drive Facility to serve as its headquarters and heavy maintenance facility. The purchase price totaled \$16,000,000 and was financed through federal and state grants, the proceeds from the Nance Landport sale and grants and other amounts received from the Metropolitan Government (See Note I). MTA commenced occupancy of the facility in fiscal year 2012.

During fiscal year 2011, MTA received several vehicles, which were donated by the State of Tennessee. The fair value of the vehicles was approximately \$1,680,000 and was recorded as contributed capital at the donation date.

Construction in progress at June 30, 2012 is attributable to the following (See Note L):

West End Corridor study	\$2,082,106
CAD/AVL project	3,670,119
Nestor Street facilities	1,960,030
Myatt Drive maintenance facility	1,956,444
Other projects	<u>20,100</u>
Total construction in progress	<u>\$9,688,799</u>

During fiscal year 2012, the following projects were substantially completed and were transferred to capital assets:

Bus rapid transit project	\$1,912,086
Myatt Drive facilities	<u>2,975,965</u>
	<u>\$4,888,051</u>

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

E. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Capital contributions consist of property, materials and supplies purchased with federal, state and local government capital grants. Unexpended available capital contribution awards totaled approximately \$16,800,000 as of June 30, 2012 and \$19,500,000 as of June 30, 2011. These grant revenue amounts will be recognized in the financial statements when grant funds are utilized in accordance with the grant agreements.

F. SELF-INSURANCE

Vehicle operation:

MTA is self-insured up to \$100,000 for all losses relating to the operation of any vehicle. A provision of \$764,274 and \$809,332 has been made for all such known losses incurred as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Accident losses exceeding \$100,000 are covered under an insurance program subject to certain annual and aggregate limits.

Employee medical benefit claims:

MTA is self-insured for employee medical claims. MTA has purchased reinsurance, which provides for reimbursement of paid medical claims in excess of \$170,000 (160,000 prior to March 1, 2011) per participant per agreement year. The policy also provides a maximum of \$1,000,000 during the lifetime of a covered participant, and an aggregate maximum for total claims paid per year. The aggregate maximum each year fluctuates based on the number of employees under single or family coverage contracts. The maximum amount that the reinsurance carrier will pay out in a plan year is \$1,000,000. Total claims paid in fiscal years 2012 and 2011 did not exceed the aggregate maximum.

As required by a collective bargaining labor agreement, the Davidson Transit Organization Employee Benefit Trust (the "Trust") was established to pay all medical claims for employees. The accrued medical claims and reinsurance amounts are recorded by the Trust. MTA funds the Trust, through DTO, on a break-even basis. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, MTA owed the Trust \$2,112,902 and \$1,177,177, respectively. Such amounts are included in accrued expenses.

Changes in the medical claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	<u>Balance At Beginning of Year</u>	<u>Net Claims Expenses</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance At End of Year</u>
2012	\$1,177,177	\$8,913,392	\$7,977,667	\$2,112,902
2011	\$1,141,730	\$7,659,210	\$7,623,763	\$1,177,177

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

F. SELF-INSURANCE - Continued

Workers' compensation:

MTA is self-insured, up to certain limits, for its workers' compensation claims. A provision has been made for all such known claims incurred as of June 30, 2012 and 2011. MTA has purchased reinsurance for workers compensation claims in excess of \$500,000 per employee. The maximum available for reinsurance in the contract period is \$1,000,000. During 2012 and 2011, MTA's workers' compensation claims did not exceed the maximum. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, provisions of \$1,163,000 and \$1,081,000, respectively are included in accrued expenses relating to workers' compensation claims.

Self-insurance investments:

MTA transfers certain funds to the Metropolitan Government to cover self-insurance claims, for which the Metropolitan Government acts as custodian. These funds, if needed, are used to pay claims for public liability and property damage claims as well as medical claims. Reinsurance proceeds, if any, are applied along with contributions from MTA to reimburse the account. The outstanding balance of these funds at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$899,981 and \$599,868, respectively. MTA has also transferred funds to a third party administrator to serve as collateral for its self-insured workers' compensation bond. The balance of these funds was \$350,000 at both June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

G. NOTES PAYABLE - METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT

MTA has a \$2,000,000 revolving credit line agreement with the Metropolitan Government for the purpose of funding operational activities. The outstanding balance totaled \$753,653 and \$756,631 as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

MTA also has a credit line agreement with the Metropolitan Government for the purpose of providing interim funding of capital activities until MTA receives expected Federal and State grant monies from capital grants. The credit line was initially \$5,000,000 and was replaced with a new \$7,500,000 credit line during fiscal year 2012. The outstanding balances totaled \$7,487,209 and \$5,001,834 as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

During September 2010, MTA entered into a \$2,000,000 credit line agreement with the Metropolitan Government to finance certain expenditures related to the May 2010 flood. It is anticipated that the draws on the credit line be repaid with federal and state grant funds. The outstanding balance totaled \$253,823 and \$284,756 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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G. NOTES PAYABLE - METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT - Continued

Interest on the outstanding principal balance of the notes payable to the Metropolitan Government is calculated at the same rate of interest that is earned on the Metropolitan Government's funds in its Metro Investment Pool ("MIP"). MTA is not required to make monthly interest payments; the amount of any unpaid interest accrued each month is added to the amount of outstanding principal.

Borrowings and repayments under the credit line agreements for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

2012:

	Balance At Beginning of Year	<u>Borrowings</u>	Accrued Interest	<u>Repayments</u>	Balance At End of Year
Operating	\$ 756,631	\$ -	\$ 947	\$( 3,925)	\$ 753,653
Capital	5,001,834	7,485,000	3,550	(5,003,175)	7,487,209
Flood	<u>284,756</u>	<u>366,538</u>	<u>805</u>	<u>( 398,276)</u>	<u>253,823</u>
	<u>\$6,043,221</u>	<u>\$7,851,538</u>	<u>\$5,302</u>	<u>\$(5,405,376)</u>	<u>\$8,494,685</u>

2011:

	Balance At Beginning of Year	<u>Borrowings</u>	Accrued Interest	<u>Repayments</u>	Balance At End of Year
Operating	\$ 755,236	\$ -	\$1,395	\$ -	\$ 756,631
Capital	4,996,529	5,000,000	3,805	(4,998,500)	5,001,834
Flood	<u>-</u>	<u>284,434</u>	<u>322</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>284,756</u>
	<u>\$5,751,765</u>	<u>\$5,284,434</u>	<u>\$5,522</u>	<u>\$(4,998,500)</u>	<u>\$6,043,221</u>

During August and September 2012, MTA made net repayments on the notes payable to the Metropolitan Government totaling approximately \$3,000,000.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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H. FUEL-HEDGING PROGRAM

MTA participates in the Metropolitan Government's fuel hedging program. MTA's objective is to hedge the changes in cash flows due to market price fluctuations related to a portion of expected purchases of diesel fuel. Details of MTA's participation in the fuel-hedging program at June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

<u>Notional Amount</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Terms</u>	<u>Counterparty Credit Rating</u>
109,700 gallons, diesel	7/1/09	6/30/11	Pay \$1.875 - \$1.89 per gallon; Settlement based on Nymex heating oil	A3/BBB+
109,700 gallons, diesel	7/1/11	6/30/12	Pay \$2.30 per gallon; Settlement based on Nymex heating oil	A3/BBB+
111,350 gallons, diesel	7/1/12	6/30/13	Pay \$2.645 - \$2.90 per gallon; Settlement based on Platts USG Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel	A3/BBB+
28,000 gallons, gasoline	7/1/12	6/30/13	Pay \$2.50 - \$2.60 per gallon; Settlement based on Nymex NYH RBOB Gasoline	A3/BBB+

The fair value of the fuel hedging instruments was a (liability) asset of (\$39,673) and \$917,023 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which has been recorded in other current (liabilities) assets in the accompanying balance sheets. The fair value was estimated based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The fuel hedges were determined to be effective hedges based on regression analysis; accordingly, the change in fair value of the hedges is a corresponding deferred inflow/outflow.

MTA is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments that are in asset positions. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counterparty failed to perform as contracted. MTA relies primarily on the credit rating of the counterparty. MTA is exposed to basis risk on its fuel hedging contracts because the expected commodity purchase being hedged will price based on a pricing point different than the pricing point at which the forward contract is expected to settle (Nymex or Platts). As the fuel-hedging program is administered by the Metropolitan Government, the Metropolitan Government or its counterparts may terminate the contracts if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contracts. If at the time of termination, a hedging derivative instrument is in a liability position, MTA, through the Metropolitan Government, would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability. MTA's portion of the contract is in a liability position of \$39,673 at June 30, 2012.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
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I. DEFERRED REVENUE

During fiscal year 2008, MTA entered into an agreement to lease certain parking facilities to the State of Tennessee. The term of the lease is 25 years and commenced in October 2008. Under the provisions of the lease agreement, MTA received, in advance, the entire lease rental payments totaling \$6,500,000. The advance rental payments have been recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying balance sheets and will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. MTA utilized the upfront cash payments to finance a portion of the construction costs for Music City Central. The deferred balance totaled \$5,524,985 and \$5,784,989 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

During fiscal year 2011, MTA received \$6,600,000 from the Metropolitan Government for purchase of the Myatt Drive Facility, as described in Note D. In connection with the contribution, the Metropolitan Government will share certain space at the facility. Construction of the Metropolitan Government's portion of the facility was ongoing at June 30, 2012. The final amount of space to be utilized by the Metropolitan Government, and the terms of such occupancy, will be established by the parties upon occupancy in fiscal year 2013. Accordingly, the \$6,600,000 has been recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying balance sheet and will be amortized over the term of the agreement.

J. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description:

MTA offers, through DTO, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan ("Pension Plan") covering substantially all eligible employees of DTO (except part-time employees) and the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1235. The Pension Plan provides for retirement and disability benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Specific benefits are established in Articles XII and XIII of the Pension Plan document. The Pension Plan issues a publicly available report that includes the financial statements and certain required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to MTA, 430 Myatt Drive, Madison, Tennessee, 37115, or by calling (615)-862-5969. As of the most recent actuarial valuation date, July 1, 2011, the Pension Plan covered 180 retirees receiving benefits; 1 terminated vested; and 486 active participants.

Funding Policy:

The Pension Plan is funded by monthly contributions from both DTO and plan members. Contribution requirements of the plan members and DTO are established in Article VII of the Pension Plan document. Plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their covered payroll. DTO is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 10.56% and 9.55% of covered payroll in fiscal years 2012 and 2011, respectively. All administrative costs of the Pension Plan are paid out of plan assets.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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J. PENSION PLAN - Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation:

MTA's annual pension cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), which is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 27. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize the unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed twenty years.

MTA's three-year trend information including the annual pension cost, the percentage of annual pension cost contributed, and the net pension obligation for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Annual Pension Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net Pension Obligation</u>
2012	\$2,253,702	100%	\$ -
2011	\$2,028,582	100%	\$ -
2010	\$1,902,271	100%	\$ -

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the Pension Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date, July 1, 2011 is detailed below:

Actuarial accrued liability (a)	\$42,240,059
Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	<u>24,459,481</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (a) - (b)	<u>\$17,780,578</u>
Funded ratio (b) / (a)	57.9%
Covered payroll (c)	\$21,479,710
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll [(a) - (b)] / (c)	82.8%

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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J. PENSION PLAN - Continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the projected salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions as of July 1, 2011, the latest actuarial valuation, are detailed below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar open; 20 year amortization
Asset valuation method	Phase-in of realized or unrealized gains and losses over five-years with floor of 80% and a ceiling of 120% of market value
Rate of investment return	7.75% per annum, compounded annually
Projected salary increases	4.00% per annum, compounded annually
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Normal retirement age	65
Mortality table	RP 2000 Blue Collar Projected to 2018 with AA Scales

See further information in the Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited) in the Required Supplementary Information section.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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K. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description:

MTA offers, through DTO, postemployment medical, dental, vision, prescription card and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and dependents through the Davidson Transit Organization Employee Benefit Trust (the “Health Plan”). The Health Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan. Benefit provisions are established and amended primarily through negotiations between DTO and the Amalgamated Transit Union. The Health Plan issues a publicly available report that includes the financial statements and certain required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to MTA, 430 Myatt Drive, Madison, Tennessee, 37115, or by calling (615)-862-5969. As of July 1, 2011, the latest actuarial valuation date, the Health Plan covered 156 retirees receiving benefits and 472 active participants.

Funding Policy:

The Health Plan is funded by monthly contributions from (i) the Employer, based on rates determined by management in consultation with the Health Plan’s actuary and third party administrator, and (ii) covered retirees through deductions from their pension benefits, in accordance with the agreement between DTO and the Amalgamated Transit Union. Employer contributions are generally made on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retiree contributions are generally \$90 for retiree-only and \$165 for retiree and family coverage. Retiree contributions received during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$250,335 and \$244,454, respectively.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

MTA’s annual other postemployment benefit (“OPEB”) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (“ARC”), which is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize the unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

MTA’s annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation</u>
2012	\$6,038,365	30.27%	\$18,115,097
2011	\$6,031,828	28.75%	\$13,904,353
2010	\$5,591,089	29.73%	\$9,606,902

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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K. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The following table summarizes the changes in MTA's net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Annual OPEB Cost:		
Annual required contribution	\$ 6,175,676	\$ 6,126,700
Plus: interest on the net OPEB obligation	869,022	600,431
Less: Amortization on the net OPEB obligation	<u>( 1,006,333)</u>	<u>( 695,303)</u>
Annual OPEB cost	6,038,365	6,031,828
Contributions made	<u>( 1,827,621)</u>	<u>( 1,734,377)</u>
Increase in the net OPEB obligation	4,210,744	4,297,451
Net OPEB obligation		
Beginning of year	<u>13,904,353</u>	<u>9,606,902</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 18,115,097</u>	<u>\$ 13,904,353</u>

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the Health Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date, July 1, 2011 is detailed below:

Actuarial accrued liability (a)	\$38,275,207
Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	<u>-</u>
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (a) - (b)	<u>\$38,275,207</u>
Funded ratio (b) / (a)	-%
Covered payroll (c)	\$20,757,321
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll [(a) - (b)] / (c)	184.4%

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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K. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the following significant actuarial methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial valuation method	Projected unit cost method
Amortization method	Level dollar over 30 years
Discount rate	6.25%
Health care cost trend rate	7.50% through fiscal year 2013; reducing to 5.5% in fiscal 2018 and thereafter
Mortality	UP 1984 Group Annuity Mortality Table
Retirement rates	Rates vary by age, with average of 61

See further information in the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited) in the Required Supplementary Information section.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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L. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants:

MTA has received federal, state and local grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in disallowance of expenditures, management believes that any required reimbursements would not be significant. Accordingly, no provision has been made for any potential reimbursements to grantors.

According to grant agreements with the FTA, MTA is liable for certain, reimbursement of federal funds used to purchase property and equipment assets if such assets are disposed of prior to the end of their useful lives, except in situations where MTA expects to replace or restore the assets. In May 2010, as a result of the flood described in Note O, MTA disposed of numerous assets that were purchased with federal funds. MTA is continuing to work with the FTA and FEMA to replace or restore all federal purchased assets. MTA could be liable if certain assets are not properly replaced or restored. However, management believes all such property has been or will be replaced or restored in accordance with grant agreements, and accordingly, no provision has been made for potential reimbursement to grantors.

Construction in Progress (See Note D):

During fiscal 2007, MTA's Board of Directors approved a project to replace bus radios and have an Automatic Vehicle Locator (AVL) installed in the dispatch center. A portion of this project was destroyed, and work on the project was suspended, as a result of the May 2010 flood; however, work is expected to resume in fiscal year 2013 (See Note O). The estimated costs to complete the project are approximately \$3,000,000.

Also included in construction in progress at June 30, 2012 is the West End Corridor assessment study, including preliminary engineering and environmental work. The estimated costs to complete the engineering and environmental work is approximately \$2,500,000.

As of June 30, 2012, MTA continues significant renovation work on certain portions of the Nestor Street and Myatt Drive facilities. These projects are expected to cost approximately \$5,300,000 to complete.

MTA expects that all significant costs to complete construction in progress will be funded through federal, state and local capital grants.

Other projects are also included in construction in progress and the estimated costs to complete these projects are not determined at June 30, 2012. However, grant or other funding sources will be identified for the projects.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

L. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

Litigation:

In the ordinary course of business, MTA is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of MTA's attorney and management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of MTA. Accordingly, no provision for loss, if any, related to these matters has been made in the financial statements.

M. NET ASSETS

The details of net assets as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	2012	2011
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:		
Property and equipment, net	\$ 128,881,370	\$ 126,569,790
Less: Borrowings and other liabilities related to capital assets:		
Note payable - Metropolitan Government	( 7,487,209)	( 5,001,834)
Deferred revenues	( 12,124,985)	( 12,384,989)
Other liabilities relating to capital assets	( 2,184,749)	( 194,094)
Total net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt	107,084,427	108,988,873
Unrestricted	( 11,103,565)	( 12,137,180)
Total net assets	\$ 95,980,862	\$ 96,851,693

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the property and equipment that MTA has full ownership of through settlement of the debt issued in order to obtain and construct those assets.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

N. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During December 2008, MTA entered into an agreement with the Regional Transportation Authority (“RTA”) under which MTA provides contracted labor and other support to RTA. Specifically, the senior leadership team of MTA, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also serve as senior leadership of RTA. MTA also provides certain accounting and support services under the agreement. MTA has also had agreements with RTA during fiscal years 2012 and 2011 for certain contracted bus services. Revenue from the RTA for all contracted services during fiscal 2012 and 2011 totaled \$1,421,721 and \$913,458, respectively. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the receivable from the RTA, included in accounts receivable in the accompanying balance sheets, totaled \$388,310 and \$192,730, respectively.

O. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM - MAY 2010 FLOOD

In May 2010, Nashville, Tennessee experienced a significant flood, which was declared a federal disaster area by President Obama. MTA experienced losses to assets and equipment stored at the Nestor Street location, including damage to the Nestor Street facility, buses, vehicles, general equipment and materials and supplies. Additionally, MTA incurred various flood-related relocation and recovering expenses. The destruction and impairment of assets as well as flood-related expenses were classified as an extraordinary item in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010. Detail of flood expenses for fiscal year 2011 are detailed below. There were no remaining significant flood items in fiscal year 2012:

	2011
Flood related expenditures	\$ 558,810
Recovery and gain on sale of impaired assets	<u>(379,322)</u>
Total extraordinary loss	<u>\$ 179,488</u>

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

MTA has evaluated subsequent events through October 31, 2012, the date the financial statements were available for issuance, and has determined that there are no items requiring disclosure.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

PENSION PLAN:

(\$ In Millions)		Actuarial Valuation Date		
		July 1,		
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Actuarial value of assets	(a)	\$24.4	\$23.6	\$23.3
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	(b)	\$42.2	\$39.3	\$38.1
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(b - a)	\$17.8	\$15.7	\$14.8
Funded ratio	(a) / (b)	58%	60%	61%
Covered payroll	(c)	\$21.5	\$20.8	\$19.5
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	((b-a)/c)	83%	75%	76%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN:

(\$ In Millions)		Actuarial Valuation Date		
		July 1,		
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Actuarial value of assets	(a)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	(b)	\$38.3	\$36.6	\$35.5
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(b - a)	\$38.3	\$36.6	\$35.5
Funded ratio	(a) / (b)	-%	-%	-%
Covered payroll	(c)	\$20.8	\$20.0	\$21.1
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	((b-a)/c)	184%	183%	168%

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

Federal Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal/ State Grant Number	Grant Period	Federal Awards	State Awards	Local Awards
<b>DIRECT AWARDS - U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION:</b>						
<u>Federal Transit Cluster:</u>						
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-90-X270/ GG-08-24761	7/1/07 - 6/30/11	\$ 7,684,498	\$ 960,562	\$ 960,562
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-90-X294/ GG-09-30149	7/1/08 - 6/30/12	9,949,913	1,243,739	1,243,739
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-90-X312/ GG-11-33865	7/1/09 - 6/30/13	10,708,262	1,338,532	1,338,532
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-90-X331/ GG-11-37407	7/1/10 - 6/30/14	9,684,965	1,210,621	1,210,621
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-95-X041/ Not Applicable	6/1/10 - 9/30/11	40,000	-	-
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-95-X017/ Not Applicable	7/1/07 - 6/30/09	1,000,000	-	250,000
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-95-X036/ Not Applicable	10/1/09 - 9/30/12	1,000,000	-	250,000
ARRA Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-96-X012/ Not Applicable	10/1/08 - 9/30/11	9,510,151	-	-
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-90-X345 GG-12-33088	7/1/11-6/30/14	9,102,647	1,137,830	1,137,830
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-95-X051 In Process	7/1/11-6/30/13	350,000	43,750	43,750
Capital Grant	20.507 *	TN-95-X054 Not Applicable	7/1/11-6/30/14	3,200,000	-	800,000
Capital Grant	20.500 *	TN-04-0048/ GG-11-37594	1/1/11 - 6/30/14	1,104,300	138,038	138,038
Capital Grant	20.500 *	TN-04-0057/ In Process	11/1/11 - 9/30/14	5,370,950	671,369	671,369
Total Federal Transit Cluster:				<u>68,705,686</u>	<u>6,744,441</u>	<u>8,044,441</u>
<u>Transit Services Programs Cluster:</u>						
Jobs Access Reverse Commute	20.516 *	TN-37-X081/ GG-10-32335	10/1/09 - 9/24/10	827,658	331,583	331,583
Jobs Access Reverse Commute	20.516 *	TN-37-X085/ GG-11-37659	7/1/10 - 9/30/13	427,294	186,688	186,688
Jobs Access Reverse Commute	20.516 *	TN-37-X088/ In Process	7/1/11 - 6/30/14	857,377	404,757	404,757
New Freedom	20.521 *	TN-57-X009/ GG-10-32487	10/1/09 - 9/30/14	503,353	200,391	200,391
New Freedom	20.521 *	TN-57-X012/ GG-11-37162	10/1/09 - 9/30/13	264,525	118,946	118,946
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster:				<u>2,880,207</u>	<u>1,242,365</u>	<u>1,242,365</u>
<u>Other Direct Awards:</u>						
Alternative Analysis Program	20.522 *	TN-39-0001/ 190416-S3-009	7/1/10 - 6/30/13	1,180,000	147,500	147,500
Total Direct Awards:				<u>72,765,893</u>	<u>8,134,306</u>	<u>9,434,306</u>
<b>PASS-THROUGH GRANTS:</b>						
Passed-through Tennessee Department of Transportation:						
Transportation Planning	20.505	TN-80-X004/ 195303-S3-015	7/1/11 - 6/30/16	127,774	15,972	-
Passed-through Greater Nashville Regional Council:						
Travel Trainer	93.044	2012-38	7/1/11 - 6/30/12	50,000	-	-
Passed-through Tennessee Emergency Management Agency:						
Public Assistance	97.036	34101-0000006615	4/30/10 - 4/29/15	364,576	20,254	20,254
Total Pass-Through Awards:				<u>542,350</u>	<u>36,226</u>	<u>20,254</u>
Total Federal Awards:				<u>\$ 73,308,243</u>	<u>\$ 8,170,532</u>	<u>\$ 9,454,560</u>

\* - Considered a major program in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Accrued Grant Revenue 6/30/11	Federal Receipts	State Receipts	Local Receipts	Federal Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures	Accrued Grant Revenue 6/30/12
\$ 2,427	\$ 146,191	\$ 20,673	\$ 18,303	\$ 146,191	\$ 18,246	\$ 18,303	\$ -
59,000	211,125	55,891	55,891	230,032	28,754	28,754	23,633
-	8,393	1,049	1,049	10,710	1,339	1,339	2,897
4,901,121	4,552,904	891,732	569,113	1,033,549	129,194	129,194	179,309
23,502	40,000	-	-	16,498	-	-	-
8,588	117,852	-	31,164	112,342	-	28,086	-
-	95,293	-	23,823	95,293	-	23,823	-
11,900	284,297	-	-	889,536	-	-	617,139
-	4,511,813	-	563,976	7,795,269	974,408	974,408	4,668,296
-	-	-	-	73,678	9,210	9,210	92,098
-	-	-	-	681,075	-	170,268	851,343
-	1,104,300	111,206	138,038	1,104,300	138,038	138,038	26,832
-	674,408	-	84,301	1,762,813	220,351	220,351	1,444,806
<u>5,006,538</u>	<u>11,746,576</u>	<u>1,080,551</u>	<u>1,485,658</u>	<u>13,951,286</u>	<u>1,519,540</u>	<u>1,741,774</u>	<u>7,906,353</u>
232,243	75,324	82,066	74,853	-	-	-	-
-	292,644	119,391	77,497	342,353	144,546	77,497	74,864
-	-	-	-	107,706	53,853	53,853	215,412
73,485	202,584	108,573	98,874	202,971	101,484	99,067	66,976
-	113,254	49,374	-	131,935	58,714	-	28,021
<u>305,728</u>	<u>683,806</u>	<u>359,404</u>	<u>251,224</u>	<u>784,965</u>	<u>358,597</u>	<u>230,417</u>	<u>385,273</u>
-	1,047,249	-	130,907	1,180,000	147,500	147,500	296,844
<u>5,312,266</u>	<u>13,477,631</u>	<u>1,439,955</u>	<u>1,867,789</u>	<u>15,916,251</u>	<u>2,025,637</u>	<u>2,119,691</u>	<u>8,588,470</u>
143,746	127,774	15,972	-	127,774	15,972	-	143,746
-	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	-	-
74,794	74,794	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>218,540</u>	<u>252,568</u>	<u>15,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>177,774</u>	<u>15,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>143,746</u>
<u>\$ 5,530,806</u>	<u>\$ 13,730,199</u>	<u>\$ 1,455,927</u>	<u>\$ 1,867,789</u>	<u>\$ 16,094,025</u>	<u>\$ 2,041,609</u>	<u>\$ 2,119,691</u>	<u>\$ 8,732,216</u>

See notes to schedules of federal, state and local awards.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS  
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

<u>Grant Number</u>	<u>Grant Period</u>	<u>State Program Award</u>	<u>Accrued Grant Revenue 6/30/11</u>	<u>State Receipts</u>	<u>State Expenditures</u>	<u>Accrued Grant Revenue 6/30/12</u>	
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:							
Operating Assistance Grant	GG-12-37798	7/1/11 - 6/30/12	\$ 3,939,797	\$ -	\$ 3,939,797	\$ 3,939,797	\$ -
Total State Awards			<u>\$ 3,939,797</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,939,797</u>	<u>\$ 3,939,797</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to schedules of expenditures, state and local awards.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF LOCAL AWARDS**  
**YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

	<u>Grant</u> <u>Period</u>	Local Program <u>Award</u>	Accrued Grant Revenue <u>6/30/11</u>	Local <u>Receipts</u>	Local <u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued Grant Revenue <u>6/30/12</u>
METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY:						
Operating Assistance	7/1/11 - 6/30/12	\$ 26,320,600	\$ -	\$ 26,320,600	\$ 26,320,600	\$ -
Metro Capital - 7840-2010 (1)	7/1/09 - Open	4,400,000	574,106	1,497,826	923,720	-
Metro Capital - 7840-3010	7/1/09 - Open	3,500,000	-	-	298,436	298,436
Metro Capital - 7840-4010	7/1/09 - Open	5,170,000	155,556	1,693,889	2,737,051	1,198,718
Metro Capital - 7840-2011 (1)	7/1/10 - Open	1,550,000	-	239,057	868,994	629,937
Metro Capital - 7840-3011 (1)	7/1/10 - Open	800,000	-	130,907	147,500	16,593
Metro Capital - 7840-5011	7/1/10 - Open	1,200,000	-	887,981	890,784	2,803
Metro Capital - 7840-6011 (1)	7/1/10 - Open	4,950,000	-	-	179,477	179,477
Metro Flood Grants	7/1/10 - Open	959,108	-	930,848	959,108	28,260
		<u>\$ 48,849,708</u>	<u>\$ 729,662</u>	<u>\$ 31,701,108</u>	<u>\$ 33,325,670</u>	<u>\$ 2,354,224</u>
			(2)			(2)

(1) These Metro Capital awards were used to provide local match funds for federal capital grants. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the Metro grants funded \$2,119,691 in local match funds for federal capital grants. These expenditures for local match have also been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on pages 47 - 48.

(2) The accrued grant revenue at June 30, 2012 and 2011 included \$574,106 and \$826,007 respectively in match funds on federal capital grants. These local match funds are also included as accrued grant revenue at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on pages 47 - 48.

See notes to schedules of expenditures, state and local awards.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF  
 FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AWARDS  
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedules of expenditures of federal, state and local awards are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

The schedules of expenditures of federal, state and local awards include the grant activity of the Metropolitan Transit Authority (“MTA”) and its blended component unit, Davidson Transit Organization (“DTO”). DTO is a legally separate 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization which was formed to provide the necessary labor to operate MTA’s transit system. Accordingly, certain federal, state and local awards received by MTA are used to reimburse labor costs incurred by DTO. Such funds received by MTA and used to reimburse DTO are reported in the accompanying schedules of federal, state and local awards by the receiving agency to avoid duplication of the aggregate level of federal awards expected by MTA, the reporting entity. Accordingly, such pass-through funds are included only once. Such funds are subject to the compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major program and are subject to audit under OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

The detail of federal awards passed from MTA to DTO, included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is as follows:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Capital Grant	20.507	\$7,083,403
Jobs Access Reverse Commute	20.516	390,229
New Freedom Program	20.521	287,544
Transportation Planning	20.505	<u>127,774</u>
		<u>\$7,888,950</u>

B. PROGRAM CLUSTERS

OMB Circular A-133 defines a cluster of programs as a grouping of closely related programs that share common compliance requirements. According to this definition, similar programs deemed to be a cluster of programs are tested accordingly.

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF  
 FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AWARDS  
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

C. CONTINGENCY

The grant revenue amounts received are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agencies would become a liability of MTA. In the opinion of management, all grant expenditures are in compliance with the terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

D. SUB-RECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, MTA provided federal awards to sub-recipients as follows:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Pass-through Expenditures</u>
Jobs Access Reverse Commute	20.516	\$222,339
New Freedom Program	20.521	<u>183,394</u>
		<u>\$405,733</u>

## **OTHER REPORTS**



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial  
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based  
on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance  
With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors  
Metropolitan Transit Authority  
Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited the balance sheet of Metropolitan Transit Authority ("MTA"), a component unit of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2012, and the related statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

MTA's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered MTA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MTA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MTA's internal control over financial reporting.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MTA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of MTA in a separate letter, dated October 31, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management, federal awarding agencies, the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, and the State of Tennessee and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Crosslin & Associates, P.C.*

Nashville, Tennessee  
October 31, 2012



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements that  
Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on  
Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of Directors  
Metropolitan Transit Authority  
Nashville, Tennessee

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Metropolitan Transit Authority ("MTA"), a component unit of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of MTA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. MTA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of MTA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on MTA's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about MTA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on MTA's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, MTA complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.



### Internal Control Over Compliance

MTA's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In the planning and performing our audit, we considered MTA's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the MTA's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management, federal awarding agencies, the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, and the State of Tennessee and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Crosslin & Associates, P.C.*

Nashville, Tennessee  
October 31, 2012

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

**SECTION I - SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' RESULTS**

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:  
Material weakness(es) identified?    yes   x  no  
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to  
be material weaknesses?    yes   x  none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?    yes   x  no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:  
Material weakness(es) identified?    yes   x  no  
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to  
be material weaknesses?    yes   x  none reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for  
major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported  
in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?    yes   x  no

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued  
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

**SECTION I - SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' RESULTS - Continued**

Federal Awards - Continued

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program</u>	
<u>Federal Transit Cluster:</u>		
20.507	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) - Federal Transit Administration Capital Grant	\$ 889,536
20.507	Federal Transit Administration Capital Grants	10,194,637
20.500	Federal Transit Administration Capital Grants	2,867,113

Transit Services

Program Cluster:

20.516	Job Access - Reverse Commute Program	450,059
20.521	New Freedom Program Grants	334,906

Other Program:

20.522	Alternative Analysis - West End Corridor	<u>1,180,000</u>
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Total Major Programs \$15,916,251

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$482,820

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?  X  yes   no

**SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None

B. Compliance Findings

None

**SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

None

METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY  
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

MTA had no prior year audit findings related to the testing of its federal and state awards programs.