

# AUDIT REPORT

The University of Tennessee

For the Year Ended  
June 30, 2009



STATE OF TENNESSEE  
COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY

Department of Audit  
Division of State Audit



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**STATE OF TENNESSEE  
COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY  
DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT  
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April 27, 2010

The Honorable Phil Bredesen, Governor  
and

Members of the General Assembly  
State Capitol  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243

and

Mr. James E. Hall, Chairman  
Audit Committee  
Board of Trustees

The University of Tennessee  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180

and

Dr. Jan Simek, Interim President  
The University of Tennessee  
800 Andy Holt Tower  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Transmitted herewith is the financial and compliance audit of the University of Tennessee for the year ended June 30, 2009. You will note from the independent auditor's report that unqualified opinions were given on the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements.

Consideration of internal control over financial reporting and tests of compliance disclosed certain deficiencies, which are detailed in the Results of the Audit section of this report. The university's administration has responded to the audit findings; the responses are included following each finding. The Division of State Audit will follow up the audit to examine the application of the procedures instituted because of the audit findings.

Sincerely,

Arthur A. Hayes, Jr., CPA  
Director

AAH/sds  
09/084

State of Tennessee

# Audit Highlights

Comptroller of the Treasury

Division of State Audit

Financial and Compliance Audit  
**The University of Tennessee**  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

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## AUDIT OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the audit were to consider the university's internal control over financial reporting; to determine compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements; to determine the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements; and to recommend appropriate actions to correct any deficiencies.

## INTERNAL CONTROL FINDING

### **The University Needs Improved Review Procedures to Prevent Errors in the Preparation of the University's Financial Statements**

Our audit found that the University of Tennessee's procedures for financial statement preparation should be improved to ensure the accuracy of the information presented in the financial statements. This weakness resulted in several significant reporting errors (page 9).

## COMPLIANCE FINDING

### **University Personnel Overbilled Facilities and Administrative (F&A) Costs to a Federal Research and Development Grant, Resulting in \$11,816.04 of Questioned Costs**

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the University of Tennessee charged \$50,140.50 of subcontractor expenses for Department of Energy grant number DE-FG07-07ID14895 to the expense object code "subcontractor expenses of less than \$25,000.00." Of this amount, \$25,140.50 should have been charged to the expense object code "subcontractor expenses of greater than \$25,000.00." According to applicable federal regulations, the university's predetermined F&A rate of 47% can only be charged against the first \$25,000.00 of subcontractor expenses. Because of this posting error, the 47% rate was applied against the entire \$50,140.50 amount, instead of just the allowable \$25,000.00. As a result, the grantor was overbilled by \$11,816.04. This resulted in \$11,816.04 of questioned costs (page 11).

**OPINIONS ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The opinions on the financial statements are unqualified.

**Audit Report**  
**The University of Tennessee**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2009**

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**The University of Tennessee  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009**

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**INTRODUCTION**

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**POST-AUDIT AUTHORITY**

This is a report on the financial and compliance audit of the University of Tennessee. The audit was conducted pursuant to Section 4-3-304, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, which authorizes the Department of Audit to “perform currently a post-audit of all accounts and other financial records of the state government, and of any department, institution, office, or agency thereof in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and in accordance with such procedures as may be established by the comptroller.”

Section 8-4-109, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, authorizes the Comptroller of the Treasury to audit any books and records of any governmental entity that handles public funds when the Comptroller considers an audit to be necessary or appropriate.

**BACKGROUND**

The University of Tennessee was first established as Blount College in 1794 by the legislature of the Federal Territory. In 1807, the General Assembly renamed the institution East Tennessee College, and in 1840, designated it a university. East Tennessee University was selected by the General Assembly to be Tennessee’s land-grant institution under the terms of the Morrill Act of 1862. In 1879, the General Assembly chose the school to be Tennessee’s state university and changed the name to the University of Tennessee.

Since its establishment, the university has grown into an institution with 20 different colleges and schools. With its campuses, various experiment stations, and extension services, the university provides services throughout the state. The university has three accredited units: the University of Tennessee (Knoxville campus, Health Science Center, Space Institute, Institute of Agriculture, and Institute for Public Service), the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, and the University of Tennessee at Martin.

**ORGANIZATION**

The University of Tennessee is governed by the University of Tennessee Board of Trustees. In 1968, the board reorganized the institution into a university system, giving a central administrative staff the responsibility for the entire operation of the university. In 2000, the university was reorganized from a four-campus system into three accredited units: the University

of Tennessee, the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, and the University of Tennessee at Martin.

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## AUDIT SCOPE

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The audit was limited to the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2009, and was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted government auditing standards. Financial statements are presented for the year ended June 30, 2009. The University of Tennessee is an integral part of state government. As such, it has been included as a component unit in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

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## OBJECTIVES OF THE AUDIT

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The objectives of the audit were

1. to consider the university's internal control over financial reporting to determine auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements;
2. to determine compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements;
3. to determine the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements; and
4. to recommend appropriate actions to correct any deficiencies.

**Although this audit was not intended to serve as an organization-wide audit as described in the Single Audit Act, as amended by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, it included tests of compliance with applicable federal laws and regulations and consideration of internal control used in administering federal financial assistance programs. This audit is a segment of the organization-wide audit of the State of Tennessee, which is conducted in accordance with the Single Audit Act.**

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## **PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

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Section 8-4-109, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, requires that each state department, agency, or institution report to the Comptroller of the Treasury the action taken to implement the recommendations in the prior audit report. The university filed its report with the Department of Audit on June 5, 2009. A follow-up of all prior audit findings was conducted as part of the current audit.

## **RESOLVED AUDIT FINDINGS**

The current audit disclosed that the university has corrected previous audit findings concerning the improper accounting for pledges receivable and the charging of obligations to federal awards outside the award's period of availability.

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## **OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS**

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### **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR RISK ASSESSMENT**

Auditors and management are required to assess the risk of fraud in the operations of the institution. The risk assessment is based on a critical review of operations considering what frauds could be perpetrated in the absence of adequate controls. The auditors' risk assessment is limited to the period during which the audit is conducted and is limited to the transactions that the auditors are able to test during that period. The risk assessment by management is the primary method by which the institution is protected from fraud, waste, and abuse. Since new programs may be established at any time by management or older programs may be discontinued, that assessment is ongoing as part of the daily operations of the institution.

Risks of fraud, waste, and abuse are mitigated by effective internal controls. It is management's responsibility to design, implement, and monitor effective controls in the institution. Although internal and external auditors may include testing of controls as part of their audit procedures, these procedures are not a substitute for the ongoing monitoring required of management. After all, the auditor testing is limited and is usually targeted to test the effectiveness of particular controls. Even if controls appear to be operating effectively during the time of the auditor testing, they may be rendered ineffective the next day by management override or by other circumventions that, if left up to the auditor to detect, will not be noted until the next audit engagement and then only if the auditor tests the same transactions and controls. Furthermore, since staff may be seeking to avoid auditor criticisms, they may comply with the

controls during the period that the auditors are on site and revert to ignoring or disregarding the control after the auditors have left the field.

The risk assessments and the actions of management in designing, implementing, and monitoring the controls should be adequately documented to provide an audit trail both for auditors and for management, in the event that there is a change in management or staff, and to maintain a record of areas that are particularly problematic.

## **FRAUD CONSIDERATIONS**

Statement on Auditing Standards No. 99, *Consideration of Fraud in a Financial Statement Audit*, promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to specifically assess the risk of material misstatement of an audited entity's financial statements due to fraud. The standard also restates the obvious premise that management, not the auditors, is primarily responsible for preventing and detecting fraud in its own entity. Management's responsibility is fulfilled in part when it takes appropriate steps to assess the risk of fraud within the entity and to implement adequate internal controls to address the results of those risk assessments.

During our audit, we discussed these responsibilities with management and how management might approach meeting them. We also increased the breadth and depth of our inquiries of management and others in the entity as we deemed appropriate. We obtained formal assurances from top management that management had reviewed the entity's policies and procedures to ensure that they are properly designed to prevent and detect fraud and that management had made changes to the policies and procedures where appropriate. Top management further assured us that all staff had been advised to promptly alert management of all allegations of fraud, suspected fraud, or detected fraud and to be totally candid in all communications with the auditors. All levels of management assured us there were no known instances or allegations of fraud that were not disclosed to us.

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## **RESULTS OF THE AUDIT**

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### **AUDIT CONCLUSIONS**

#### Internal Control

As part of the audit of the university's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009, we considered internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards

applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted government auditing standards. Consideration of internal control over financial reporting disclosed a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under generally accepted government auditing standards. An immaterial instance of noncompliance, along with our recommendation and management's response, is included in the Findings and Recommendations section.

#### Fairness of Financial Statement Presentation

The Division of State Audit has rendered unqualified opinions on the university's financial statements.



STATE OF TENNESSEE  
**COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY**  
DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT  
DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

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**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and  
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of  
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With  
*Government Auditing Standards***

December 23, 2009

The Honorable Phil Bredesen, Governor  
and  
Members of the General Assembly  
State Capitol  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243  
and  
Mr. James E. Hall, Chairman  
Audit Committee  
Board of Trustees  
The University of Tennessee  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180  
and  
Dr. Jan Simek, Interim President  
The University of Tennessee  
800 Andy Holt Tower  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the financial statements of the University of Tennessee, which is a component unit of the State of Tennessee, and its discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2009. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted government auditing standards.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the university's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the university's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the university's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

We consider the following deficiency to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting:

- The university needs improved review procedures to prevent errors in the preparation of the university's financial statements.

This deficiency is described in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above is a material weakness.

We also noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to the university's management in a separate letter.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the university's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the university's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under generally accepted government auditing standards.

We did, however, note an immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have included in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report. We also noted certain other less significant instances of noncompliance, which we have reported to the university's management in a separate letter.

The University of Tennessee's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report. We did not audit the university's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, the university's board of trustees, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Arthur A. Hayes, Jr." in a cursive style.

Arthur A. Hayes, Jr., CPA  
Director

AAH/sds

## FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### 1. The university needs improved review procedures to prevent errors in the preparation of the university's financial statements

#### Finding

Our audit found that the University of Tennessee's procedures for financial statement preparation should be improved to ensure the accuracy of the information presented in the financial statements. This weakness resulted in several significant reporting errors:

- On the university's June 30, 2009, statement of net assets, the Controller reported \$36,743,054 of unexpended state appropriations restricted for the construction of a Biofuels Center as unrestricted net assets. The amount should have been reported as expendable restricted net assets for capital projects. The error was corrected on the audited statement.
- On the university's June 30, 2009, statement of net assets, the Associate Controller did not separately report \$32,179,500 of unexpended ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization funds, which were due to the State of Tennessee. This amount should have been classified as due to the primary government but was instead classified as accounts payable. According to GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, paragraph 61, "amounts payable and receivable between the primary government and its discretely presented component units or between those component units should be reported on a separate line." The error was corrected on the audited statement.
- On the university's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009, nonoperating grants and contracts were understated by \$7,134,555.00, and operating governmental grants and contracts were overstated by the same amount. A Business Manager in the Controller's Office failed to reclassify \$7,134,555.00 of Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation (TSAC) revenues as nonoperating revenues in a year-end reclassification entry. Four TSAC accounts were inadvertently omitted from the entry. The error was corrected on the audited statement.
- The Director of Accounting and Budget at the University of Tennessee Health Science Center in Memphis incorrectly credited revenues against expenses in the university's Graduate Medical Education Strategic Fund in the 2008 fiscal year. The error was discovered and the Director attempted to correct the error by reversing the entry in the current fiscal year. This actually led to an equal, but opposite, error in the current fiscal year. Therefore, on the university's 2009 statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, utilities, supplies, and other services (an expense category) was overstated by \$4,200,000, and governmental grants and contracts were overstated by \$4,200,000. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net

assets was not corrected. The entry was deemed immaterial by the university's Controller and not corrected in the financial statements.

According to the Controller, the two errors on the statement of net assets were due to the unusual nature of the transactions. The university has never been advanced state capital appropriations and is seldom advanced grant funding from the state. The Controller attributed the errors on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets to an oversight. These reporting errors resulted in significant misstatements in the university's unaudited financial statements. With an improved review process, the Controller or Associate Controller could have detected and corrected these errors before the financial statements were completed.

### **Recommendation**

Controller's Office personnel should take more care in determining the accounting treatment for significant new and unusual transactions. Unexpended plant fund net assets whose use is restricted by external third parties should be classified as expendable restricted net assets. Amounts due to the State of Tennessee should be classified as due to the primary government. After preparation, the Controller should perform an additional detailed review to ensure that errors have not been made in the report preparation.

The Controller should ensure that risks associated with report preparation are adequately identified and assessed in the university's risk assessment activities. The Controller should also implement effective controls to adequately mitigate those assessed risks and take appropriate action if deficiencies occur.

### **Management's Comment**

We concur with the recommendation. The University would like to emphasize that this finding is about the university's unaudited draft financial statements and would further emphasize that the total amounts of assets, liabilities, and net assets were accurately reported in the unaudited draft statements. The first three above mentioned items are financial statement display issues only. Changing the financial statements did not require changing any University accounting records. University staff identified the first two items as unique situations and brought them to the attention of the auditors early during field work; and, in keeping with the University's long history of openness and transparency, will continue to bring items like these to the attention of the auditors. The first item was displayed as unrestricted, designated plant funds because the university, as an instrumentality of the state and a component unit of the state, believed that "restrictions" had to be a condition imposed by an outside third party. In the professional judgment of the University, the conditions imposed on the biofuels grant funding from the state to a component unit was a designated balance for the grant purposes. The University believed the second item was correctly displayed as accounts payable.

The University will perform a more detailed review of the unaudited financial statements and will pay particular attention to unusual transactions. Also, the risks associated with the preparation of the University's financial statements have been identified and were included in the University's latest risk assessment.

**2. University personnel overbilled facilities and administrative (F&A) costs to a federal research and development grant, resulting in \$11,816.04 of questioned costs**

**Finding**

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the University of Tennessee charged \$50,140.50 of subcontractor expenses for Department of Energy grant number DE-FG07-07ID14895 to the expense object code "subcontractor expenses of less than \$25,000.00." Of this amount, \$25,140.50 should have been charged to the expense object code "subcontractor expenses of greater than \$25,000.00." According to applicable federal regulations, the university's predetermined F&A rate of 47% can only be charged against the first \$25,000.00 of subcontractor expenses. Because of this posting error, the 47% rate was applied against the entire \$50,140.50 amount, instead of just the allowable \$25,000.00. As a result, the grantor was overbilled by \$11,816.04. This resulted in \$11,816.04 of questioned costs.

According to the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 2, Part 220, Appendix A,

F&A costs [indirect costs] shall be distributed to applicable sponsored agreements and other benefiting activities within each major function on the basis of modified total direct costs, consisting of all salaries and wages, fringe benefits, materials and supplies, services, travel, and subgrants and subcontracts up to the first \$25,000 of each subgrant or subcontract (regardless of the period covered by the subgrant or subcontract.) Equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care and tuition remission, rental costs, scholarships, and fellowships as well as the portion of each subgrant and subcontract in excess of \$25,000 shall be excluded from modified total direct costs.

The departmental bookkeeper in the UT Knoxville Nuclear Engineering Department miscoded the \$25,140.50 of subcontractor expenses. In accordance with university *Fiscal Policy 115*, the departmental bookkeeper reconciled the departmental ledger on a monthly basis, and the principal investigator reviewed the reconciliation on a monthly basis. F&A (indirect) costs are automatically calculated by the university's accounting system based on the modified total direct costs posted to the grant. The total expenses, including the allocated F&A costs per the general ledger, were used to draw down federal funds. This was done by the responsible grant accountant in the Sponsored Projects Accounting Department at Knoxville. The error was not discovered by the departmental bookkeeper, the principal investigator, or the responsible grant accountant.

Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 requires us to report in a finding all known questioned costs when the known questioned costs exceed \$10,000 for a type of

compliance requirement for a major federal program. Federal questioned costs totaled \$11,816.04.

### **Recommendation**

Management should ensure that departmental bookkeepers, principal investigators, and grant accountants have the knowledge and expertise to monitor and account for federal grant and contract awards in accordance with federal regulations.

Although the risks noted in this finding were identified and assessed in management's overall financial risk assessment, management should continue to assess risks of noncompliance with federal regulations and ensure controls are in place to mitigate those risks.

### **Management's Comment**

We concur. The Knoxville campus has taken or will take several actions to ensure proper posting of subrecipient expenditures thus ensuring that the automatic F&A costs are charged appropriately to sponsored projects.

Sponsored Projects Accounting (SPA) has now implemented a process to specifically monitor the expenditures posting to the general ledger codes 481100—Subgrants and Subcontracts to \$25,000 and 482100—Subgrants and Subcontracts over \$25,000. The monthly monitoring process has been assigned to one of the Financial Specialists.

Additionally, SPA will communicate the importance of proper posting of subrecipient expenditures at the next Campus Fiscal Officers meeting to be held March 16, 2010. SPA will also provide written guidance in the next quarterly newsletter. This newsletter is distributed to the various departmental accounting staff throughout the Knoxville campus and provides updates on various sponsored project accounting issues.



STATE OF TENNESSEE  
**COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY**  
DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT  
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**Independent Auditor's Report**

December 23, 2009

The Honorable Phil Bredesen, Governor  
and

Members of the General Assembly  
State Capitol  
Nashville, Tennessee 37243

and

Mr. James E. Hall, Chairman  
Audit Committee  
Board of Trustees  
The University of Tennessee  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180

and

Dr. Jan Simek, Interim President  
The University of Tennessee  
800 Andy Holt Tower  
Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0180

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the University of Tennessee, which is a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the university's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., and the University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc., discretely presented component units of the university. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., and the University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc., is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the University of Tennessee and its discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As explained in Note 2, the financial statements include investments valued at \$231,007,083.78 (11.2 percent of net assets), whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or the general partners.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 16 through 25 and the schedule of funding progress on page 80 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2009, on our consideration of the university's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and

December 23, 2009

Page Three

the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Arthur A. Hayes, Jr." with a stylized flourish at the end.

Arthur A. Hayes, Jr., CPA  
Director

AAH/sds

## **The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis**

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This section of the University of Tennessee's annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the university during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related note disclosures and should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the audited financial statements, and the accompanying notes. The financial statements, notes, and this discussion are the responsibility of management.

The university has two discretely presented component units, the University of Chattanooga Foundation and the University of Tennessee Foundation. More detailed information about the university's component units is presented in Notes 22 and 23 of the financial statements. Information and analysis regarding the component units is also included in this section.

### **Using This Annual Report**

This report consists of three basic financial statements. The statement of net assets; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; and the statement of cash flows provide information on the University of Tennessee as a whole and present a long-term view of the university's finances.

### **The Statement of Net Assets**

The statement of net assets presents the financial position of the university at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets and liabilities of the university. The difference between total assets and total liabilities—net assets—is an indicator of the current financial condition of the university. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. Capital assets, however, are stated at historical cost less an allowance for depreciation.

Net assets are divided into three major categories. The first category, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, provides the university's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the university. The next asset category is restricted net assets, which is divided into two categories, nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus of nonexpendable restricted resources is only available for investment purposes. Expendable restricted net assets are available for expenditure by the university but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net assets. Unrestricted net assets are available to the university for any lawful purpose of the institution.

## The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)

### Condensed Statements of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	<u>UT</u>		<u>UC Foundation</u>		<u>UT Foundation</u>	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
<b>Assets:</b>						
Current assets	\$ 462,470	\$ 462,504	\$ 11,220	\$ 8,978	\$ 5,829	\$ 5,072
Capital assets, net	1,494,048	1,335,610	67,028	69,160	-	-
Other assets	1,058,832	1,144,091	89,563	118,351	89,393	88,163
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>3,015,350</b>	<b>2,942,205</b>	<b>167,811</b>	<b>196,489</b>	<b>95,222</b>	<b>93,235</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>						
Current liabilities	318,246	282,804	11,398	9,924	600	1,764
Noncurrent liabilities	638,424	574,383	83,568	85,044	648	553
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>956,670</b>	<b>857,187</b>	<b>94,966</b>	<b>94,968</b>	<b>1,248</b>	<b>2,317</b>
<b>Net Assets:</b>						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	970,344	868,014	-	-	-	-
Restricted – nonexpendable	392,063	391,038	36,194	46,469	22,014	15,408
Restricted – expendable	402,260	541,916	10,924	8,342	74,730	74,315
Unrestricted	294,013	284,050	25,727	46,710	(2,770)	1,195
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	<b>\$2,058,680</b>	<b>\$ 2,085,018</b>	<b>\$ 72,845</b>	<b>\$ 101,521</b>	<b>\$ 93,974</b>	<b>\$ 90,918</b>

The university had the following significant changes between fiscal years on the statement of net assets:

Current assets decreased between fiscal years due to a decrease in investments. Investments decreased due to losses in the capital markets and moving investment assets to certificates of deposit (cash equivalents) and the university's cash management pool.

Other assets (noncurrent assets) increased between fiscal years due to increases in cash and cash equivalents and accounts, notes, and grants receivable. Cash and cash equivalents increased due to a changing investment mix to adjust to activity in the capital markets. Accounts, notes, and grants receivable increased due to invoices for state capital outlay and maintenance and TSSBA debt proceeds.

The increase in net capital assets between fiscal years is a result of additions to the university's capital assets. More detailed information about the university's capital assets is presented in the Capital Assets and Debt Administration section of this report.

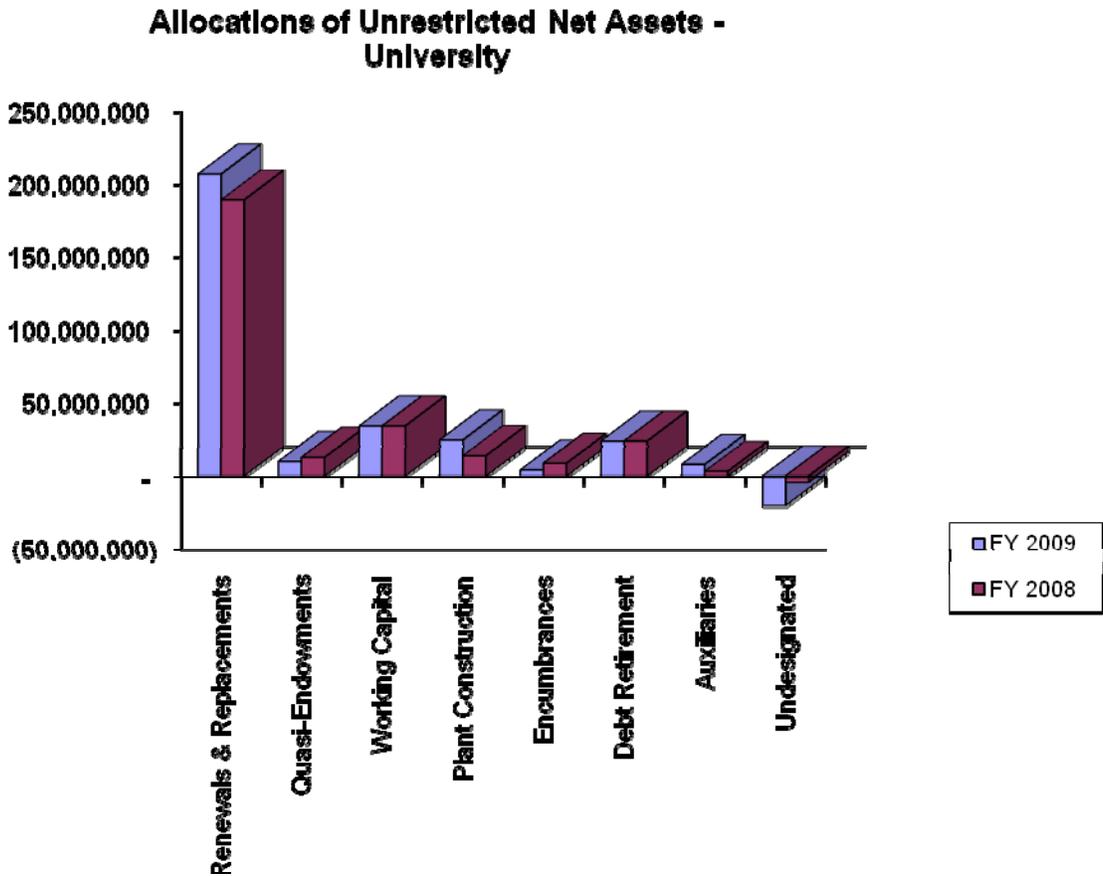
Noncurrent liabilities increased between fiscal years due to the issuance of bonds and/or commercial paper by the Tennessee State School Bond Authority on behalf of the university for various capital projects. More detailed information about the university's debt is presented in the Capital Assets and Debt Administration section of this report.

## The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)

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The restricted-expendable net assets decreased between fiscal years as a result of the use of accumulated private dollars on scholarships and fellowships, instructional department uses, and capital projects. These funds were received in prior years and were spent in the current year.

Many of the university's unrestricted net assets have been designated or reserved for specific purposes such as repairs and replacement of capital assets, future debt service, quasi-endowments, and capital projects. The following graph shows the allocations:



Renewals and replacements increased from 2008 to 2009 due to unspent educational and general dollars with the expectation that fiscal year 2010 would be leaner.

The undesignated amount decreased from 2008 to 2009 due to an increase of approximately \$19 million in the university's net OPEB obligation.

**The University of Tennessee  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)**

**The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets**

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents the operating results of the university, as well as the nonoperating revenues and expenses. Annual state appropriations, while budgeted for operations, are considered nonoperating revenues according to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets**  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

	<u>UT</u>		<u>UC Foundation</u>		<u>UT Foundation</u>	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
<b>Operating revenues:</b>						
Net tuition and fees	\$ 255,578	\$ 239,567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grants and contracts	397,348	377,475	-	-	-	-
Auxiliary	165,519	157,543	-	-	-	-
Other	83,868	88,881	22,454	14,841	8,287	31,243
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>902,313</b>	<b>863,466</b>	<b>22,454</b>	<b>14,841</b>	<b>8,287</b>	<b>31,243</b>
Operating expenses	1,618,580	1,587,279	15,768	11,620	8,314	15,173
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	<b>(716,267)</b>	<b>(723,813)</b>	<b>6,686</b>	<b>3,221</b>	<b>(27)</b>	<b>16,070</b>
<b>Nonoperating revenues and expenses:</b>						
State and local appropriations	503,758	539,634	-	-	-	-
Gifts	27,439	21,108	119	-	-	-
Investment income	(106,018)	17,528	(31,338)	(6,653)	(4,000)	208
Other revenues and expenses	120,769	104,933	(4,644)	(5,659)	-	6,520
<b>Total nonoperating revenues and expenses</b>	<b>545,948</b>	<b>683,203</b>	<b>(35,863)</b>	<b>(12,312)</b>	<b>(4,000)</b>	<b>6,728</b>
<b>Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses</b>	<b>(170,319)</b>	<b>(40,610)</b>	<b>(29,177)</b>	<b>(9,091)</b>	<b>(4,027)</b>	<b>22,798</b>
<b>Other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses:</b>						
Capital appropriations	105,300	69,592	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and gifts	28,156	41,044	-	-	-	-
Additions to permanent endowments	9,813	17,812	501	766	7,083	6,628
Other	712	8,772	-	-	-	-
<b>Total other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses</b>	<b>143,981</b>	<b>137,220</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>7,083</b>	<b>6,628</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets</b>	<b>(26,338)</b>	<b>96,610</b>	<b>(28,676)</b>	<b>(8,325)</b>	<b>3,056</b>	<b>29,426</b>
<b>Net assets at beginning of year</b>	<b>2,085,018</b>	<b>1,988,408</b>	<b>101,521</b>	<b>109,846</b>	<b>90,918</b>	<b>61,492</b>
<b>Net assets at end of year</b>	<b>\$2,058,680</b>	<b>\$2,085,018</b>	<b>\$72,845</b>	<b>\$101,521</b>	<b>\$93,974</b>	<b>\$90,918</b>

## **The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)**

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The university had the following significant changes in revenues between fiscal years:

Net tuition and fees increased from 2008 to 2009 as a result of a 6% fee increase. However, this increase in tuition and fee revenue was partially offset by current and new students receiving funds from the Tennessee Education Lottery Scholarship Program, which reduces tuition and fees and is shown as grants and contracts revenue.

Operating grants and contracts increased by \$27 million from 2008 to 2009 primarily due to the National Science Foundation super computer grant at Knoxville.

Auxiliary revenues increased \$7.9 million, primarily in residence halls with the addition of Volunteer Hall and Laurel Apartments in Knoxville.

In fiscal year 2009, state appropriations and local appropriations decreased \$36 million, which represented a 7.6% reduction in state appropriations due to lagging statewide sales tax collections.

Nonoperating gifts increased \$6 million from 2008 to 2009, while capital gifts decreased \$13 million for the same time period.

The decrease in investment income was due to a decline in the capital markets.

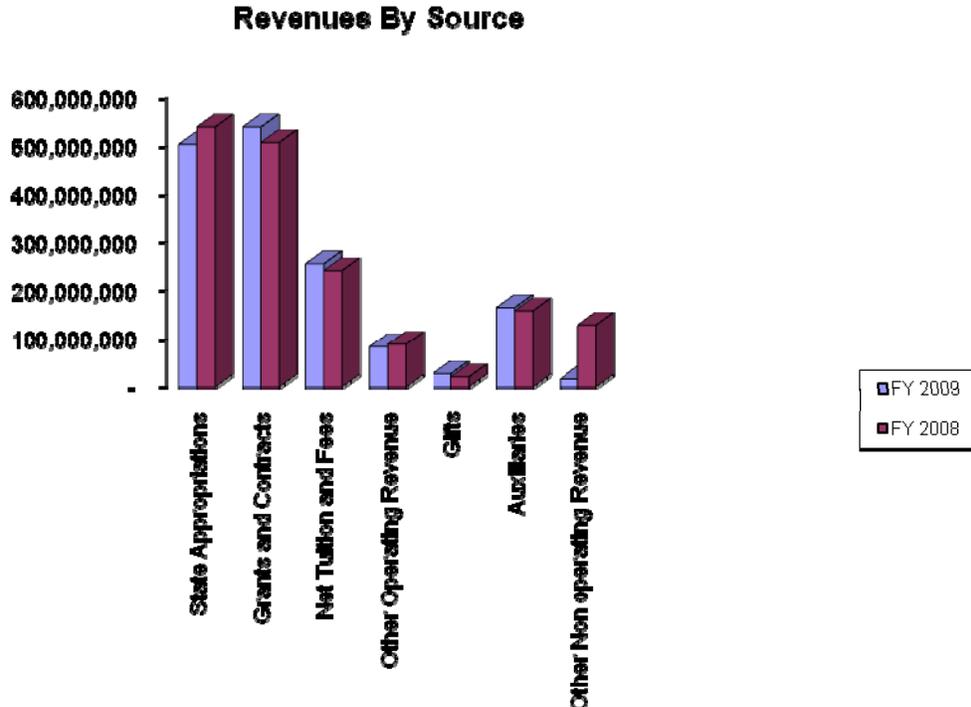
The increase in capital appropriations for 2009 consisted primarily of the one-time payment from the state to build the demonstration biofuels facility.

Additions to permanent endowments decreased \$8 million from 2008 to the 2009 fiscal year.

### Revenues

The following is a graphic illustration of revenues by source (both operating and nonoperating), which were used to fund the university's activities for the years ended June 30, 2009, and June 30, 2008.

**The University of Tennessee  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)**



For the year ended June 30, 2009, approximately 80 percent of UT's revenue was attributed to state and local appropriations, grants and contracts, and tuition and fees.

Expenses

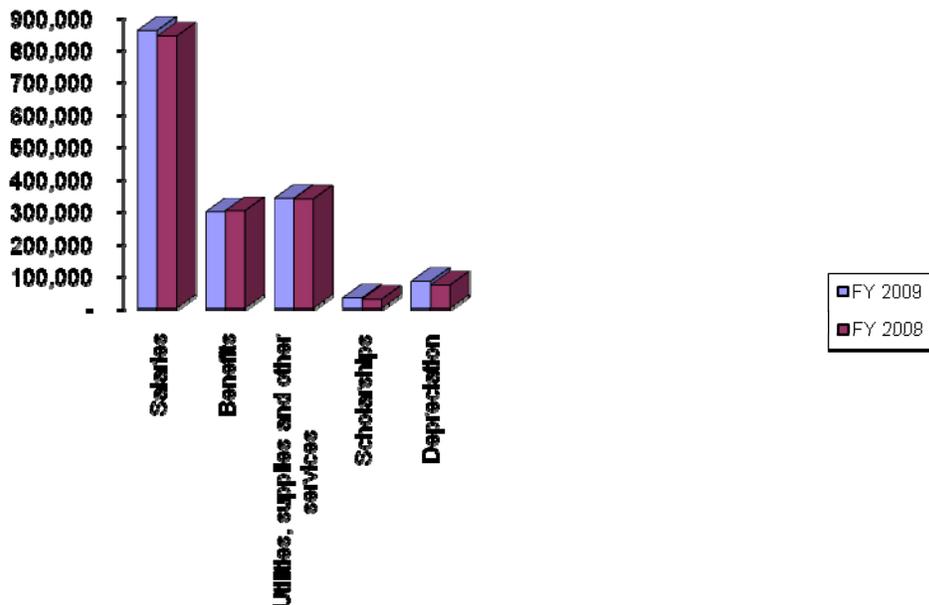
Operating expenses can be displayed in two formats, natural classification and functional classification. Both formats are displayed below (in thousands of dollars).

<u>2009 Functional Classification</u>	<u>2009 Natural Classification</u>					<u>Total</u>
	<u>Salaries</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Utilities, supplies, and other services</u>	<u>Scholarships</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	
Instruction	\$363,898	\$106,524	\$56,851	\$ -	\$ -	\$527,273
Research	112,906	31,812	61,597	-	-	206,315
Public service	71,506	27,105	32,326	-	-	130,937
Academic support	68,934	25,554	18,607	-	-	113,095
Student services	37,765	14,078	23,398	-	-	75,241
Institutional support	72,439	26,724	-	-	-	99,163
Operation and maintenance of plant	32,852	15,866	66,316	-	-	115,034
Scholarships	3,345	18,700	17,234	32,505	-	71,784
Auxiliary	44,437	12,130	64,723	-	-	121,290
Independent operations	53,699	20,981	-	-	-	74,680
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	83,768	83,768
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>\$861,781</b>	<b>\$299,474</b>	<b>\$341,052</b>	<b>\$32,505</b>	<b>\$83,768</b>	<b>\$1,618,580</b>

## The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)

<u>2008</u> <u>Functional</u> <u>Classification</u>	<u>2008 Natural Classification</u>					<u>Total</u>
	<u>Salaries</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Utilities, supplies, and other services</u>	<u>Scholarships</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	
Instruction	\$357,325	\$108,863	\$57,977	\$ -	\$ -	\$524,165
Research	113,900	32,390	57,826	-	-	204,116
Public service	69,811	26,592	37,295	-	-	133,698
Academic support	67,657	25,391	18,265	-	-	111,313
Student services	35,884	13,632	23,055	-	-	72,571
Institutional support	69,774	26,689	4,085	-	-	100,548
Operation and maintenance of plant	32,248	15,863	51,462	-	-	99,573
Scholarships	3,078	18,057	16,597	28,304	-	66,036
Auxiliary	36,789	11,708	72,877	-	-	121,374
Independent operations	57,726	23,598	-	-	-	81,324
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	72,561	72,561
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>\$844,192</b>	<b>\$302,783</b>	<b>\$339,439</b>	<b>\$28,304</b>	<b>\$72,561</b>	<b>\$1,587,279</b>

**Operating Expenses by Natural Classification  
(In thousands of dollars)**



The university had the following significant changes in expenses between fiscal years:

The increase in salary expenses from 2008 to 2009 is due to the buyout of coaches' contracts and the hiring of a new football staff as well as an increase in faculty and graduate assistants.

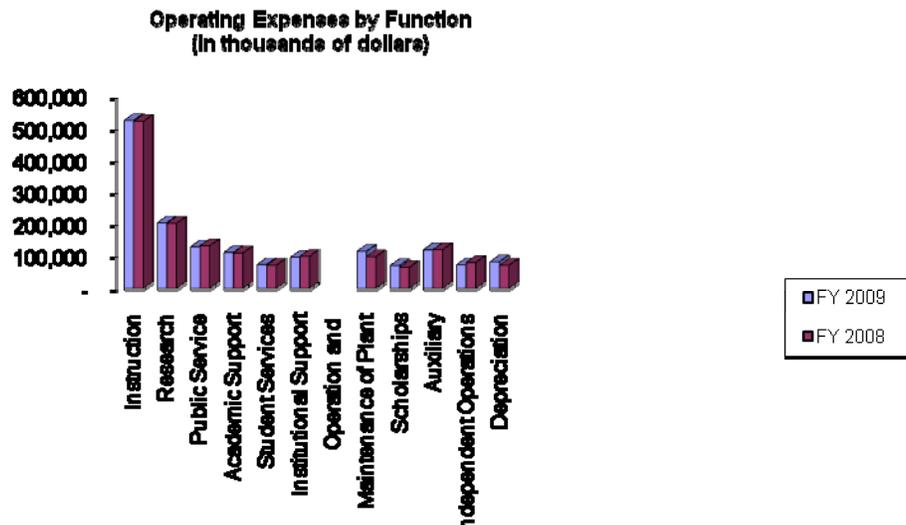
## The University of Tennessee Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)

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Employee benefit expenses decreased slightly between fiscal years mainly as a result of hiring more part-time employees and the retirement and replacing of older employees who typically have higher benefit costs.

Operating expenses increased between fiscal years due to increases in utility costs, maintenance, student awards, and equipment purchases.

Scholarship expenses increased slightly between fiscal years.



The increases in all functional areas were due to additional staff that were hired, pay supplements, and increased operating expenses.

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### *Capital Assets*

At June 30, 2009, the University of Tennessee had \$1,494,047,655.29 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation charges totaled \$83,767,547.81 for the current fiscal year. Details of these assets are shown below.

**The University of Tennessee  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)**

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**Schedule of Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation  
(in thousands of dollars)**

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Land	\$ 56,741	\$ 53,866
Land improvements & infrastructure	25,862	27,478
Buildings	981,313	815,018
Works of art/historical treasures	528	510
Equipment	147,527	112,323
Software	1,705	529
Library holdings	68,583	65,943
Projects in progress	211,789	259,942
Total	<u>\$1,494,048</u>	<u>\$1,335,609</u>

Major capital additions for UT during 2008-2009 include the \$17.0 million Baker Center, the \$10.5 million Clement Hall Renovation, the \$39.8 million Haslam Building, the \$20.5 million Laurel Apartments Renovation, and the \$10.7 million Hess Hall Renovation in Knoxville; the \$3.2 million Athletic Training Facility and \$3.0 million Boiler Replacement at Chattanooga; the \$28.0 million Student Housing – Phase II, the \$3.3 million Business Administration Building Upgrade, and the \$2.5 million Elam Center HVAC Improvements in Martin; and the \$4.7 million Capital Equipment Replacement at Memphis.

For the next fiscal year, the state has approved no capital outlay appropriations and \$4.6 million in capital maintenance appropriations for UT. These approved new projects are the UT Knoxville Electrical Distribution Systems Improvements – Phase II, UT Martin – Connection of Campus Chilled Water Loops, and the University-Wide Facilities Assessment. In addition, there are various construction and improvement projects at all campuses. More detailed information about the university's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

*Debt*

At June 30, 2009, the university had \$518,267,035.38 in debt outstanding. The table below summarizes these amounts by type of debt instrument.

**Outstanding Debt Schedule  
(in thousands of dollars)**

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Bonds-current portion	\$ 24,635	\$ 17,551
Bonds-noncurrent	372,867	321,446

**The University of Tennessee  
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Cont.)**

Commercial paper-noncurrent	120,742	122,968
Total TSSBA authorized debt	\$ 518,244	\$ 461,965
Notes-current portion	12	35
Notes-noncurrent portion	11	-
Total Debt	\$ 518,267	\$ 462,000

The university retired more than \$18.3 million in bonds and notes in fiscal year 2008-2009. The Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA), in addition to its authority to issue bonds and notes to finance capital projects, has the responsibility for approving all long-term debt of the university. TSSBA debt currently is rated AA by Standard & Poor. More detailed information about the university's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The Tennessee State School Bond Authority issued two new bond series—2008B and 2009A—in 2008-2009 in the net amount of \$99.2 million for the benefit of the university. There are five projects included in the 2008B bond series: Hess Hall Renovation - \$4.9 million and Laurel Apartments Renovation - \$12.2 million at Knoxville; the Wellness Center - \$20.6 million at Chattanooga; and the Electrical Power Generation Upgrade - \$4.9 million and the New Student Housing at Martin. There are four projects included in the 2009A bonds: the Haslam (Glocker) Technology - \$6.3 million and the Basketball Practice Facility at Knoxville; the Vet School Large Animal Clinic Expansion - \$5.0 million; and the Athletic Training Facility - \$.8 million at Martin.

**Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future**

For fiscal year 2010, the University of Tennessee Board of Trustees has authorized an individual campus fee increase of 9% that is expected to generate approximately \$26 million in new funding, net of related scholarships, with a continued projected enrollment increase. The university has been awarded over \$92 million in State Fiscal Stabilization Fund state education stimulus money for FY 2010. The university has also been awarded over 28 million in stimulus fund, competitive grants and contracts. The capital markets remain unstable, which will affect the university's investment income.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the university's finances for all those with an interest in the university's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mr. Ron Maples, Controller, 201 Andy Holt Tower, Knoxville, Tennessee, 37996-0100.

**THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE**  
**STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**  
June 30, 2009

	The University of Tennessee	University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc.	The University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc.
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 284,910,102.12	\$ 10,741,951.00	\$ 4,217,296.78
Investments (Notes 2, 22, and 23)	82,285,813.02	-	38,396.86
Accounts, notes, and grants receivable (net) (Note 4)	84,690,781.51	459,725.00	1,489,884.14
Inventories	8,082,629.28	-	67,850.00
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	2,500,873.05	18,180.00	15,615.16
Total current assets	<u>462,470,198.98</u>	<u>11,219,856.00</u>	<u>5,829,042.94</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	442,688,504.80	-	4,394,051.65
Investments (Notes 2, 22, and 23)	438,523,593.00	86,817,126.00	18,412,965.80
Investment in UT - Battelle, LLC (Note 14)	4,524,510.00	-	-
Accounts, notes, and grants receivable (net) (Note 4)	123,690,218.63	1,104,369.00	52,095,495.42
Lease payments receivable (Note 18)	48,737,131.86	-	-
Capital assets (net) (Notes 5 and 22)	1,494,047,655.29	67,027,435.00	-
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	668,260.23	451,622.00	-
Assets held by the university	-	1,190,144.00	14,490,933.08
Total noncurrent assets	<u>2,552,879,873.81</u>	<u>156,590,696.00</u>	<u>89,393,445.95</u>
Total assets	<u>3,015,350,072.79</u>	<u>167,810,552.00</u>	<u>95,222,488.89</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable (Note 7)	89,217,582.90	5,534,471.00	1,560.71
Accrued liabilities	44,129,357.82	-	-
Deferred revenue	73,781,780.08	1,169,986.00	-
Due to primary government	32,179,500.00	-	-
Deposits payable	5,444,443.65	-	-
Annuities payable	1,220,653.16	-	32,395.00
Long-term liabilities, current portion (Notes 8, 22, and 23)	66,314,174.11	1,550,000.00	14,386.52
Deposits held in custody for others	5,958,216.29	1,844,364.48	-
Due to the university	-	1,299,159.52	551,864.03
Total current liabilities	<u>318,245,708.01</u>	<u>11,397,981.00</u>	<u>600,206.26</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Deferred revenue (Note 8)	15,500,438.71	-	-
Long-term liabilities, noncurrent portion (Notes 8, 22, and 23)	566,424,424.99	83,567,757.00	197,567.93
Due to grantors (Note 8)	35,904,119.49	-	-
Annuities payable (Note 8)	6,104,215.22	-	450,499.22
Deposits held in custody for component units	14,490,933.08	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>638,424,131.49</u>	<u>83,567,757.00</u>	<u>648,067.15</u>
Total liabilities	<u>956,669,839.50</u>	<u>94,965,738.00</u>	<u>1,248,273.41</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	970,344,096.95	-	-
Restricted:			
Nonexpendable:			
Scholarships and fellowships	173,182,675.04	11,903,008.00	7,178,794.89
Libraries	13,282,108.88	-	243,009.36
Research	17,708,429.74	-	252,778.82
Instructional department uses	126,511,406.03	24,252,240.00	1,808,170.97
Academic support	27,581,880.44	38,828.00	8,085,177.90
Other	33,796,688.63	-	4,446,584.78
Expendable:			
Scholarships and fellowships	66,794,257.92	442,859.00	19,209,678.33
Libraries	5,095,743.54	-	58,915.14
Research	64,377,924.00	-	803,089.15
Instructional department uses	58,572,581.51	2,365,521.00	221,241.74
Academic support	31,331,327.01	9,055.00	19,091,223.31
Loans	9,966,489.55	-	-
Capital projects	90,042,551.41	5,000,000.00	27,281,899.02
Debt service	668,260.23	-	-
Other	75,411,069.56	3,106,346.00	8,064,061.78
Unrestricted (Note 9)	294,012,742.85	25,726,957.00	(2,770,409.71)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 2,058,680,233.29</u>	<u>\$ 72,844,814.00</u>	<u>\$ 93,974,215.48</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	The University of Tennessee	University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc.	The University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc.
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$122,887,845.55)	\$ 255,578,126.41	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions	-	5,218,990.00	8,116,371.08
Investment return designated for operations	-	8,182,340.00	-
Federal appropriations	13,967,056.41	-	-
Governmental grants and contracts	248,434,965.32	-	-
Non-governmental grants and contracts	148,912,676.41	-	-
Sales and services of educational departments	50,804,991.75	-	-
Auxiliary enterprises:			
Residential life (net of scholarship allowances of \$3,332,738.41; all revenues are used as security for varying revenue bonds; see Note 8)	44,608,951.98	9,052,759.00	-
Food services	4,196,714.42	-	-
Bookstore	20,370,743.71	-	-
Parking	9,258,619.19	-	-
Athletics	79,769,467.41	-	-
Other auxiliaries	7,314,833.72	-	-
Interest earned on loans to students	48,666.23	-	-
Other operating revenues	19,047,186.99	-	170,936.02
Total operating revenues	<u>902,312,999.95</u>	<u>22,454,089.00</u>	<u>8,287,307.10</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Operating expenses (Note 20):			
Salaries and wages	861,780,703.35	-	-
Fringe benefits	299,474,885.32	-	-
Utilities, supplies, and other services	341,052,631.59	4,386,913.00	1,828,042.96
Scholarships and fellowships	32,504,687.15	-	-
Depreciation expense	83,767,547.81	3,199,211.00	-
Payments to or on behalf of the university (Notes 22 and 23)	-	8,182,340.00	6,485,914.99
Total operating expenses	<u>1,618,580,455.22</u>	<u>15,768,464.00</u>	<u>8,313,957.95</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(716,267,455.27)</u>	<u>6,685,625.00</u>	<u>(26,650.85)</u>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>			
State and local appropriations	503,758,286.86	-	-
Gifts (include \$14,668,254.99 from component units)	27,439,477.71	119,479.00	-
Grants and contracts	142,217,070.58	-	-
Investment income (loss)	(106,018,115.22)	(31,338,565.00)	(4,000,575.15)
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(18,681,250.27)	(4,594,903.00)	-
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(2,766,840.79)	(49,139.00)	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>545,948,628.87</u>	<u>(35,863,128.00)</u>	<u>(4,000,575.15)</u>
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	<u>(170,318,826.40)</u>	<u>(29,177,503.00)</u>	<u>(4,027,226.00)</u>
Capital appropriations	105,300,040.17	-	-
Capital grants and gifts	28,155,643.07	-	-
Additions to permanent endowments	9,318,609.95	500,918.00	7,083,193.91
Additions to annuity and life income trusts	494,756.52	-	-
Other	711,816.41	-	-
Total other revenues	<u>143,980,866.12</u>	<u>500,918.00</u>	<u>7,083,193.91</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>(26,337,960.28)</u>	<u>(28,676,585.00)</u>	<u>3,055,967.91</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			
Net assets at beginning of year	<u>2,085,018,193.57</u>	<u>101,521,399.00</u>	<u>90,918,247.57</u>
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 2,058,680,233.29</u>	<u>\$ 72,844,814.00</u>	<u>\$ 93,974,215.48</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Tuition and fees	\$ 256,450,460.00
Federal appropriations	13,967,056.41
Grants and contracts	395,821,904.67
Sales and services of educational activities	52,393,629.86
Payments to suppliers and vendors	(348,319,856.83)
Payments to employees	(867,044,568.75)
Payments for benefits	(283,889,325.51)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(32,504,687.15)
Loans issued to students	(2,561,272.51)
Collection of loans from students	3,402,522.54
Interest earned on loans to students	528,728.54
Auxiliary enterprise charges:	
Residence halls	44,608,951.98
Bookstore	20,370,743.71
Food service	4,196,714.42
Parking	9,258,619.19
Athletics	80,986,610.86
Other auxiliaries	7,157,042.82
Hospital	2,778,347.27
Other receipts (payments)	19,422,368.63
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>(622,976,009.85)</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

State appropriations	499,067,224.00
Local appropriations	4,971,452.86
Gifts and grants for other than capital or endowment purposes	213,087,335.20
Private gifts for endowment purposes	9,813,366.47
Split-interest transactions receipts	586,038.90
Split-interest transactions disbursements	(2,954,744.62)
Federal student loan receipts	217,231,960.00
Federal student loan disbursements	(217,231,960.00)
Changes in deposits held for others	(239,188.23)
Net cash balance implicitly financed (repaid)	2,556,682.83
Other noncapital receipts (payments)	2,031,144.65
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>728,919,312.06</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Proceeds from capital debt	70,019,105.63
Capital appropriations	99,762,857.08
Capital grants and gifts received	28,155,643.07
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	485,725.88
Purchase of capital assets and construction	(240,961,118.33)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(26,402,877.87)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(20,102,905.05)
Other capital and related financing receipts (payments)	196,807.72
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	<u>(88,846,761.87)</u>

**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	167,910,369.32
Income on investments	53,962,451.17
Purchase of investments	(138,821,948.66)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>83,050,871.83</u>

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	100,147,412.17
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	627,451,194.75
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 727,598,606.92</u>

THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

**RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH  
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Operating loss	\$	(716,267,455.27)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		83,767,547.81
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net		929,411.87
Inventories		619,271.31
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges		516,297.49
Accrued interest receivable		480,062.31
Accounts payable		(8,524,015.95)
Accrued liabilities		12,692,956.32
Deferred revenue		2,618,975.23
Deposits		1,720,950.91
Compensated absences		(2,371,261.91)
Other additions:		
Loans to students		841,250.03
Net cash used by operations	\$	<u>(622,976,009.85)</u>
<b>Noncash transactions</b>		
Unrealized loss on investments	\$	(165,157,015.04)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$	(2,798,593.41)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Reporting Entity**

The university is a component unit of the State of Tennessee because the state appoints the majority of the university's governing body and provides financial support. The university is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The University of Tennessee System is comprised of the University of Tennessee, the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, and the University of Tennessee at Martin. The University of Tennessee is comprised of the University of Tennessee Knoxville campus; the University of Tennessee Health Science Center, including the Memphis campus, the Memorial Research Center at Knoxville, Clinical Education Centers at Chattanooga and Knoxville, and Family Practice Centers at Jackson, Knoxville, and Memphis; the University of Tennessee Space Institute at Tullahoma; the University of Tennessee Institute of Agriculture, including the College of Agriculture at Knoxville, the Agricultural Experiment Stations, the Agricultural Extension Service, and the College of Veterinary Medicine at Knoxville; the Institute for Public Service, which includes the County Technical Assistance Service and the Municipal Technical Advisory Service; and the University-Wide Administration. The university is governed by a board of 23 members, including one student and one faculty member, all either *ex officio* or appointed by the Governor, who also serves as chairman. The president is the chief executive officer of the university system.

The University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., and the University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc., are considered component units of the university. Although the university does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the foundations, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the foundations hold and invest are restricted to the activities of the university by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the university, the foundations are considered component units of the university and are discretely presented in the university's financial statements. See Notes 22 and 23 for more detailed information about the component units and how to obtain their reports.

**Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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governmental colleges and universities engaged in business-type activities as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

**Basis of Accounting**

For financial statement purposes, the university is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The university has the option of following private-sector guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989, subject to the above limitation. The university has elected not to follow private-sector guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

Amounts reported as operating revenues include (1) tuition and fees, net of waivers and discounts; (2) federal appropriations; (3) certain federal, state, local, and private grants and contracts; (4) sales and services of educational departments; (5) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises; and (6) other sources of revenue. Operating expenses for the institution include (1) salaries and wages; (2) employee benefits; (3) scholarships and fellowships; (4) depreciation; and (5) utilities, supplies, and other services.

All other activity is nonoperating in nature. This activity includes (1) state and local appropriations for operations; (2) investment income; (3) interest on capital asset-related debt; (4) non-operating grants and contracts; and (5) gifts.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the institution's policy to use the restricted resources first.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**Cash Equivalents**

This classification includes instruments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

**Inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, based on the retail, specific identification, average cost, or first-in, first-out basis.

**Investments**

The university reports investments in commercial paper at amortized cost. The university had no investments in commercial paper at June 30, 2009. All other investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value.

The university holds investments in limited partnerships, limited companies, corporations, and limited liability corporations which are carried at estimated fair value provided by the management of these funds. The purpose of this alternative investment class is to increase portfolio diversification and reduce risk due to the low correlation with other asset classes. Methods for determining estimated fair values include discounted cash flows and estimates provided by general partners and fund managers. Because these investments are not readily marketable, the estimated fair value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed, and such differences could be material. The estimated fair values are reviewed and evaluated by the university.

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, software, and library holdings, are reported in the statement of net assets at historical cost or at fair value at date of donation, less accumulated depreciation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized.

A capitalization threshold of \$100,000 is used for buildings, land improvements, and infrastructure. Equipment and software are capitalized when the unit acquisition cost is \$5,000 or greater and the estimated useful life is one year or more. The capitalization threshold for additions and improvements to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements is also \$100,000. The capitalization threshold for additions and improvements to buildings is \$100,000 provided that amount exceeds 20% of the book value of the building.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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These assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 5 to 40 years.

**Accounts Payable**

Included in accounts payable are checks payable in the amount of \$11,124,768.42 as of June 30, 2009. These amounts represent the sum of checks written in excess of the university's checking account balance because of the use of a controlled disbursement account. In this way, the university maximizes interest income by transferring from an investment account only funds necessary to cover the checks that clear the bank daily.

**Compensated Absences**

The university's employees accrue annual leave at varying rates, depending on length of service or classification. Some employees also earn compensatory time. Generally, all permanent full-time employees and certain part-time employees are entitled to accrue and carry forward calendar year maximums of 42 days of annual vacation leave, except nine-month faculty members, who do not accrue annual leave. The amount of these liabilities and their related benefits are reported in the statement of net assets.

**Net Assets**

The institution's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This represents the institution's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Nonexpendable restricted net assets - Nonexpendable restricted net assets consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may be expendable or added to principal.

Expendable restricted net assets - Expendable restricted net assets include resources in which the university is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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Unrestricted net assets - Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the institution, and may be used at the discretion of the institution to meet current expenses for any purpose.

**Scholarship Discounts and Allowances**

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the university and the amount that is paid by the student and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the institution's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the institution has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

**Income Taxes**

The university, as a public corporation and an instrumentality of the State of Tennessee, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 115 of the *Internal Revenue Code*. Contributions to the university are deductible by donors as provided under Section 170 of the *Internal Revenue Code*.

**NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Investment Policy**

**Cash Management Investment Pool** - The University of Tennessee maintains a cash management investment pool that is available for use by all fund groups. State statutes and university investment policies authorize the university's cash management pool to invest in collateralized Tennessee bank or savings and loan association certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, repurchase agreements of those securities, highest quality commercial paper, prime bankers' acceptances, and money market mutual funds meeting certain criteria.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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University policy also requires that commercial paper not exceed 35% of the portfolio in total and that no more than 10% of the portfolio's value be in the commercial paper of a single issuer. In addition, banker's acceptances cannot exceed 20% of the portfolio's value and no one bank's acceptances may exceed 10%. Money market funds cannot exceed 10% of the portfolio's total value.

**Investments** - The university's assets subject to long-term investment (endowments and annuity and life income assets) use various external managers and funds consistent with investment objectives for those invested assets. A significant part of these assets is the university's Consolidated Investment Pool, which is a carefully crafted portfolio of broadly diversified asset classes.

**Deposits** - University policy and state statute require that university funds be deposited into authorized commercial banks and savings and loan associations. State statutes also require that these financial institutions pledge securities as collateral to secure university time and demand deposits. To facilitate the pledge requirement, financial institutions can elect to either participate in the State of Tennessee Collateral Pool for Public Deposits administered by the State Treasurer or pledge securities with a third party.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

In addition to petty cash and demand deposits, this classification includes instruments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. At June 30, 2009, cash and cash equivalents consisted of \$115,693,564.21 in bank accounts, \$1,473,879.00 of petty cash on hand, \$505,300,000.00 of certificates of deposit, and \$103,525,830.40 in the university's cash management investment pool.

The carrying amount of the university's deposits was \$620,993,564.21, and the bank balance including accrued interest was \$622,413,277.04.

Additionally, the university maintains custodial accounts at First Tennessee Bank and Citigroup for funds contractually managed by independent investment counsel. In accordance with the custody agreements, First Tennessee Bank and Citigroup placed cash equivalents totaling \$1,605,333.31 at June 30, 2009, in money market mutual funds.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the university's deposits may not be recovered. As stated earlier, state statutes require that all university deposits be in a qualified depository and secured through direct

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

collateralization or participation in the State Collateral Pool. As of June 30, 2009, all university deposits were adequately secured as required by state statute.

**Investments**

Investments in commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value, including those securities with a maturity date of one year or less. As of June 30, 2009, the university had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	Investment Maturities (In Years)			Cost
			1 to 5	6 to 10	10+	
<u>Cash Management Pool</u>						
<u>Cash Equivalents</u>						
<u>Debt Securities</u>						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 28,446,320.00	\$ 28,446,320.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,001,101.73
U.S. Agencies	75,079,510.40	75,079,510.40	-	-	-	73,378,850.12
	<u>103,525,830.40</u>	<u>103,525,830.40</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>101,379,951.85</u>
<u>Investments</u>						
<u>Debt Securities</u>						
U.S. Treasury	2,561,386.78	-	1,074,242.70	669,065.44	818,078.64	2,212,967.15
U.S. Agencies	6,865,577.50	90,741.60	1,034,338.90	3,989,454.00	1,751,043.00	6,401,005.49
Corporate bonds	26,249,804.54	2,718,547.75	14,216,548.25	8,893,617.29	421,091.25	25,908,650.79
Municipal bonds	3,724,364.45	-	1,749,525.00	647,156.25	1,327,683.20	3,976,927.93
Mortgages and notes	335,640.66	-	335,640.66	-	-	322,745.78
Bond mutual funds	36,039,438.51	-	8,085,291.00	33,640.82	27,920,506.69	39,853,315.67
	<u>75,776,212.44</u>	<u>2,809,289.35</u>	<u>26,495,586.51</u>	<u>14,232,933.80</u>	<u>32,238,402.78</u>	<u>78,675,612.81</u>
		<u>\$106,335,119.75</u>	<u>\$ 26,495,586.51</u>	<u>\$ 14,232,933.80</u>	<u>\$ 32,238,402.78</u>	
<u>Other Investments</u>						
Corporate Stocks:						
Domestic	55,748,713.79					65,392,148.62
International	2,699,376.09					2,975,599.79
Mutual funds – equity	144,323,345.32					198,789,794.25
Alternative investments:						
Private equity	76,755,330.00					97,895,649.19
Real estate investments	21,605,482.57					34,322,396.98
Natural resources	41,956,489.28					48,380,456.98
Hedge funds	90,689,781.93					97,499,081.01
Real estate gifts	6,167,700.87					7,058,720.67
Assets with trustees	5,086,973.73					5,634,562.47
Total investments and cash equivalents	<u>624,335,236.42</u>					<u>738,003,974.62</u>
Less: cash equivalents	103,525,830.40					101,379,951.85
Total investments	<u>\$ 520,809,406.02</u>					<u>\$ 636,624,022.77</u>

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a debt investment. The university does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The university's debt investments as of June 30, 2009, were rated by Moody's.

The university is authorized by statute to invest funds in accordance with University of Tennessee investment policies. Funds, other than endowment and annuity and life income funds, may be invested in collateralized Tennessee bank or savings and loan association certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, repurchase agreements of those securities, highest quality commercial paper, prime bankers' acceptances, and money market mutual funds meeting certain criteria. Endowment and life income funds can be invested in equity securities and various other securities given prudent diversification. The university has no investment policy limiting its investment choice based on ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies. As of June 30, 2009, the institution's investments were rated as follows:

<b>Rated Debt Instruments</b>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Aaa</u>	<u>Aa1</u>	<u>Aa2</u>	<u>Aa3</u>	<u>A1</u>
<u>Cash Management Pool</u>						
U.S. Treasury	\$ 28,446,320.00	\$ 28,446,320.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Agencies	75,079,510.40	75,079,510.40	-	-	-	-
<u>Investments</u>						
U.S. Treasury	2,561,386.78	2,512,714.78	-	-	-	-
U.S. Agencies	6,865,577.50	6,865,577.50	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	26,249,804.54	1,138,827.00	-	2,401,069.25	1,811,025.25	3,903,229.00
Municipal bonds	3,724,364.45	-	35,088.90	965,182.50	1,818,784.75	197,354.00
Mutual funds—bonds	36,039,438.51	24,019,317.07	-	9,629,685.67	-	-
Mortgages and notes	335,640.66	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Rated Debt Instruments</b>	<u>A2</u>	<u>A3</u>	<u>Baa1</u>	<u>Baa2</u>	<u>Baa3</u>	<u>Ba2</u>
<u>Cash Management Pool</u>						
U.S. Treasury	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Agencies	-	-	-	-	-	-

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

Investments

U.S. Treasury	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Agencies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	7,126,333.00	3,344,707.00	1,740,768.50	3,572,502.25	1,126,775.50	-
Municipal bonds	-	-	399,690.80	-	-	-
Mutual funds–bonds	43,584.12	-	-	2,229,468.77	-	117,382.38
Mortgages and notes	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Rated Debt Instruments**                      Unrated

Cash Management Pool

U.S. Treasury	-
U.S. Agencies	-

Investments

U.S. Treasury	48,672.00
U.S. Agencies	-
Corporate bonds	84,567.79
Municipal bonds	308,263.50
Mutual funds–bonds	-
Mortgages and notes	335,640.66

**Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the university will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2009, the university had \$5,086,973.73 of uninsured and unregistered investments held by a counterparty but not in the school’s name.

**Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the university’s investment in a single issuer. Other than the restrictions placed on the cash management investment pool described in the investment policies above, the university places no limit on the amount the university may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the university’s investments are invested in the following single issuer:

<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Percent of Total Investments/ Cash <u>Equivalents</u>
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$63,979,267.90	10.25%

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**Foreign Currency Risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a deposit or investment. The university has \$2,699,376.09 invested in foreign corporate equities at June 30, 2009.

**Alternative Investments**

In its Consolidated Investment Pool, as part of its endowment assets, the university has investments in 74 limited partnerships, limited companies, corporations, and limited liability corporations (LLCs).

These investments include 40 private equity funds, 3 real estate funds, 14 natural resource funds, and 17 hedge funds. The estimated fair value of these assets is \$231,007,083.78 at June 30, 2009.

Total capital contributions less returns of capital equal \$278,097,584.16 at June 30, 2009.

The university believes that the carrying amount of its alternative investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of June 30, 2009. Because these investments are not readily marketable, the estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed, and such differences could be material. These investments are made in accordance with the university's investment policy that approves the allocation of funds to various asset classes in order to ensure the proper level of diversification within the endowment pool. These investments (private equity, real assets, natural resources, and hedge funds) are designed to enhance diversification and provide reductions in overall portfolio volatility. These fair values are estimated by the general partner of each limited partnership or manager of each corporate entity using various valuation techniques.

The methods and assumptions used in estimating fair value vary based upon the asset class, but uniformly all start with the latest audited financial statements for the funds. Most funds issue audited financial statements on a calendar year basis. Using those audited fair values as a beginning point, valuations are adjusted for net capital activity and marketplace considerations to ascertain the reasonableness of estimated fair values provided by the fund managers. Marketplace activity includes subsequent independent appraisals for real assets, subsequent rounds of capital financings that include new investors for private/venture equity, and asset confirmations from brokers and fund administrators for hedge funds.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**NOTE 3. ENDOWMENT, ANNUITY, AND LIFE INCOME AGREEMENTS**

There are two categories of university assets which are subject to long-term investment: endowments and amounts held in trust under annuity and life income agreements. The investment of these funds is governed by the gift instrument and the investment policies established by the Board of Trustees.

Effective July 1, 1954, the university adopted the policy of investing endowment assets over which it had full investment discretion (and on which the donor or governing gift instrument does not require separate investment) in a Consolidated Investment Pool. This pooling of investments affords closer supervision of the investment portfolio and provides, regardless of size, the advantages of participation in a well-diversified portfolio of domestic and international equities, private equity, bonds, real estate, and hedge funds. All contributing endowments participate in the income and capital appreciation of the Pool on a per-share basis commensurate with their contributions to the Pool. New endowments purchase shares in the Pool at the end of each month at the then current fair value per share, determined by valuing the Pool at month-end fair value and dividing by the number of pool units outstanding.

If a donor has not provided specific instructions, state law permits the university to authorize for spending the net appreciation (realized and unrealized) of the investments of endowment funds. When administering its power to spend net appreciation, the university is required to consider the university's long-term and short-term needs, present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on its investments, price-level trends, and general economic conditions. Any net appreciation that is spent is required to be spent for the purposes for which the endowment was established.

The university chooses to spend only a portion of the investment income (including changes in the value of investments) each year. Under the spending plan established by the university, 5 percent of a three-year moving average of the fair value of endowment investments has been authorized for expenditure. The remaining amount, if any, is retained to be used in future years when the amount computed using the spending plan exceeds the investment income. At June 30, 2009, net appreciation of \$24,391,002.06 is available to be spent, of which \$24,026,332.97 is restricted for scholarships and fellowships, libraries, instructional department uses, academic support, and other purposes. The per-unit fair value for participating endowments was \$2.721628 at June 30, 2009. Income distributed was \$.20101 per share in 2009, or \$34,178,993.63.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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The university's consolidated investment pool is invested to maximize total return rather than current income consistent with provisions of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act adopted by the State of Tennessee in 2007. The total return for fiscal year 2009 and the three and five years then ended was (24.2%), (5.2%), and 1.6%, respectively.

All endowments not invested as part of the Consolidated Investment Pool are separately invested to observe requirements or limitations imposed by donors. Income earned and distributed on separately invested endowments amounted to \$849,721.65 for 2009.

Annuity and life income amounts held in trust are separately invested entities requiring detailed accounting to reflect specific compliance with terms of each trust and applicable federal regulations. The investment objectives as reflected in each agreement vary widely since they are affected by the age, income level, and needs of the beneficiaries as well as motives and objectives of the donors. Interest, dividend, rent, and royalty income realized on these funds for 2009 amounted to \$1,941,607.71.

**NOTE 4. ACCOUNTS, NOTES, AND GRANTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts, notes, and grants receivable included the following at June 30, 2009:

Student accounts receivable	\$ 8,984,837.69
Grants receivable	55,691,096.14
Notes receivable	3,731,907.98
Pledges receivable	43,982,467.68
State capital outlay and maintenance receivable	16,151,394.39
TSSBA debt proceeds receivable	11,947,855.33
Due from component units	1,851,023.55
Other receivables	<u>57,969,992.80</u>
Subtotal	200,310,575.56
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(23,713,013.63)</u>
Total	<u>\$176,597,561.93</u>

Pledges receivable are promises of private donations that are reported as accounts receivable and revenue, net of an estimated uncollectible allowance of \$8,796,493.54.

Federal Perkins Loan Program funds included the following at June 30, 2009:



**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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required. Net expenses for rentals under leases were \$8,454,722.56 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under noncancelable operating leases that have initial or remaining lease terms of more than one year at June 30, 2009. Only one such lease is currently in effect. Annual payments on this particular lease fluctuate in direct proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index as required by contractual agreement. The schedule below is calculated based on the April 2009 Consumer Price Index (213.24).

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	
2010	\$ 13,207.00
2011	13,207.00
2012	<u>13,207.00</u>
Total minimum payments required	<u>\$ 39,621.00</u>

**NOTE 7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

Accounts payable included the following:

	<u>June 30, 2009</u>
Vendors payable	\$69,469,908.60
Payroll deductions payable	<u>19,747,674.30</u>
Total	<u>\$89,217,582.90</u>

**NOTE 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Long-term liabilities:					
Bonds	\$338,997,327.11	\$ 89,073,369.60	\$ 30,569,159.34	\$ 397,501,537.37	\$ 24,634,618.65
Commercial paper	<u>122,968,123.28</u>	<u>76,367,780.13</u>	<u>78,593,919.52</u>	<u>120,741,983.89</u>	<u>-</u>
Total TSSBA indebtedness	<u>461,965,450.39</u>	<u>165,441,149.73</u>	<u>109,163,078.86</u>	<u>518,243,521.26</u>	<u>24,634,618.65</u>
Notes	34,701.99	-	11,187.87	23,514.12	11,640.59
Capital lease obligations	2,710,120.13	-	702,799.91	2,007,320.22	824,327.12
Net OPEB obligation	19,923,248.24	18,885,739.14	-	38,808,987.38	-
Compensated absences	<u>76,026,518.02</u>	<u>38,472,325.84</u>	<u>40,843,587.74</u>	<u>73,655,256.12</u>	<u>40,843,587.75</u>
Total long-term liabilities	560,660,038.77	222,799,214.71	150,720,654.38	632,738,599.10	<u>\$ 66,314,174.11</u>
Other noncurrent liabilities:					
Deferred revenue	15,500,438.71	-	-	15,500,438.71	
Due to grantors	35,367,779.86	830,015.31	293,675.68	35,904,119.49	
Annuities payable	<u>6,995,645.00</u>	<u>329,223.38</u>	<u>1,220,653.16</u>	<u>6,104,215.22</u>	
Totals	<u>\$618,523,902.34</u>	<u>\$223,958,453.40</u>	<u>\$152,234,983.22</u>	<u>\$ 690,247,372.52</u>	

**TSSBA Debt – Bonds**

Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 1.3% to 7.15%, were issued by the Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA). The bonds are due serially to 2038 and are secured by pledges of the facilities' revenues to which they relate and certain other revenues and fees of the university, including state appropriations. The bonded indebtedness with the Tennessee State School Bond Authority included in long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets is shown net of assets held by the authority in the debt service reserve, capitalized interest, unexpended debt proceeds, and unaccreted bonds payable. The total bonded indebtedness at June 30, 2009, was \$427,405,549.49. The debt service reserve amount at June 30, 2009, was \$12,914,931.33, the capitalized interest was \$99,571.24, and unspent debt proceeds were \$16,753,223.86. Unaccreted bonds payable at June 30, 2009, were \$136,285.69.

Included in the total outstanding indebtedness is a \$75,093 note with Chattanooga Agricultural Credit Association. The five-year note is for the construction of a farm building at UT – Martin. This note carries an interest rate of 4% and is due semi-annually to July 1, 2011. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2009, is \$23,514.12.

The university's debt service requirements (TSSBA and the five-year note) to maturity for all bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2009, are as follows:

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest and <u>Administrative Fees</u>
2010	\$ 24,646,259.24	\$ 20,088,068.40
2011	22,310,509.94	19,153,202.86
2012	21,531,070.20	18,266,941.57
2013	21,241,076.53	17,399,212.29
2014	21,765,628.33	16,409,167.03
2015-2019	89,341,098.99	69,040,279.13
2020-2024	90,606,497.06	47,311,884.54
2025-2029	68,826,077.77	26,929,697.33
2030-2034	50,067,309.34	11,736,091.12
2035-2038	<u>17,093,536.21</u>	<u>2,174,566.26</u>
	<u>\$ 427,429,063.61</u>	<u>\$ 248,509,110.53</u>

**TSSBA Debt - Commercial Paper**

The Tennessee State School Bond Authority issues commercial paper to finance the costs of various capital projects during their construction phase. When projects are placed in service, long-term, fixed-rate debt is issued by TSSBA to finance the project over its useful payback period and the commercial paper is redeemed. The amount issued for projects at the university was \$120,741,983.89 at June 30, 2009.

For the commercial paper program, the Tennessee State School Bond Authority maintains an interest rate reserve fund. The university contributes amounts to the reserve fund based on the amounts drawn. The principal of the reserve will be contributed to pay off notes or credited back to the university when the notes are converted to bonds. The interest earned on the reserve is used to pay interest due during the month.

More detailed information regarding the bonds and commercial paper can be found in the notes to the financial statements in the financial report for the Tennessee State School Bond Authority. That report is available on the state's website at <http://www.tn.gov/comptroller/bf/tssbacafr.htm>.

**Capital Lease Obligations**

The university leases certain items of equipment accounted for as capital leases. The capitalized cost of the assets under lease at June 30, 2009, was \$3,126,282.87. Accumulated amortization of the leased assets at June 30, 2009, was \$1,118,962.65.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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Future minimum lease payments under capital leases at June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30</u>	
2010	\$824,327.12
2011	679,628.71
2012	<u>679,628.71</u>
Total	2,183,584.54
Less: amount representing interest	<u>(176,264.32)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u><u>\$2,007,320.22</u></u>

**NOTE 9. UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS**

Unrestricted net assets include funds that have been designated for specific purposes. These purposes include the following:

	<u>June 30, 2009</u>
Working capital	\$34,560,968.41
Encumbrances	4,287,498.47
Auxiliaries	8,086,491.32
Quasi-endowments	10,207,650.93
Plant construction	24,994,794.25
Renewal and replacement of capital assets	207,219,813.64
Debt retirement	24,169,918.53
Undesignated	<u>(19,514,392.70)</u>
Total	<u><u>\$294,012,742.85</u></u>

**NOTE 10. PLEDGED REVENUES**

The University of Tennessee has pledged certain revenues and fees, including state appropriations, to repay \$397,501,537.37 in revenue bonds issued from May 1976 to April 2009. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for construction and

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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renovation projects. The bonds are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 3.53% of available revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$675,913,479.68. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total available revenues were \$45,143,964.64 and \$1,279,887,297.84, respectively.

**NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS**

**Defined Benefit Plans**

**Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System**

Plan Description

The University of Tennessee contributes to the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan (SETHEEPP), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). TCRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes benefit provisions. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SETHEEPP. That report is available on the state's website at <http://www.tn.gov/treasury/tcrs/index.html>.

Funding Policy

Plan members are noncontributory. The university is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 13.02% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements for the university are established and may be amended by the TCRS' Board of Trustees. The university's contributions to TCRS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, were \$37,963,757.88, \$39,356,714.98, and \$37,574,415.22, respectively. Contributions met the requirements for each year.

**Federal Retirement Program**

Plan Description

The University of Tennessee contributes to the Federal Retirement Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) for participants employed prior to January 1,

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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1984, and the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) for participants employed after December 31, 1983. Both systems provide retirement, death, and disability benefits, as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. All regular full-time employees of the University of Tennessee Agricultural Extension Service who hold federal appointments for 51% or more of their time are required to participate in either one of the two Federal Retirement Programs. For both systems, benefit provisions are established in federal statutes. Federal statutes are amended by the U.S. Congress.

CSRS and FERS issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Office of Personnel Management, Retirement Information Office, P.O. Box 45, Boyers, PA 16017-0045, or by calling (202) 606-0500.

Funding Policy

Participating employees, with some exceptions, are required by federal statute to contribute 7.0% of covered salaries to the CSRS plan. The university is currently required to contribute 7.0%. Contributions to CSRS for the year ended June 30, 2009, were \$1,050,294.31, which consisted of \$540,493.79 from the university and \$509,800.52 from the employees; contributions for the year ended June 30, 2008, were \$1,157,970.84, which consisted of \$597,028.11 from the university and \$560,942.73 from the employees; and contributions for the year ended June 30, 2007, were \$1,184,643.44, which consisted of \$610,128.50 from the university and \$574,514.94 from the employees.

Federal statute requires employees participating in FERS to contribute 0.8% of their salaries to the Basic Benefit Plan. The university is required to contribute 11.2%. In addition, the university is required to contribute 1% of each participant's salary to the Thrift Savings Plan plus up to an additional 4% depending upon employees' contributions, which can range from 0 to 10% of their salaries. Contributions for the Basic Benefit Plan were \$1,050,561.11 for the year ended June 30, 2009, which consisted of \$70,037.34 from employees and \$980,523.77 from the university; \$1,049,011.37 for the year ended June 30, 2008, which consisted of \$69,934.30 from employees and \$979,077.07 from the university; and \$1,013,260.65 for the year ended June 30, 2007, which consisted of \$67,551.28 from employees and \$945,709.37 from the university. Contributions for the Thrift Savings Plan were \$1,065,023.00 for the year ended June 30, 2009, which consisted of \$653,541.00 from employees and \$411,482.00 from the university; \$1,083,359.00 for the year ended June 30, 2008, which consisted of \$671,460.00 from employees and \$411,899.00 from the

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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university; and \$1,052,295.00 for the year ended June 30, 2007, which consisted of \$655,004.00 from employees and \$397,291.00 from the university. Contributions met the requirements for each year.

**Defined Contribution Plans**

**Optional Retirement Plans (ORP)**

Plan Description

The university contributes to three defined contribution plans: Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association–College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF), Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company, and Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). These plans are administered by the Tennessee Department of the Treasury. Each plan provides retirement benefits to faculty and staff who are exempt from the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act and who waive membership in the TCRS. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Plan provisions are established by state statute in Title 8, Chapter 35, Part 4, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly.

Funding Policy

Plan members are noncontributory. The university contributes an amount equal to 10% of the employee's base salary below the social security wage base and 11% above the social security wage base. Contribution requirements are established and amended by state statute. The contribution made by the university to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2009, was \$40,895,926.05 and for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$40,350,986.48. Contributions met the requirements for each year.

**Joint Contributory Retirement System Plan A (JCRS-A)**

Plan Description

The Joint Contributory Retirement System Plan A (JCRS-A) is a defined contribution plan with minimum benefits and is administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System and TIAA-CREF. Employees who were enrolled in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association-College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF) before July 1977 are members of JCRS-A. Enrollment in this plan for new employees has been closed since July 1977. Although JCRS-A members participate in Aetna, TIAA-CREF, or VALIC, they may also, under certain circumstances, receive a supplementary benefit from the State of Tennessee. Plan provisions are established

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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by *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Chapter 35, Part 4. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly.

Funding Policy

Plan members are noncontributory. The university's contributions for JCRS-A members were calculated using the base salary amounts of \$32,362,289.10 for fiscal year 2009, and \$35,357,200.98 for fiscal year 2008. Contribution requirements are established and amended by state statute. The contributions are included in the ORP amounts. University contributions to fund the state supplemental benefit totaled \$4,211,189.80 in fiscal year 2009, and \$4,817,586.81 in fiscal year 2008. Contributions met the requirements for each year.

**Deferred Compensation Plans**

The University of Tennessee offers its employees three deferred compensation plans. The university, through the State of Tennessee, provides two plans, one established pursuant to *Internal Revenue Code* (IRC), Section 457, and the other pursuant to IRC, Section 401(k). The third plan is administered by the university and was established in accordance with IRC, Section 403(b). These plans, available to all university employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salaries to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All costs of administering and funding these plans, with the exclusion of the \$50 monthly university match for the Section 401(k) plan, are the responsibility of plan participants.

Since Section 457 and 401(k) plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees and a third-party administrator is used to administer the plan assets, they are not presented in the State of Tennessee financial statements. In fiscal year 2009, the university provided a \$50 monthly match from unrestricted funds for employees making a minimum monthly contribution of \$50 to the Section 401(k) plan. During the year ended June 30, 2009, contributions totaling \$17,655,079.08 were made by employees participating in the plan, with a related match of \$5,564,617.39 made by the university. During the year ended June 30, 2008, contributions totaling \$17,711,558.01 were made by employees participating in the plan, with a related match of \$5,562,078.86 made by the university. In accordance with the IRC, employee contributions through the 403(b) plan remain the assets of the employee. In addition, the amounts withheld from employees are remitted directly to third-party administrators. Therefore, these employee contributions are not reflected in the university's financial statements.

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Healthcare is the only “other postemployment benefit” (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible university retirees. This program includes two plans—the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA)* Section 8-27-201 for the state plan and *TCA* 8-27-701 for the Medicare Supplement Plan. Prior to reaching age 65, retirees may participate in the State Employee Group Plan. Members of this plan have the option of choosing a preferred provider organization (PPO), point of service (POS), or health maintenance organization (HMO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, retirees who are also in the state’s retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan that does not include pharmacy. The state makes on-behalf payments to the Medicare Supplement Plan for the university’s eligible retirees; see Note 21. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state’s website at <http://tennessee.gov/finance/act/cafr.html>, or by calling (615) 741-2140.

**Special Funding Situation**

The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the University of Tennessee. The state is the sole contributor for the university retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

**Funding Policy**

The premium requirements of members of the State Employee Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to participants. Retirees in the State Employee Group Plan pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 20 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium.

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UT Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

State Employee  
Group Plan

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$30,980,000.00
Interest on the net OPEB obligation	897,000.00
Adjustment to the ARC	<u>(873,000.00)</u>
Annual OPEB cost	31,004,000.00
Amount of contribution	<u>(12,118,260.86)</u>
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	18,885,739.14
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	<u>19,923,248.24</u>
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	<u>\$38,808,987.38</u>

<u>Year-end</u>	<u>Plan</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation at Year-end</u>
6/30/2009	State Employee Group Plan	\$31,004,000.00	39.09%	\$38,808,987.38
6/30/2008	State Employee Group Plan	\$30,603,000.00	34.90%	\$19,923,248.24

**Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the university's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2007, was as follows:

	State Employee Group Plan
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2007
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$294,669,000.00
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	294,669,000.00
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	616,687,517.00
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll	47.8%

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2007, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7% initially, increased to 11% in the second year and then reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after 12 years. Both rates include a 3% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007.

**NOTE 13. CHAIRS OF EXCELLENCE**

Since fiscal year 1985, the Tennessee General Assembly has appropriated \$22 million to a Chairs of Excellence Endowment for the University of Tennessee. The appropriations provided that the Chairs of Excellence Endowment be established as an irrevocable trust with the State Treasurer and required the university to match the appropriation on a dollar-for-dollar basis. The university has fully matched 50 chairs as of June 30, 2009. The financial statements of the university include as expenditures the amounts expended in the current year to match the state appropriations. The university's statement of net assets does not include the amounts held in trust by the State Treasurer. At June 30, 2009, the amounts held in trust totaled \$93,294,808.60 at fair value.

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**NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURE**

The university is a participant in a joint venture with Battelle Memorial Institute for the sole purpose of management and operation of the Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) for the U.S. Department of Energy. Each entity has a 50% interest in the venture, each having provided an initial investment of \$125,000.00. The university's equity interest was \$4,524,510.00 at June 30, 2009. The university and Battelle each receive a 50% distribution of the ORNL management fee after shared expenses are deducted. The fee distribution for the year ended September 30, 2008, to the university was \$3,399,510.23.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the university had expenses of \$18,381,006.00 under contracts with UT-Battelle. Amounts receivable from UT-Battelle under these contracts totaled \$2,291,109.00 at June 30, 2009. To review the audit report of UT-Battelle, please contact the Controller's Office, The University of Tennessee, 201 Andy Holt Tower, Knoxville, Tennessee 37996-0100.

**NOTE 15. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES**

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property, flood, earthquake, and builder's risk losses and surety bond coverage on the state's officials and employees. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The Risk Management Fund is also responsible for claims for damages to state-owned property up to the amount of the property insurance aggregate deductible amount. The insurance policy deductibles vary from \$25,000 per occurrence, depending on the type of coverage, to an aggregate of \$5 million.

The university participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the university based on a percentage of the university's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information

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regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2009, and June 30, 2008, are presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The CAFR is available on the state's website at <http://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.html>. Since the university participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the university for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2009, the Risk Management Fund held \$127 million in cash and cash equivalents designated for payment of claims.

At June 30, 2009, the scheduled coverage for the university was \$4,304,613,300 for buildings and \$1,096,252,300 for contents.

The university also carries commercial insurance for losses related to hired and non-owned automobiles, losses related to railroad protection, and losses related to six university-owned aircraft. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The university participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the university based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

## **NOTE 16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

### **Construction Commitment**

The university has contractual obligations for the construction of new buildings and additions to and renovations of existing buildings. The outstanding commitments under such contracts at June 30, 2009, were \$110,220,223.50.

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**Sick Leave**

The university records the cost of sick leave when paid. Generally, since sick leave (earned one day per month with unlimited accumulation) is paid only when an employee dies or is absent due to illness or injury, there is no liability for sick leave at June 30, 2009. The amount of unused sick leave was \$253,099,069.62 at June 30, 2009.

**Grants and Contracts**

The university receives grants and contracts from various federal and state agencies to fund research and other activities. The costs, both direct and indirect, charged to these grants and contracts are subject to audit and disallowance by the granting agency. The university administration believes that any disallowance or adjustments would not have a material effect on the university's financial position.

**Nonvested Equipment**

Equipment in the possession of the university valued at \$3,360,869.58 as of June 30, 2009, is not reflected in the financial statements. This equipment was purchased with restricted grant and contract funds and other funds, and title has not yet transferred to the university.

**Litigation**

The university is involved in several lawsuits, none of which are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the university.

**NOTE 17. LEASE AND TRANSFER OF UT MEMORIAL RESEARCH CENTER AND HOSPITAL**

On July 29, 1999, the university transferred ownership and control of its hospital located in Knoxville to University Health Systems, Inc., (UHS), an independent, private, not-for-profit organization operating under its own *Internal Revenue Code*, Section 501(c)(3) designation. The lease and transfer of the hospital from the university to UHS was accomplished through three main agreements: the Lease and Transfer Agreement, the Employee Services Agreement, and the Affiliation Agreement. Each of these agreements is summarized below.

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**Lease and Transfer Agreement**

Pursuant to the enabling legislation, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 49-9-112 and Section 49-9-1301 et seq., UHS leased from the university the real property of the existing hospital and the Graduate School of Medicine. (See also Note 18.) The term of the lease is 50 years. The university also transferred to UHS all operating assets of the hospital. The consideration for the lease of the real property and transfer of the operating assets was payment by UHS of (a) a sum sufficient to economically defease all of the debt issued by the Tennessee State School Bond Authority in the amount of \$149,080,353.69, (b) \$25,000,000.00 paid to the university at closing, and (c) a variable lease obligation of \$50,000,000.00 to be paid to the university over 20 years. UHS assumed all prior hospital liabilities, known or unknown. In 2019, the university and UHS have agreed to negotiate an annual lease payment for the remaining 30 years of the lease.

**Employee Services Agreement**

UHS has leased from the university all hospital employees as of the date of closing. UHS has paid to the university the amounts incurred by the university to pay the direct expenses relating to the hospital employees, including wages, salaries, and fringe benefits. These payroll expenses on behalf of UHS, totaling \$73,736,266.99 in 2009, are reported as operating expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. An equal amount of operating revenue is reported in the non-governmental grants and contracts category. The term of the Employee Services Agreement is 50 years. All persons who began service at the hospital after the date the employee service agreement was signed are employees of UHS and not university employees.

**Affiliation Agreement**

The university and UHS agreed that UHS will continue to support the Graduate School of Medicine by providing appropriate facilities and resources of the hospital to the faculty and students at the Graduate School of Medicine. UHS agreed to pay the university \$1,500,000 at closing for the benefit of the Graduate School of Medicine. In addition, UHS must pay monthly to the university, for the benefit of the Graduate School of Medicine, the government funding, direct and indirect medical education funds, TennCare medical education funds, and other medical education funds received by UHS for the benefit of the Graduate School of Medicine. The amount payable by UHS shall be reduced by (a) the fair market rental value of the space provided to the Graduate School of Medicine; (b) the fair market value of the information system, telecommunication, network infrastructure, and human resource

**The University of Tennessee**  
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services provided by UHS to the Graduate School of Medicine; and (c) retroactive adjustments made by payers to the graduate medical education payments.

**NOTE 18. CAPITAL LEASES OF REAL PROPERTY**

**Capital Lease of Real Property to University Health Systems, Inc.**

The university has leased the real property of the UT Memorial Research Center and Hospital to UHS for a term of 50 years. This lease is pursuant to the Lease and Transfer Agreement described in Note 17. This lease is classified as a direct financing lease. The guaranteed lease payment of \$50 million will be paid by UHS in annual payments through 2019. The amount of the annual payments will equal the lesser of (1) 20% of the hospital's net operating profit for the applicable calendar year; or (2) \$3 million or the greater amount resulting from the application of an index, as specified in the agreement. The payment of \$50 million is guaranteed by December 31, 2019. In 2019, the university and UHS have agreed to negotiate an annual lease payment for the remaining 30 years of the lease. The university did not receive a lease payment in fiscal year 2009.

The university recorded a lease payment receivable in the amount of \$32,615,156.04 at June 30, 2009, which represents the net present value of the guaranteed \$50 million discounted at 5.75%. The minimum lease payments to be received amount has been adjusted upward to reflect a contractually required adjustment to the final required lease payment.

	<u>June 30, 2009</u>
Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$55,237,837.33
Less: unearned income	<u>(22,622,681.29)</u>
Net investment in direct financing lease	<u>\$32,615,156.04</u>

**Capital Lease of Real Property to Memphis Mental Health Institute**

On November 5, 2005, the university entered into a facility lease agreement with the Tennessee Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities (TDMHDD) to provide a new building to house the Memphis Mental Health Institute. The building is a joint project of the university, Methodist Healthcare, Shelby County

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Health Care Authority (the MED), the State of Tennessee, and Shelby County. This lease is classified as a direct financing lease. The guaranteed lease payments will be paid by TDMHDD in semiannual payments through 2027. The amount of the semiannual payments will equal the amount to retire the debt from the construction project and any other project costs incurred by the university in excess of the funds contributed by Methodist Healthcare and the MED. During the term of the lease, TDMHDD will be responsible for all operational and maintenance costs associated with the facility.

The university recorded a lease payment receivable in the amount of \$16,121,975.82 at June 30, 2009:

Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$23,504,050.31
Less: unearned income	<u>(7,382,074.49)</u>
Net investment in direct financing lease	<u><u>\$16,121,975.82</u></u>

Year Ended	Minimum Lease Payments to Be	Interest	Principal
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Received</u>		
2010	\$ 1,351,551.38	\$ 721,668.37	\$ 629,883.01
2011	1,352,874.66	693,472.90	659,401.76
2012	1,354,253.50	663,956.08	690,297.42
2013	1,355,690.26	633,056.29	722,633.97
2014	1,357,185.02	600,709.01	756,476.01
2015-2019	6,810,611.76	2,462,775.25	4,347,836.51
2020-2024	6,858,706.60	1,394,250.89	5,464,455.71
2025-2027	<u>3,063,177.13</u>	<u>212,185.70</u>	<u>2,850,991.43</u>
	<u><u>\$23,504,050.31</u></u>	<u><u>\$7,382,074.49</u></u>	<u><u>\$16,121,975.82</u></u>

**NOTE 19. AGREEMENTS WITH METHODIST HEALTHCARE**

On November 1, 2002, the university transferred management and operations of its hospital located in Memphis to Methodist Healthcare (Methodist), a Tennessee non-profit corporation. The transfer of the hospital management and operations from the university to Methodist was accomplished through three main agreements: the Management Agreement, the Employee Services Agreement, and the Affiliation Agreement. Each of these agreements is summarized below.

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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**Management Agreement**

The university and Methodist entered into a management agreement whereby Methodist managed the operations of William F. Bowld Hospital from November 1, 2002, until July 24, 2004, the date all services comprising the hospital were relocated to Methodist University Hospital. The William F. Bowld Hospital was closed and the building was demolished.

**Employee Services Agreement**

Methodist leased from the university all hospital employees as of the date of closing. Methodist has paid to the university the amounts incurred by the university to pay the direct expenses relating to the hospital employees, including wages, salaries, and fringe benefits. These payroll expenses on behalf of Methodist, totaling \$122,224.47 in 2009, are reported as operating expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. An equal amount of operating revenue is reported in the non-governmental grants and contracts category. The term of the Employee Services Agreement is from the effective date until there are no longer leased employees.

All persons who began service at the hospital after the date the employee service agreement was signed are employees of Methodist and not university employees.

**Affiliation Agreement**

The university and Methodist entered into a Master Affiliation Agreement dated March 18, 2002, wherein Methodist agreed to support the continuous development and improvement of the medical education, research, and public service programs of the university. The university and Methodist agreed that Methodist Central Hospital (renamed Methodist University Hospital) and LeBonheur Children's Medical Center (also a Methodist Hospital) will be the principal private teaching hospitals for the university in the Shelby County area.

The university shall be entitled to reimbursement for its expenses associated with the graduate medical education program rendered under this agreement including the costs of coverage under the Tennessee Claims Commission Act and defense costs. The university will cooperate, support, and assist in seeking adequate reimbursement from Medicare and the State of Tennessee for graduate medical education. The costs of providing residents and medical faculty supervision at Methodist will be paid by the university, and the pro rata costs will be reimbursed by Methodist based upon the actual costs associated with the program at Methodist. Specific financial arrangements for residents and faculty will be negotiated annually and incorporated

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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annually by addendum into this Master Affiliation Agreement as part of the Methodist annual budgeting process. The annual addendum will specify the numbers of faculty and residents to be provided along with the costs to be annually reimbursed under this agreement.

**NOTE 20. NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS**

The university's operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2009, are as follows:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Salaries</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Natural Classification Utilities, Supplies, and Other Services</u>	<u>Scholarships</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Total</u>
Instruction	\$363,897,940.52	\$106,523,662.29	\$ 56,850,637.87	\$ -	\$ -	\$527,272,240.68
Research	112,906,045.06	31,811,635.26	61,597,605.75	-	-	206,315,286.07
Public service	71,506,312.99	27,104,780.94	32,325,630.64	-	-	130,936,724.57
Academic support	68,934,202.84	25,554,130.57	18,606,581.56	-	-	113,094,914.97
Student services	37,764,749.19	14,077,975.46	23,398,380.05	-	-	75,241,104.70
Institutional support	72,438,721.85	26,723,826.00	-	-	-	99,162,547.85
Operation & maintenance of plant	32,852,183.49	15,866,676.48	66,315,914.55	-	-	115,034,774.52
Scholarships & fellowships	3,344,499.85	18,699,994.66	17,234,460.09	32,504,687.15	-	71,783,641.75
Auxiliary	44,436,924.17	12,130,098.75	64,723,421.08	-	-	121,290,444.00
Independent operations	53,699,123.39	20,982,104.91	-	-	-	74,681,228.30
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	83,767,547.81	83,767,547.81
Total expenses	<u>\$861,780,703.35</u>	<u>\$299,474,885.32</u>	<u>\$341,052,631.59</u>	<u>\$32,504,687.15</u>	<u>\$83,767,547.81</u>	<u>\$1,618,580,455.22</u>

**NOTE 21. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$839,534.00 on behalf of the university for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan. The Medicare Supplement Plan is a post-employment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 12. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <http://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.html>.

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**NOTE 22. COMPONENT UNIT – UNIVERSITY OF CHATTANOOGA FOUNDATION**

The University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Reporting for Non-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from revenue recognition criteria and presentation features as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements of this foundation have been reformatted into a GASB format and are reported in a separate column to the right of the university's statements.

The University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga. The foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the university in support of the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga. The 48 member board of trustees of the foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of friends of the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga. Although the university does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the university by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, the foundation is considered a component unit of the university and is discretely presented in the university's financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the foundation expended \$8,182,340.00 to or on behalf of the university for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the foundation can be obtained from the University of Chattanooga Foundation, Development Office, Department 6806, 615 McCallie Avenue, Chattanooga, TN 37403-2598.

**Organization and Nature of Activities**

University of Chattanooga Foundation, Inc., is a supporting organization under the provisions of Section 509(a)(3) of the *Internal Revenue Code*, dedicated to supporting excellence in higher education through special projects for the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga. Proposals for special projects are submitted by the chancellor of the university and approved by the foundation's Board of Trustees and the University of Tennessee Board of Trustees.

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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**Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements of the foundation include the accounts of the foundation and its subsidiaries, Campus Development Foundation, Inc. (CDFI) and CDFI Phase I, LLC (the LLC). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The foundation and CDFI have fiscal years that end on June 30. The LLC's fiscal year ends on July 31 in order to reflect the operating cycle of collegiate student housing. The impact of any intervening transactions during the one-month period between fiscal year ends is not significant. At June 30, 2009, the foundation's statement of net assets reflects \$1,190,144 of LLC deposits held at the university which were not actually transferred to the university until July 2009.

CDFI was formed by the foundation during 2001 to engage in charitable, scientific, and educational projects within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the *Internal Revenue Code*. The projects include, but are not limited to, the acquisition of real property and the construction, management, and operation of dormitories for students of the university. The Directors of CDFI are appointed by the Executive Committee of the foundation.

CDFI is the sole member of its subsidiary, the LLC. The LLC was formed to own and develop an elementary school in downtown Chattanooga and student housing at the university. The first phase of the student housing, consisting of 455 bedrooms in 149 units, was completed and leased to students in August 2001. The second phase of the student housing, consisting of 584 bedrooms in 158 units, was completed and leased to students in August 2002. The third and final phase of the student housing, consisting of 576 bedrooms in 144 units, was completed and leased to students in October 2004.

**Investments**

A summary of foundation investments at June 30, 2009, is as follows:

Equity securities (cost of \$53,248,001)	\$41,412,164
Debt securities (cost of \$8,985,013)	9,016,148
Real estate	1,800,700
Limited partnerships	26,864,474
Other	<u>12,768</u>
Total	<u>\$79,106,254</u>

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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The foundation also has investments restricted by the terms of the revenue bonds described below totaling \$7,710,872.

**Property and Equipment**

A summary of foundation property and equipment at June 30, 2009, is as follows:

Land	\$ 8,241,032
Buildings	74,808,884
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	<u>4,309,328</u>
	87,359,244
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(20,331,809)</u>
Total	<u>\$67,027,435</u>

**Revenue Bonds Payable**

During May 2005, the Health, Educational, and Housing Facility Board of the City of Chattanooga issued two series of tax-exempt revenue refunding bonds totaling \$91,510,000. The LLC is the borrower on the bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bonds were primarily used to retire early the three series of tax-exempt revenue bonds issued in 2000 and 2001. The 2000 and 2001 bonds were used to acquire land, fund construction of the student housing, and develop an elementary school near the student housing.

Revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2009, consist of the following:

Series 2005A revenue refunding bonds, interest rates fixed at 5.0% to 5.125% payable semi-annually, annual redemption payments due through October 1, 2035	\$66,080,000
Series 2005B revenue refunding bonds, interest rates fixed at 5.5% to 6.0% payable semi-annually, annual redemption payments due through October 1, 2035	<u>20,980,000</u>
	87,060,000
Less: unamortized discount	<u>(1,942,243)</u>
Total	<u>\$85,117,757</u>

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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Sinking fund requirements for scheduled redemptions of the revenue bonds for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	
2010	\$ 1,550,000
2011	1,630,000
2012	1,715,000
2013	1,800,000
2014	1,895,000
Thereafter	<u>78,470,000</u>
	<u>\$87,060,000</u>

**Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The revenue bonds described above restrict the use of certain cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2009, as follows:

Renewal and replacement reserves	\$ 298,747
Restricted for debt service payments	<u>2,741,746</u>
Total	<u>\$3,040,493</u>

**Fair Value Measurements**

As of July 1, 2008, the foundation adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, (SFAS 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements.

SFAS 157 requires the categorization of assets and liabilities into three levels based upon the assumptions (inputs) used to value the assets or liabilities. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value, whereas Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the foundation has the ability to access.

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Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs that reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Balance as of June 30, 2009	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets:</b>				
Equity securities	\$41,412,164	\$41,358,050	\$ 54,114	\$ -
Debt securities	9,016,148	27,168	8,988,980	-
Real estate	1,800,700	-	1,800,700	-
Limited partnerships	26,864,474	-	-	26,864,474
Other	<u>12,768</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,768</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>79,106,254</u>	<u>41,385,218</u>	<u>10,856,562</u>	<u>26,864,474</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Deposits received for the benefit of University of Tennessee at Chattanooga	<u>3,143,524</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,143,524</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 3,143,524</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,143,524</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

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The table below presents additional information about assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by reliance on Level 3 inputs to determine fair value.

	<u>Limited Partnerships</u>
Beginning balance	\$33,134,127
Total realized and unrealized gains and losses included in earnings	(7,520,061)
Purchases, issuances, and settlements	<u>1,250,408</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$26,864,474</u>

**Endowments**

The foundation's endowment consists of approximately 280 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of the foundation have interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

1. The duration and preservation of the fund.

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2. The purposes of the foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund.
3. General economic conditions.
4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation.
5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments.
6. Other resources of the foundation.
7. The investment policies of the foundation.

Endowment net assets by type of fund consist of the following at June 30, 2009. Due to GASB reformatting, temporarily restricted net assets are reported as expendable restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets are reported as nonexpendable restricted net assets on the statement of net assets.

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Permanently Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Donor-restricted funds	\$(1,658,572)	\$1,247,997	\$36,194,076	\$35,783,501
Board-designated funds	<u>47,483,930</u>	-	-	<u>47,483,930</u>
	<u>\$45,825,358</u>	<u>\$1,247,997</u>	<u>\$36,194,076</u>	<u>\$83,267,431</u>

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Permanently Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Endowment net assets, at beginning of year	\$62,711,880	\$1,124,867	\$46,687,687	\$110,524,434
Investment income	(630,638)	1,110,496	(1,809,691)	(1,329,833)
Net depreciation	(11,769,269)	-	(9,635,600)	(21,404,869)
Contributions	349,887	-	500,918	850,805
Appropriations	(3,414,370)	(1,997,719)	-	(5,412,089)
Transfers	<u>(1,422,132)</u>	<u>1,010,353</u>	<u>450,762</u>	<u>38,983</u>
Endowment net assets, end of year	<u>\$45,825,358</u>	<u>\$1,247,997</u>	<u>\$36,194,076</u>	<u>\$ 83,267,431</u>

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**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
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Descriptions of endowment amounts classified as permanently restricted net assets and temporarily restricted net assets:

Permanently restricted net assets:

The portion of perpetual endowment funds that is required to be retained permanently either by explicit donor stipulation or by UPMIFA	<u>\$36,194,076</u>
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Total endowment funds classified as permanently restricted net assets	<u>\$36,194,076</u>
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Temporarily restricted net assets:

The portion of perpetual endowment funds subject to a time restriction under UPMIFA	<u>\$ 1,247,997</u>
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Total endowment funds classified as temporarily restricted net assets	<u>\$ 1,247,997</u>
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Funds With Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were \$1,658,572 as of June 30, 2009. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred shortly after the investment of new permanently restricted contributions and continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Board of Directors.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets.

Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the foundation must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of the consumer price index while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The foundation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average annual rate of return of approximately 6 percent above the rate of

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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inflation. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 4.5 percent of each endowment fund's average balance for the last 12 quarters. In establishing this policy, the foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow. This is consistent with the foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

**Contingencies and Subsequent Event**

CDFI is involved in certain claims arising from normal business activities. A liability is recorded when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During the years ended June 30, 2009, and June 30, 2008, CDFI has been actively involved in a 2005 lawsuit related to the construction of student housing at the university. The plaintiff brought action against the developer of the student housing for breach of contract and other claims. The plaintiff filed a contractor's lien against CDFI's real property and sought permission to foreclose on its lien in this litigation. During the year ended June 30, 2008, Hamilton County Chancery court ruled that the plaintiff was entitled to approximately \$2.7 million plus post-judgment interest until the payment is made or the date of foreclosure. The Court also ruled that two of the student housing buildings are subject to foreclosure if the payment is not made. During July 2009, this litigation was settled with total payments to the plaintiff of \$2,976,630, which includes approximately \$107,000 to be paid from the LLC's cash balances. CDFI's accrued liability of \$2,874,500 at June 30, 2009, is sufficient to cover the remainder of the settlement.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

**Natural Classifications With Functional Classifications**

The foundation's operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Functional Classification	<u>Natural Classification</u>				<u>Total</u>
	Utilities, Supplies, and Other Services	Payments to or on Behalf of UT	<u>Depreciation</u>		
Academic programs	\$ -	\$1,450,464	\$ -		\$ 1,450,464
Professorships	-	650,379	-		650,379
Faculty development	-	162,883	-		162,883
Scholarships	-	2,105,286	-		2,105,286
Chancellor's discretionary	-	71,720	-		71,720
Other	-	3,741,608	-		3,741,608
Rental expenses	3,578,508	-	-		3,578,508
Administrative and investment fees	303,274	-	-		303,274
Legal	473,792	-	-		473,792
Tax and audit	31,339	-	-		31,339
Depreciation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,199,211</u>		<u>3,199,211</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$4,386,913</u>	<u>\$8,182,340</u>	<u>\$3,199,211</u>		<u>\$15,768,464</u>

**NOTE 23. COMPONENT UNIT – UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE FOUNDATION**

The University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc., is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Reporting for Non-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from revenue recognition criteria and presentation features as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements of this foundation have been reformatted into a GASB format and are reported in a separate column to the right of the university's statements.

The University of Tennessee Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization supporting the University of Tennessee. The foundation acts as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the university in support of its programs. The foundation has 13 active board members and two ex-officio members. The board of the foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the university. Although the university does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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the university by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the university, the foundation is considered a component unit of the university and is discretely presented in the university's financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the foundation expended \$6,485,914.99 to or on behalf of the university for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the foundation can be obtained from the University of Tennessee Foundation, Suite 100, UT Conference Center Building, 600 Henley Street, Knoxville, TN 37996.

**Organization and Nature of Activities**

The University of Tennessee Foundation, Inc., is a not-for-profit organization exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the *Internal Revenue Code*. The foundation was formed to support the University of Tennessee. The foundation was established to provide flexibility for the university in carrying out its mission of teaching, research, and public service. The foundation receives contributions from individuals, corporations, alumni, and other donors.

**Pledges Receivable**

Pledges receivable (reported as accounts, notes, and grants receivable on the statement of net assets) are summarized below net of the allowance for doubtful accounts:

	Temporarily <u>Restricted</u>	Permanently <u>Restricted</u>
Current pledges	\$ 1,385,803.98	\$ 101,380.16
Pledges due in one to five years	34,871,980.91	3,625,842.91
Pledges due after five years	<u>17,420,513.21</u>	<u>1,534,194.17</u>
	53,678,298.10	5,261,417.24
Less discounts to net present value	<u>(4,906,458.75)</u>	<u>(450,577.03)</u>
Total pledges receivable, net	<u>\$48,771,839.35</u>	<u>\$4,810,840.21</u>

The allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2009, was \$111,237.07.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

**Investments and Assets Held by the University of Tennessee**

Investments held at June 30, 2009, were as follows:

	<u>Market Value</u>	<u>Cost Basis</u>
<u>Assets Held by the University of Tennessee</u>		
U.S. equity	\$ 3,376,387.42	\$ 4,289,087.56
International equity	2,753,277.29	3,497,539.21
Fixed income	2,506,931.42	3,184,601.50
Alternative investments:		
Private equity	1,622,984.50	2,061,707.33
Natural resources	1,289,693.04	1,638,321.00
Real estate	666,582.92	846,772.65
Other alternative investments	<u>2,275,076.49</u>	<u>2,890,071.88</u>
Total assets held by university	<u>14,490,933.08</u>	<u>18,408,101.13</u>
<u>Gift Annuity</u>		
Equities	676,919.98	879,780.26
Fixed income	369,582.43	376,654.00
Cash equivalents	<u>36,782.77</u>	<u>36,782.77</u>
	<u>1,083,285.18</u>	<u>1,293,217.03</u>
Other investments	<u>6,001.86</u>	<u>5,882.25</u>
Total	<u>\$15,580,220.12</u>	<u>\$19,707,200.41</u>

Also reported as investments on the statement of net assets are other gift assets totaling \$17,362,075.62, including remainder interests of \$16,646,675.62 as described herein.

At June 30, 2009, the fair values of alternative investments are based on valuations for which a readily determinable fair value does not exist. These investments are not listed on national exchanges or over-the-counter markets, and quoted market prices are not available. The fair value of these investments is estimated based on a review of all available information provided by fund managers and general partners. These estimates are evaluated on a regular basis and are susceptible to revisions as more information becomes available.

**Endowments**

All foundation endowments are invested in the University of Tennessee Consolidated Investment Pool. The endowments are invested according to the policies of the

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

university. Investment pool earnings for the foundation endowments are provided to the university to be used as stipulated in the endowment agreements. The book value and market value for the endowments invested were \$18,408,101.13 and \$14,490,933.08, which resulted in a cumulative unrealized loss of \$3,917,168.05. All endowments at the foundation are donor restricted. Endowment pool earnings transferred to the university were \$820,854.69 for fiscal year 2009.

The foundation has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result, the foundation classifies permanently restricted net assets as (1) the original value of gifts to the endowment, (2) the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, (3) accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the gift instrument, and (4) the endowment is vested in the university's Consolidated Investment Pool. Other endowments that are not classified as permanently restricted are classified as temporarily restricted net assets. Below is a schedule of endowments by fund type. Due to the GASB reformatting, temporarily restricted net assets are reported as expendable restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets are reported as nonexpendable restricted net assets on the statement of net assets.

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Permanently Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Beginning balance	\$ -	\$1,034,120.79	\$13,799,228.25	\$14,833,349.04
Contributions pooled	-	392,865.64	3,684,728.89	4,077,594.53
Investment earnings	-	63,113.77	825,469.95	888,583.72
Market value adjustment	(3,917,168.05)	-	-	(3,917,168.05)
Contributions not pooled	-	-	(10,000.00)	(10,000.00)
Disbursements	-	-	(820,854.69)	(820,854.69)
Transfer	-	(93,474.18)	(467,097.29)	(560,571.47)
Ending balance	<u>\$(3,917,168.05)</u>	<u>\$ 1,396,626.02</u>	<u>\$17,011,475.11</u>	<u>\$14,490,933.08</u>

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were \$3,917,168.05 at June 30, 2009. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred shortly after the investment of new permanently restricted contributions and continued appropriation for certain programs that were deemed prudent.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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The foundation uses the university's spending policy. The university calculates its spending policy by taking 5% of a three year market average each December 31.

The university's overall, long-term investment objective of the Consolidated Investment Pool (CIP) is to achieve an annualized total return (net of fees and expenses), through appreciation and income, greater than the rate of inflation (as measured by the broad, domestic Consumer Price Index) plus any spending, thus protecting the assets against inflation.

The assets are to be managed in a manner that will meet the long-term investment objective, while at the same time attempting to limit the volatility in year-to-year spending.

The university's Investment Advisory Committee believes that investing in securities with higher return expectations outweighs their short-term volatility risk. As a result, the majority of assets will be invested in equity or equity-like securities. Fixed income securities and other low volatility strategies (e.g. absolute return hedge funds) will be used to lower the short-term volatility of the portfolio and to provide stability, especially during periods of negative equity markets. Cash is not a strategic asset of the portfolio, but is a residual to the investment process and used to meet short-term liquidity needs.

Disciplined management of the asset allocation is necessary and desirable. Diversification of investments among assets that are not similarly affected by economic, political, or social developments is highly desirable. The general policy shall be to diversify investments so as to provide a balance that will enhance total return, while avoiding undue risk concentrations in any single asset or investment category. To ensure broad diversification, the asset allocation will be set with the following target percentages and within the following ranges:

<u>Asset Category</u>	<u>Target</u>	<u>Range</u>
U.S. equity	25%	15-40%
International equity	20%	10-30%
Fixed income	13%	10-30%
Private equity	12%	0-15%
Natural resources	8%	0-15%
Real estate	7%	0-15%
Other alternative investments	15%	0-20%

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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Investment Type

See above for target allocations. Actual allocations were as follows at June 30, 2009.

U.S. equity	23.3%
International equity	19.0%
Fixed income	17.3%
Private equity	11.2%
Natural resources	8.9%
Real estate	4.6%
Other alternative investments	15.7%

**Fair Value Measures**

As of July 1, 2008, the foundation adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements.

SFAS 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value and a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the inputs to value the assets and liabilities. The classification of assets and liabilities within the hierarchy is based on whether the inputs to the valuation methodology used for measurement are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market-derived or market-based information obtained from independent sources while unobservable inputs reflect estimates about market data based on the best available information in the circumstances. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the foundation has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect management’s assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Investments	\$7,436,062.90	\$2,289,820.27	\$5,854,336.95	\$15,580,220.12

The table below presents additional information about assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by reliance on Level 3 inputs to determine fair value.

Beginning balance	\$7,276,389.56
Total realized and unrealized gains and losses included in earnings	(1,931,383.44)
Purchases, issuances, and settlements	<u>509,330.83</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$5,854,336.95</u>

**Mortgage Note Payable**

The foundation was gifted property in Weakley and Obion counties in Tennessee. The property and its contents were appraised at \$376,000.00 with an attached mortgage note of \$259,330.41. The property will be used and overseen by the University of Tennessee at Martin. Payment on the note, which began in January 2006, is \$2,000.00 per month with the note maturing in December 2020. The note has a 4.68% interest rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the note principal was reduced by \$13,729.99 with an additional \$10,270.01 of interest being paid. The balance of the note payable at June 30, 2009, was \$211,954.45. Future maturities of this note are as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2010	\$ 14,386.52
2011	15,074.44
2012	15,795.25
2013	16,550.54
2014	17,341.93
2015 – 2019	99,970.25
2020 – 2021	<u>32,835.52</u>
Total	<u>\$ 211,954.45</u>

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**Concentration of Credit Risk**

The foundation had concentrated its credit risk for cash by maintaining deposits at a bank, which may at times exceed amounts covered by insurance provided by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). No amount was at risk at June 30, 2009. The foundation has not experienced any such losses in this account and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk to cash.

**Remainder Interest**

The amounts described below are reported as investments on the statement of net assets.

In December 2002, a donor conveyed to the foundation a remainder interest in a limited liability company. The asset of the limited liability company is a fee simple interest in a warehouse in South Carolina. The remainder interest was appraised at \$7,740,000.00 with the interest vesting on January 1, 2021. The value on the foundation's statement of financial position will be the present value calculation until the vesting date. The IRS discount rate for December 2002 used in determining the present value was 4%. The present value of the remainder interest at June 30, 2009, was \$4,930,120.78.

In September 2003, a donor conveyed to the foundation another remainder interest in a limited liability company. The asset of this limited liability company is an office building in Connecticut. The remainder interest was appraised at \$22,440,000.00 with the interest vesting on January 1, 2025. The value on the foundation's statement of financial position will be the present value calculation until the vesting date. The IRS discount rate for September 2003 was 4.20%. The present value at June 30, 2009, was \$11,716,554.84.

**The University of Tennessee**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont.)**  
**June 30, 2009**

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**Natural Classifications With Functional Classifications**

The foundation's operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2009, are as follows:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Natural Classification</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Utilities, Supplies, and Other <u>Services</u>	Payments to or on Behalf of <u>UT</u>	
Program expenses	\$1,584,830.78	\$6,370,983.84	\$ 7,955,814.62
General and administrative	<u>243,212.18</u>	<u>114,931.15</u>	<u>358,143.33</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$1,828,042.96</u>	<u>\$6,485,914.99</u>	<u>\$8,313,957.95</u>

**University of Tennessee**  
**Required Supplementary Information**  
**OPEB Schedule of Funding Progress**  
**Unaudited**

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Actuarial Valuation Date	Plan	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
July 1, 2007	State Employee Group Plan	\$ -	\$294,669,000.00	\$294,669,000.00	0%	\$616,687,517.00	47.8%