

ANNUAL REPORT

Broadband Plans & Operations as of June 30, 2023

February 1, 2024

Jason E. Mumpower Comptroller of the Treasury



DIVISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE



Report on Broadband Plans and Operations

Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 7-36-107 et seq. and 7-52-601 et al. *Comptroller Review of Broadband Plans* As of June 30, 2023

Statutory Requirement

Pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 7-36-107 and 7-52-601, a municipal energy authority, county, metropolitan government, or incorporated city or town operating an electric plant has the power, with certain limitations, to operate a **broadband** system. These local governments must develop a detailed **business plan** as described in Tenn. Code Ann. § 7-52-602 that is subject to review by the Comptroller's Division of Local Government Finance (LGF). Once a complete plan is submitted, LGF has 60 days to review the plan and present the local government with a report on the plan's feasibility. After the report is presented to the governing body, or after the expiration of the 60-day period, the governing body may proceed with the actions described in statute to approve and initiate the plan.

Key Terms

broadband – as pertaining to this report—the provision of services offered under Title 7, Chapter 52, Part 6, including cable TV and internet service.

business plan – a financial plan containing: a detailed explanation of the services to be provided; proforma financial schedules for proposed system; proposed financing; rate structure; and statistically relevant survey results to support assumptions in the plan, including prospective broadband customers of the electric system residing in the service area.

feasible – a determination that the **business plan**, as presented, is expected to have revenues sufficient to cover expenses and remain cash flow positive.

take rate – is the percentage of electric customers that subscribe to the broadband service. The take rate is a key determinate in projecting the success of a broadband system.

History and Purpose

Tennessee's General Assembly passed legislation in 1999 allowing county, metropolitan, and municipal electric systems to provide **broadband** services to its customers. Later, municipal energy authorities were given this same authority. Pursuant to the 1999 legislation, in 2005, the Comptroller of the Treasury evaluated and reported on the operations of the new systems to the state legislature and recommended that the authority to provide **broadband** services continue. In accord with subsequent



legislation, in 2008 the Comptroller of the Treasury reported to state legislators on a pilot project initiated to determine the feasibility of extending **broadband** services beyond a local government's service area. In the 2008 report, the Comptroller recommended no changes to the existing statutory authority.

Before a local government provides **broadband** services, state law requires that local officials prepare a **business plan** that demonstrates their ability to operate a standalone **broadband** system without subsidies from the electric system. The Comptroller's Local Government Finance division is charged with determining if the **business plan** presented is **feasible** and in compliance with state law. Additional information may be found at: <u>https://comptroller.tn.gov/office-functions/lgf/resources/broadband.html</u>.

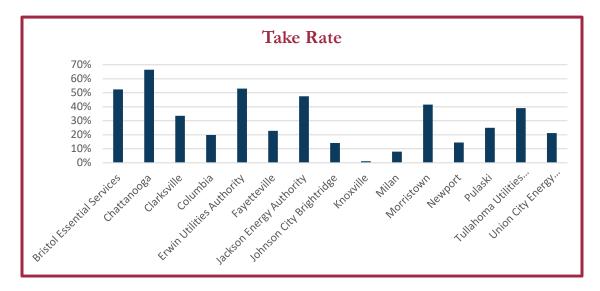
As summarized below, as of June 30, 2023, the Comptroller's Office had reviewed 28 plans for 26 local governments since the law took effect in 1999.

| | Feasible | Not able to Determine | Not Feasible | Total Plans |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Comptroller Reviews | 24 | 4 | 0 | 28 |

Of the 26 local governments that submitted **business plans** to our office, 16 were providing broadband services, five were building out infrastructure, four did not move forward with providing broadband services, and one sold their system to a private company as of June 30, 2023 (See Appendix B).

Take Rate Summary

The **take rate** represents the percentage of electric customers that will subscribe to the broadband service and is a key determining factor of the feasibility of a proposed **business plan**. In the **business plan**, the percentage is based upon feedback from customer surveys and can take several years to realize once the system is in operation. For example, the lowest take rates in the following chart represent newer systems that began operations in the past few years.

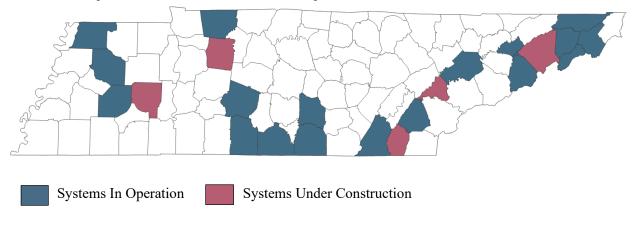




The above **take rates** are for the 15 systems that reported a customer base of more than 100 in the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Note: Athens had a total of 21 customers as of June 30, 2023, with a **take rate** of 0.15% and is excluded from the chart due to scale.

Map of Local Governments Providing Broadband Services

The following map depicts counties where broadband services were being offered or where broadband infrastructure was being built out by local governments as of June 30, 2023. Twenty-three counites are represented, with the highest concentration in the state's eastern division. Some of the systems serve more than one county.



Financial Overview of Broadband Systems

As of June 30, 2023, there were 21 local government-run broadband systems in Tennessee, with 16 in operation and five building out infrastructure. The Comptroller's Local Government Finance division monitors the finances of these systems each year and compiles financial and customer data from the most recent audit for review and analysis. This information is included in Appendix A and is taken from fiscal year 2023 audits. Copies of the audits can be found at: <u>https://comptroller.tn.gov/advanced-search</u>. The five systems that had not started operations as of June 30, 2023, were the: City of Cleveland, City of Dickson, Greeneville Energy Authority, City of Lenoir City, and City of Lexington. These local governments have been excluded from the financial overview found in Appendix A.



Local Government Broadband Systems in Operation as of June 30, 2023

Appendix A

| Bristol Essential | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Athens | Services | Chattanooga | Clarksville | Columbia | | | | |
| First Full Year of Operation FY 2018 | | FY 2007 | FY 2005 | FY 2009 | FY 2004 | | | | |
| Comptroller Plan Review Status | Feasible | Feasible | Feasible | Feasible | Feasible | | | | |
| Electric Customers | 13,854 | 34,043 | 194,119 | 81,993 | 34,963 | | | | |
| Broadband Customers | 21 | 17,844 | 129,000 | 27,476 | 6,944 | | | | |
| Take Rate | 0.2% | 52.4% | 66.5% | 33.5% | 19.9% | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 163,156 | \$ 25,845,764 | \$ 169,068,000 | \$ 29,522,334 | \$ 9,332,866 | | | | |
| Expenses | 89,051 | 32,172,277 | 146,001,000 | 26,456,653 | 7,660,305 | | | | |
| Operating Income | 74,105 | (6,326,513) | 23,067,000 | 3,065,681 | 1,672,561 | | | | |
| Other Income | 1,428 | 512,356 | 3,384,000 | 268,551 | (28,805) | | | | |
| Income Before Contributions | 75,533 | (5,814,157) | 26,451,000 | 3,334,232 | 1,643,756 | | | | |
| Contributions and Transfers | 62,500 | (45,415) | (144,000) | (88,527) | 4,468 | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 138,033 | \$ (5,859,572) | \$ 26,307,000 | \$ 3,245,705 | \$ 1,648,224 | | | | |
| Beginning Net Position | - \$ 422,418 | \$ 35,284,655 | \$ 183,202,000 | \$ 15,075,026 | \$ 5,417,915 | | | | |
| Ending Net Position | 560,451 | | 209,509,000 | 18,320,731 | 7,066,139 | | | | |
| Change in Net Position as a % Revenues | 85% | -23% | 16% | 11% | 18% | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 339,642 | \$ 27,490,564 | \$ 90,426,000 | \$ 7,345,653 | \$ 1,411,453 | | | | |



Local Government Broadband Systems in Operation as of June 30, 2023

Appendix A

| First Full Year of Operation Comptroller Plan Review Status | Erwin Utilities Authority FY 2015 Feasible | Fayetteville FY 2002 Feasible | Jackson Energy Authority FY 2004 Feasible | Johnson City Brightridge FY 2019 Unable to Determine | Knoxville FY 2023 Feasible |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Electric Customers | 9,040 | 19,101 | 37,138 | 82,727 | 218,344 |
| Broadband Customers | 4,788 | 4,356 | 17,632 | 11,684 | 2,331 |
| Take Rate | 53.0% | , | | , | 1.1% |
| Revenues | \$ 3,726,126 | \$ 3,946,973 | \$ 35,164,212 | \$ 11,496,997 | \$ 879,506 |
| Expenses | 2,724,426 | | 33,435,860 | 13,649,507 | 9,495,651 |
| Operating Income | 1,001,700 | 1,303,830 | 1,728,352 | (2,152,510) | (8,616,145) |
| Other Income | 12,467 | 21,747 | (788,193) | 1,003,574 | (626,330) |
| Income Before Contributions | 1,014,167 | 1,325,577 | 940,159 | (1,148,936) | (9,242,475) |
| Contributions and Transfers | (12,538) | 52,049 | 19,010 | - | - |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 1,001,629 | \$ 1,377,626 | \$ 959,169 | \$ (1,148,936) | \$ (9,242,475) |
| Beginning Net Position Ending Net Position | \$ 2,446,788 3,448,417 | \$ 6,089,451 7,467,077 | \$ 19,517,630 20,476,799 | \$ (16,446,252) (17,595,188) | \$ (2,565,389) (11,807,864) |
| Change in Net Position as a % Revenues | 27% | 35% | 3% | -10% | -1051% |
| Cash | \$ 2,785,898 | \$ 1,128,626 | \$ 7,762,898 | \$ 7,762,898 | \$ 12,264,803 |



Local Government Broadband Systems in Operation as of June 30, 2023

Appendix A

| First Full Year of Operation Comptroller Plan Review Status | Milan FY 2020 Feasible | Morristown FY 2007 Feasible | Una | Newport FY 2019 ble to Determine | Pulaski FY 2007 Feasible | Tul | lahoma Utilities Authority FY 2010 Feasible | Uni | on City Energy Authority FY 2018 Feasible |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|--|--------------------------------|-----|--|-----|--|
| Electric Customers | 8,327 | 15,931 | | 23,706 | 15,005 | | 11,633 | | 6,434 |
| Broadband Customers | 658 | 6,619 | | 3,427 | 3,754 | | 4,542 | | 1,363 |
| Take Rate | 7.9% | 41.5% | | 14.5% | 25.0% | | 39.0% | | 21.2% |
| Revenues | \$ 611,366 | \$ 11,697,165 | \$ | 4,524,033 | \$ 3,980,510 | \$ | 7,127,723 | \$ | 1,440,529 |
| Expenses | 490,147 | 9,869,461 | | 3,852,553 | 3,121,692 | | 5,732,202 | | 641,955 |
| Operating Income | 121,219 | 1,827,704 | | 671,480 | 858,818 | | 1,395,521 | | 798,574 |
| Other Income | 1,108 | (24,225) | | (809) | (374) | | 183,462 | | 79,535 |
| Income Before Contributions | 122,327 | 1,803,479 | | 670,671 | 858,444 | | 1,578,983 | | 878,109 |
| Contributions and Transfers | (402) | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 121,925 | \$ 1,803,479 | \$ | 670,671 | \$ 858,444 | \$ | 1,578,983 | \$ | 878,109 |
| Beginning Net Position | \$ 513,017 | \$ 7,706,955 | \$ | (3,863,642) | \$ 2,205,573 | \$ | 6,476,981 | \$ | 1,968,983 |
| Ending Net Position | 634,942 | 9,510,434 | | (3,192,971) | 3,064,017 | | 8,055,964 | | 2,847,092 |
| Change in Net Position as a % Revenues | 20% | 15% | | 15% | 22% | | 22% | | 61% |
| Cash | \$ 544,743 | \$ 2,825,035 | \$ | 1,662,127 | \$ 3,437,285 | \$ | 6,392,643 | \$ | 2,604,515 |



Local Government Broadband System Plans Reviewed as of June 30, 2023

Appendix B

| | Local Government | Government County Comptroller Report Date | | Feasibility Determination | Status |
|-----|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. | Athens | McMinn | June 6, 2002 | feasible | providing service |
| 2. | Bolivar | Hardeman | October 29, 1999 | feasible | did not move forward |
| 3. | Bristol | Sullivan | October 7, 2004 | feasible | providing service |
| 4. | Chattanooga (internet services) | Hamilton | May 13, 2002 | feasible | providing service |
| 5. | Chattanooga (cable tv) | Hamilton | August 21, 2007 | feasible | providing service |
| 6. | Clarksville | Montgomery | January 11, 2006 | feasible | providing service |
| 7. | Cleveland | Bradley | November 18, 2022 | feasible | building out |
| 8. | Columbia | Maury | Information Not Availabl | 'e | providing service |
| 9. | Covington | Tipton | December 9, 1999 | feasible | sold 2007 |
| 10. | Dickson | Dickson | December 28, 2021 | feasible | building out |
| 11. | Erwin Utilities Authority | Unicoi | August 21, 2014 | feasible | providing service |
| 12. | Fayetteville | Lincoln | October 27, 1999 | feasible | providing service |
| 13. | Greeneville Energy Authority (city) | Greene | December 14, 2022 | could not determine | building out |
| 14. | Greeneville Energy Authority (rural) | Greene | June 21, 2023 | feasible | building out |
| 15. | Jackson Energy Authority | Madison | February 28, 2002 | feasible | providing service |
| 16. | Johnson City Energy Authority d/b/a BrightRidge | Washington, Sullivan, Carter | June 21, 2018 | could not determine | providing service |



Local Government Broadband System Plans Reviewed as of June 30, 2023

Appendix B (cont.)

| | Local Government | County | Comptroller Report Date | Feasibility Determination | Status |
|-----|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 17. | Knoxville | Knox | May 11, 2021 | feasible | providing service |
| 18. | Lenoir City | Loudon | December 17, 2021 | feasible | building out |
| 19. | Lexington | Henderson | February 18, 2022 | feasible | building out |
| 20. | Milan | Gibson | June 21, 2018 | feasible | providing service |
| 21. | Morristown | Hamblen | July 25, 2000 | feasible | providing service |
| 22. | Newport | Cocke | May 17, 2017 | could not determine could not determine | providing service |
| 23. | Paris | Henry | November 7, 2019 | | did not move forward |
| 24. | Pulaski | Giles | June 7, 2002 | feasible | providing service |
| 25. | Springfield | Robertson | March 20, 2002 | feasible | did not move forward |
| 26. | Tullahoma (plan resubmitted) | Franklin, Coffee | March 5, 2007 | feasible | providing service |
| 27. | Union City | Obion | August 15, 2016 | feasible | providing service |
| 28. | Winchester | Franklin | May 6, 2004 | feasible | did not move forward |